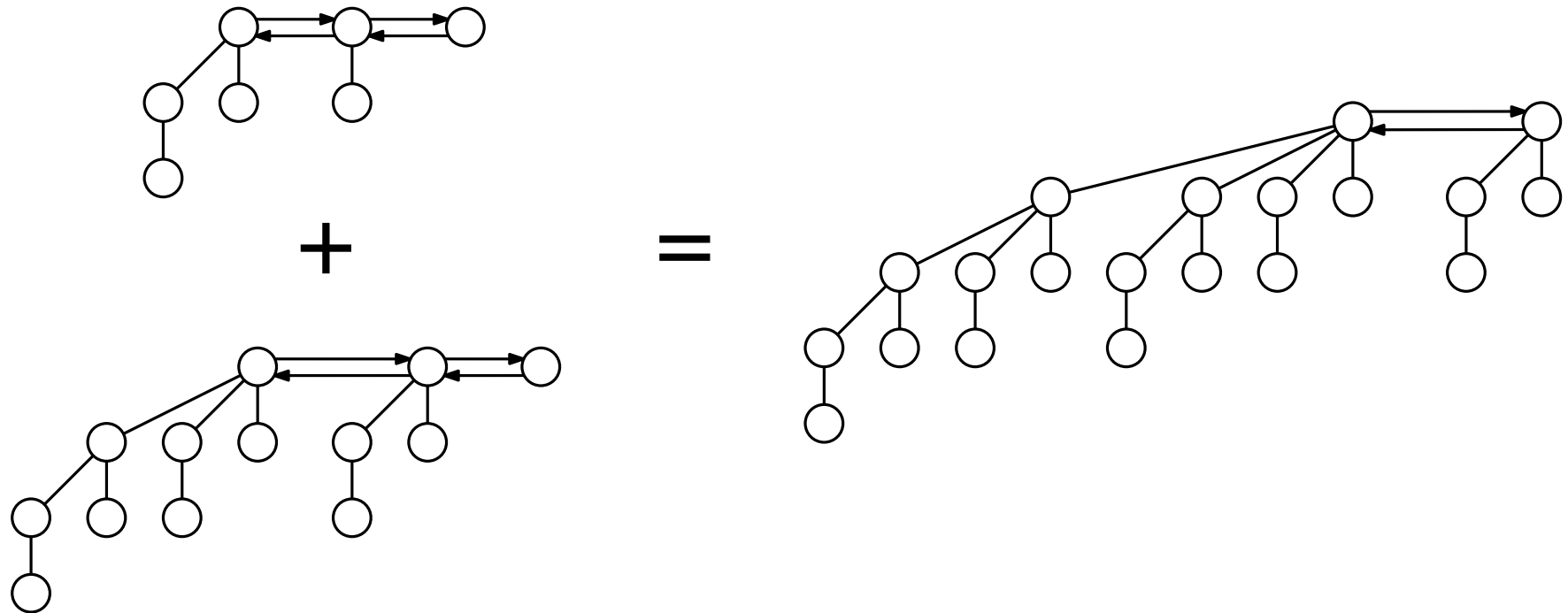




# ICS 621: Analysis of Algorithms

Prof. Nodari Sitchinava



## Mergeable Priority Queues: Binomial Heaps

# Priority Queue

PQ Abstract Data Type (ADT):

- MAKE()
- INSERT( $Q, x$ )
- MINIMUM( $Q$ )
- EXTRACT-MIN( $Q$ )
- DECREASE-KEY( $Q, x, k$ )
- DELETE( $Q, x$ )

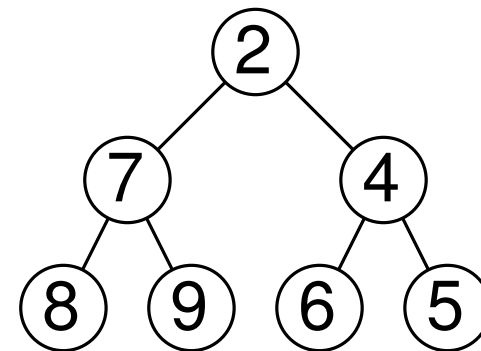
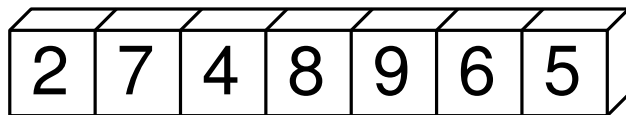
# Priority Queue

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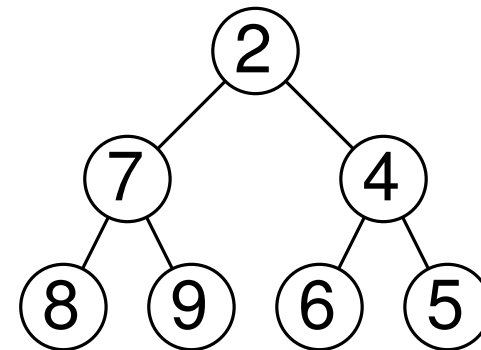
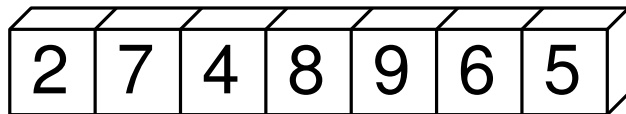
# Binary Heap (from ICS 311)

- MAKE()
- INSERT( $Q, x$ )
- MINIMUM( $Q$ )
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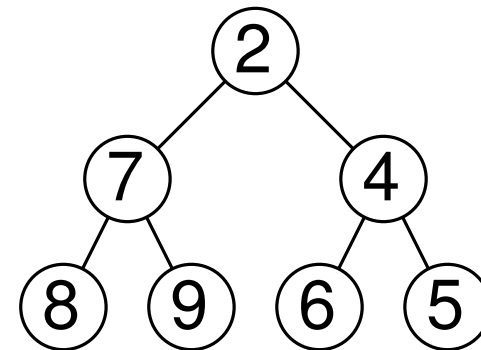
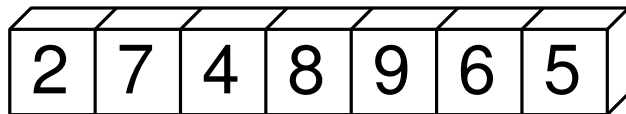
# Binary Heap (from ICS 311)

- MAKE()  $O(1)$
- INSERT( $Q, x$ )  $O(\log n)$
- MINIMUM( $Q$ )  $O(1)$
- EXTRACT-MIN( $Q$ )  $O(\log n)$
- DECREASE-KEY( $Q, x, k$ )  $O(\log n)$
- DELETE( $Q, x$ )  $O(\log n)$
  
- UNION( $Q_1, Q_2$ )



# Binary Heap (from ICS 311)

- MAKE()  $O(1)$
- INSERT( $Q, x$ )  $O(\log n)$
- MINIMUM( $Q$ )  $O(1)$
- EXTRACT-MIN( $Q$ )  $O(\log n)$
- DECREASE-KEY( $Q, x, k$ )  $O(\log n)$
- DELETE( $Q, x$ )  $O(\log n)$
  
- UNION( $Q_1, Q_2$ )  $O(n)$



# Today: Binomial Heap

- MAKE()
- INSERT( $Q, x$ )
- MINIMUM( $Q$ )
- EXTRACT-MIN( $Q$ )
- DECREASE-KEY( $Q, x, k$ )
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# Today: Binomial Heap

- MAKE()
- INSERT( $Q, x$ )
- MINIMUM( $Q$ )
- EXTRACT-MIN( $Q$ )
- DECREASE-KEY( $Q, x, k$ )
- DELETE( $Q, x$ )
  
- UNION( $Q_1, Q_2$ )

Standard

$O(1)$   
 ~~$O(\log n)$~~   $O(1)^*$   
 $O(1)$   
 $O(\log n)$   
 $O(\log n)$   
 $O(\log n)$   
  
 ~~$O(n)$~~   $O(\log n)$

\* Amortized cost



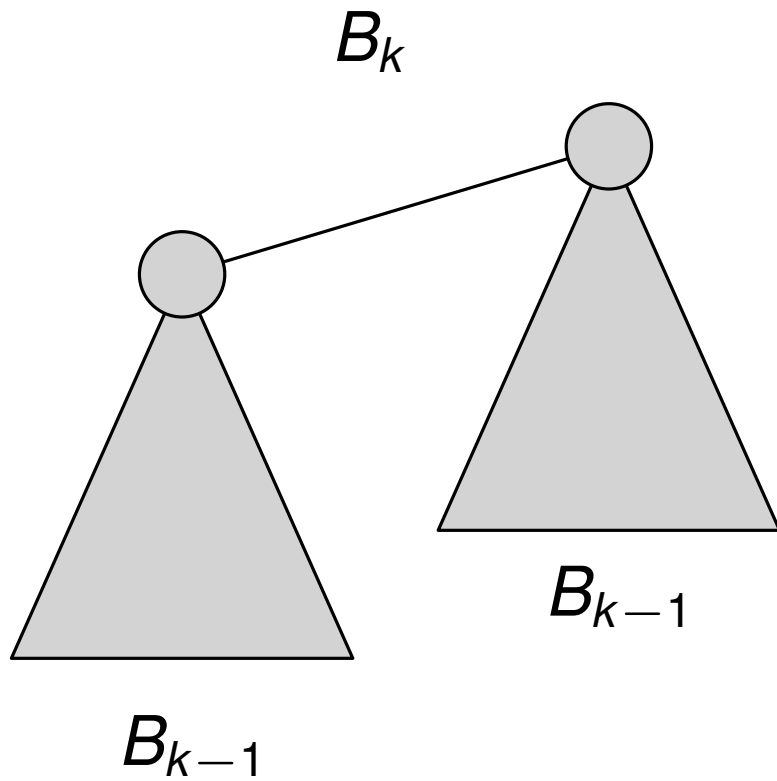
# Today: Binomial Heap

- MAKE()
- INSERT( $Q, x$ )
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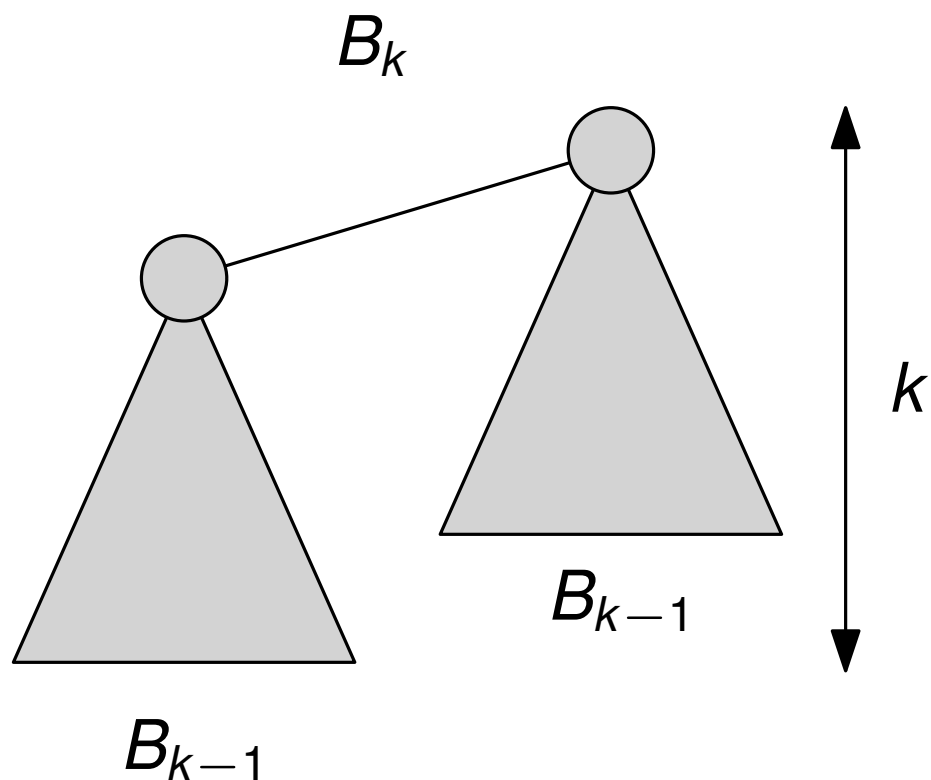
	Standard		Lazy
	$O(1)$		
	<del><math>O(\log n)</math></del>	$O(1)^*$	$O(1)$
	$O(1)$		$O(1)$
	$O(\log n)$		$O(\log n)^*$
	$O(\log n)$		
	$O(\log n)$		$O(\log n)^*$
	<del><math>O(n)</math></del>	$O(\log n)$	$O(1)$

\* Amortized cost

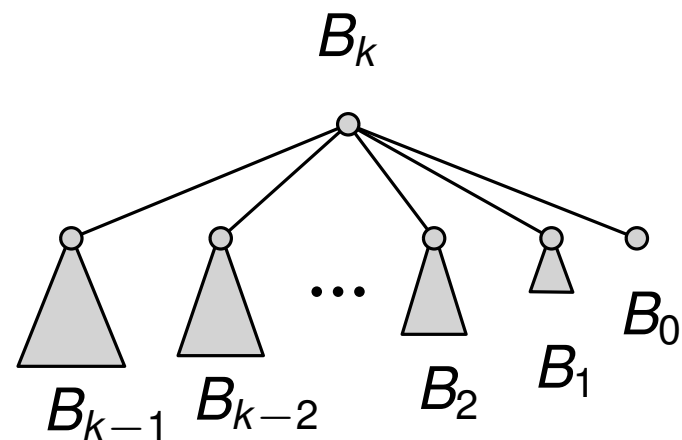
# Reminder: Binomial Tree



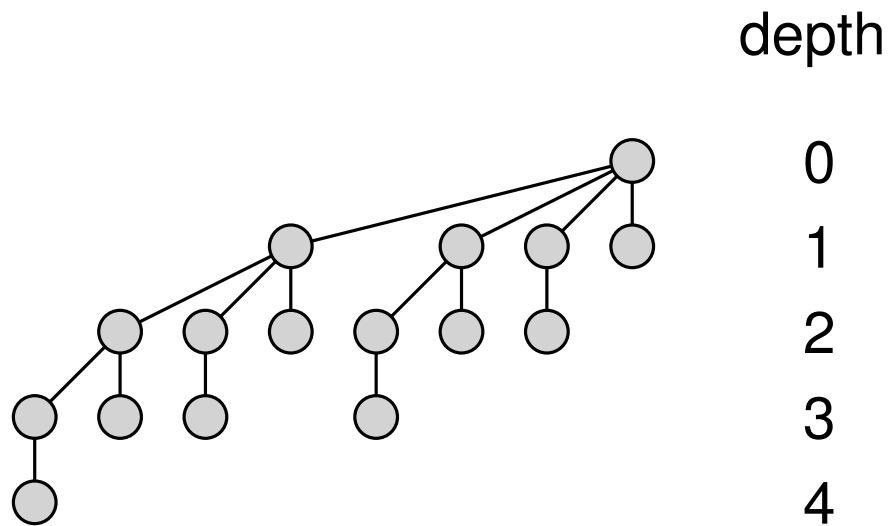
# Reminder: Binomial Tree



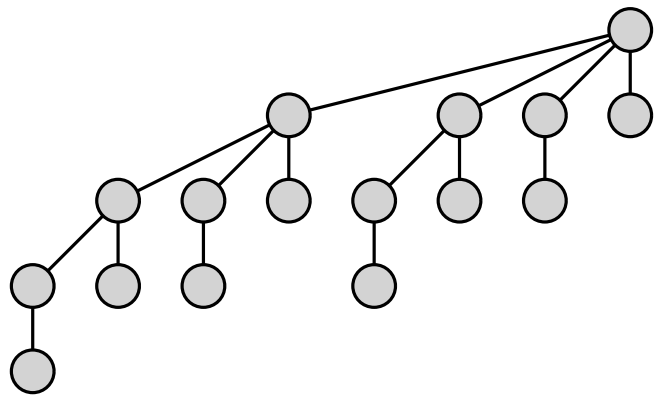
1. *size* =  $2^k$  nodes
2. *height* =  $k$
3.  $\binom{k}{i}$  nodes at depth  $i$
4. *degree*(root) =  $k$



# Tree representation

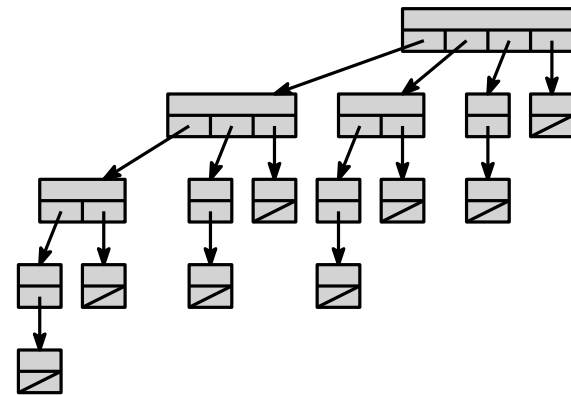


# Tree representation

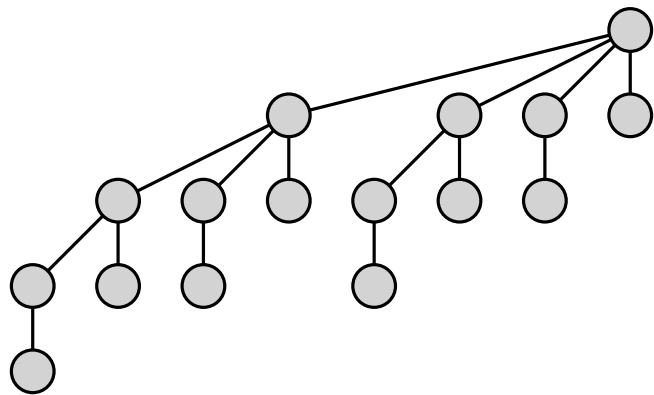


depth

0  
1  
2  
3  
4

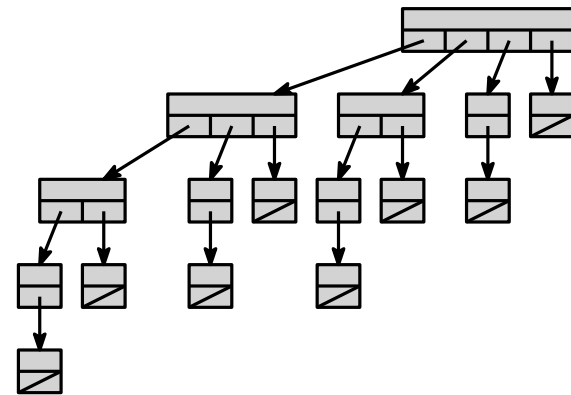


# Tree representation



depth

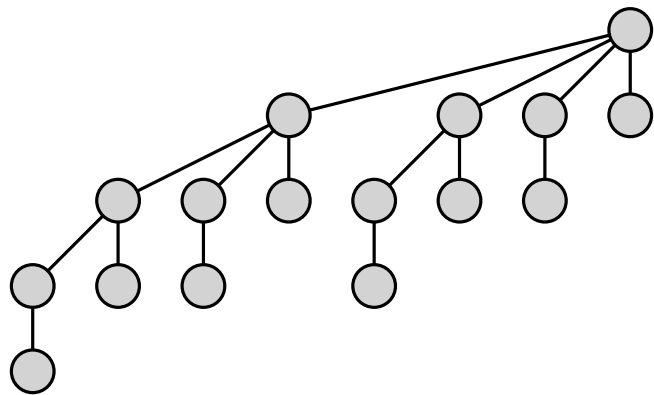
0  
1  
2  
3  
4



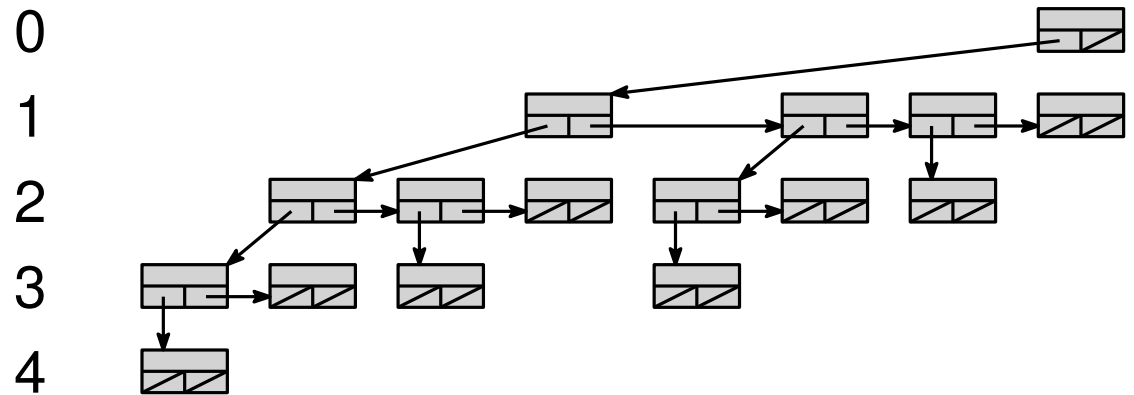
Variable number of children  
at each node!

# Tree representation

## Left child, right sibling representation

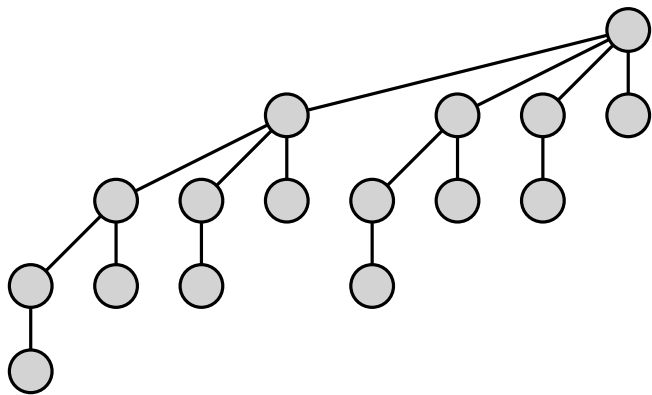


depth

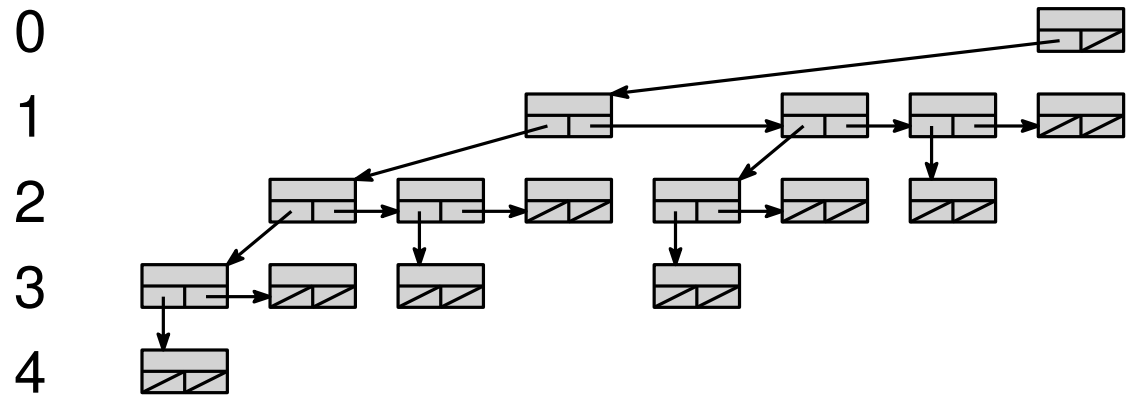


# Tree representation

Left child, right sibling representation



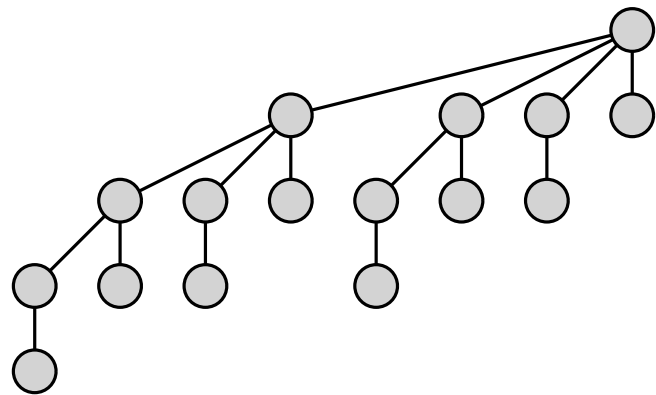
depth



Each node is identical



# Tree representation



Left child, right sibling representation

- add parent pointers

depth

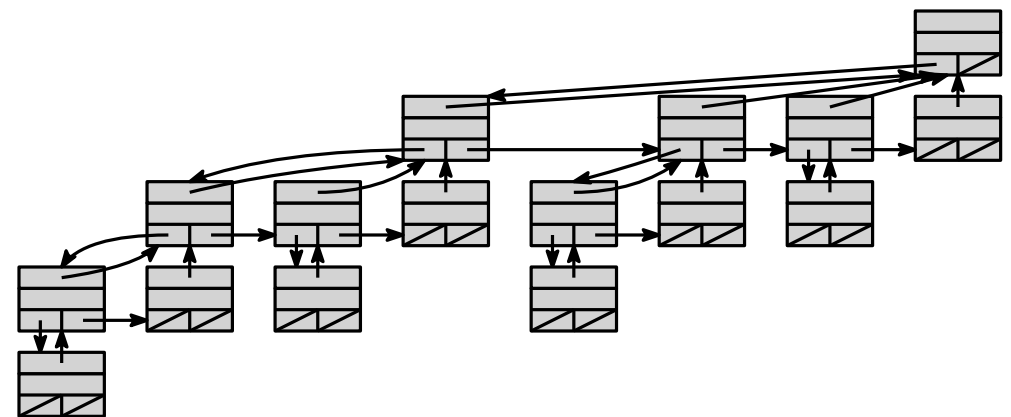
0

1

2

3

4



Each node is identical

# Binomial heap

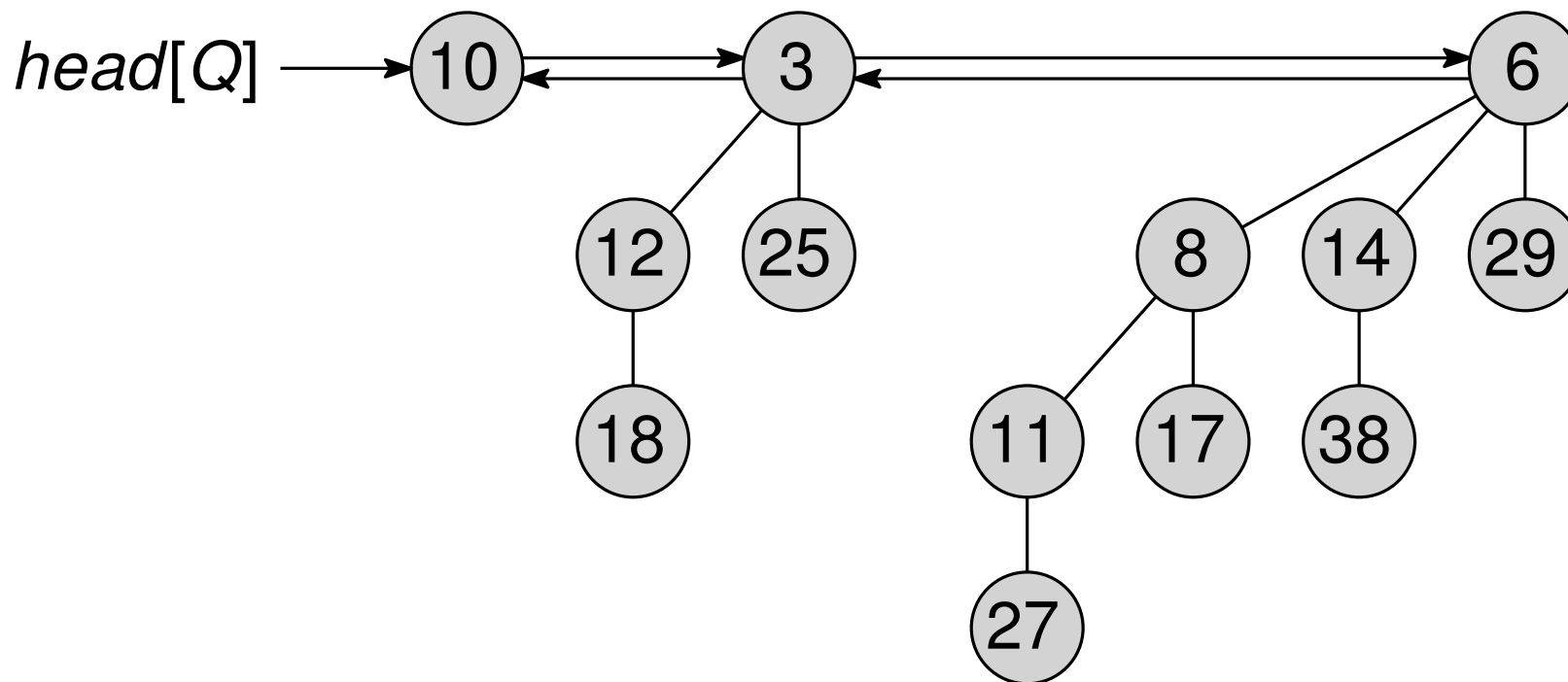
Collection of heap-ordered binomial trees:

- Each tree is heap-ordered
- At most **one** tree  $B_k$ , for  $k = 0, 1, 2, \dots, \lfloor \log n \rfloor$

# Binomial heap

Collection of heap-ordered binomial trees:

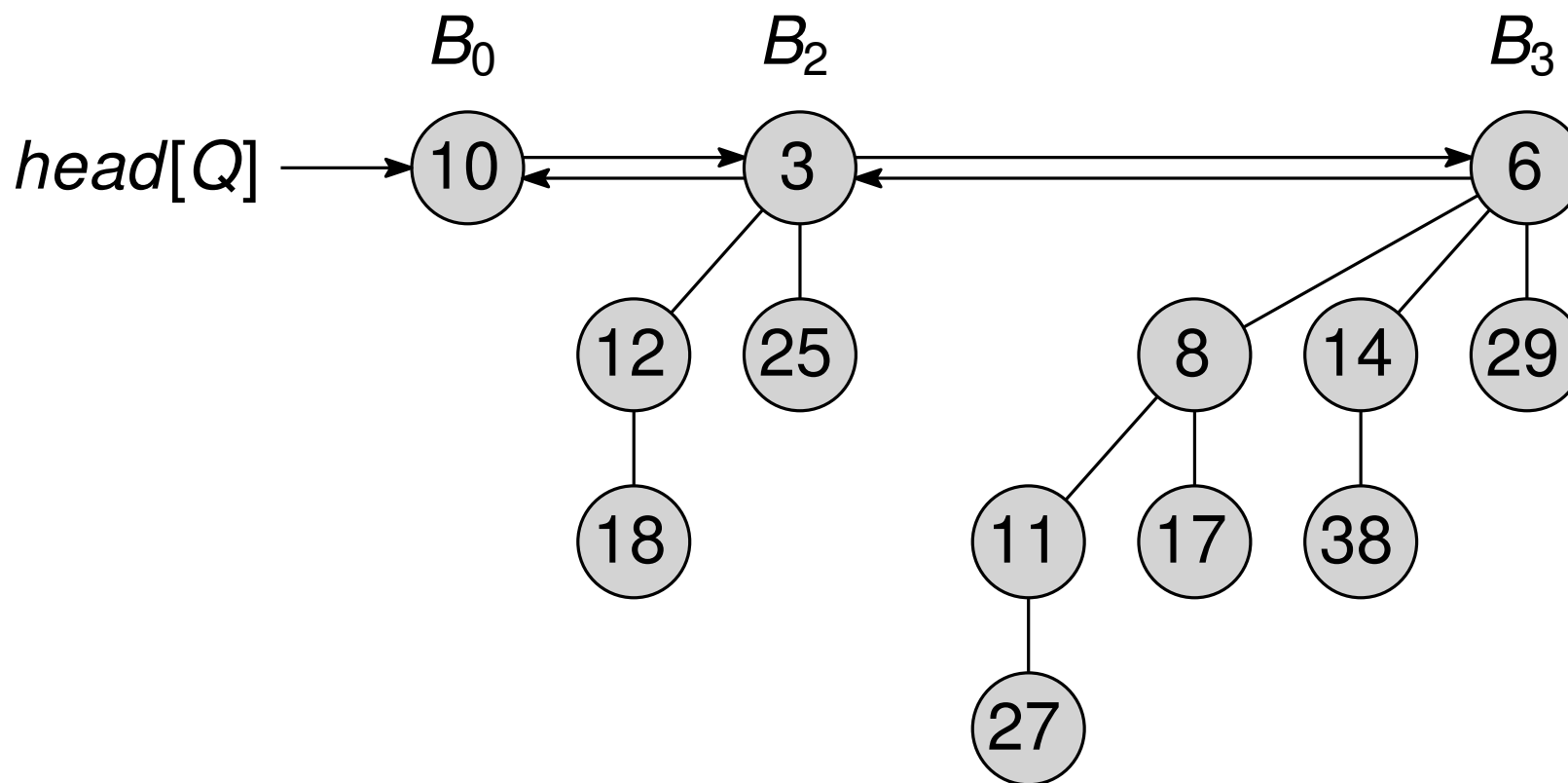
- Each tree is heap-ordered
- At most **one** tree  $B_k$ , for  $k = 0, 1, 2, \dots, \lfloor \log n \rfloor$



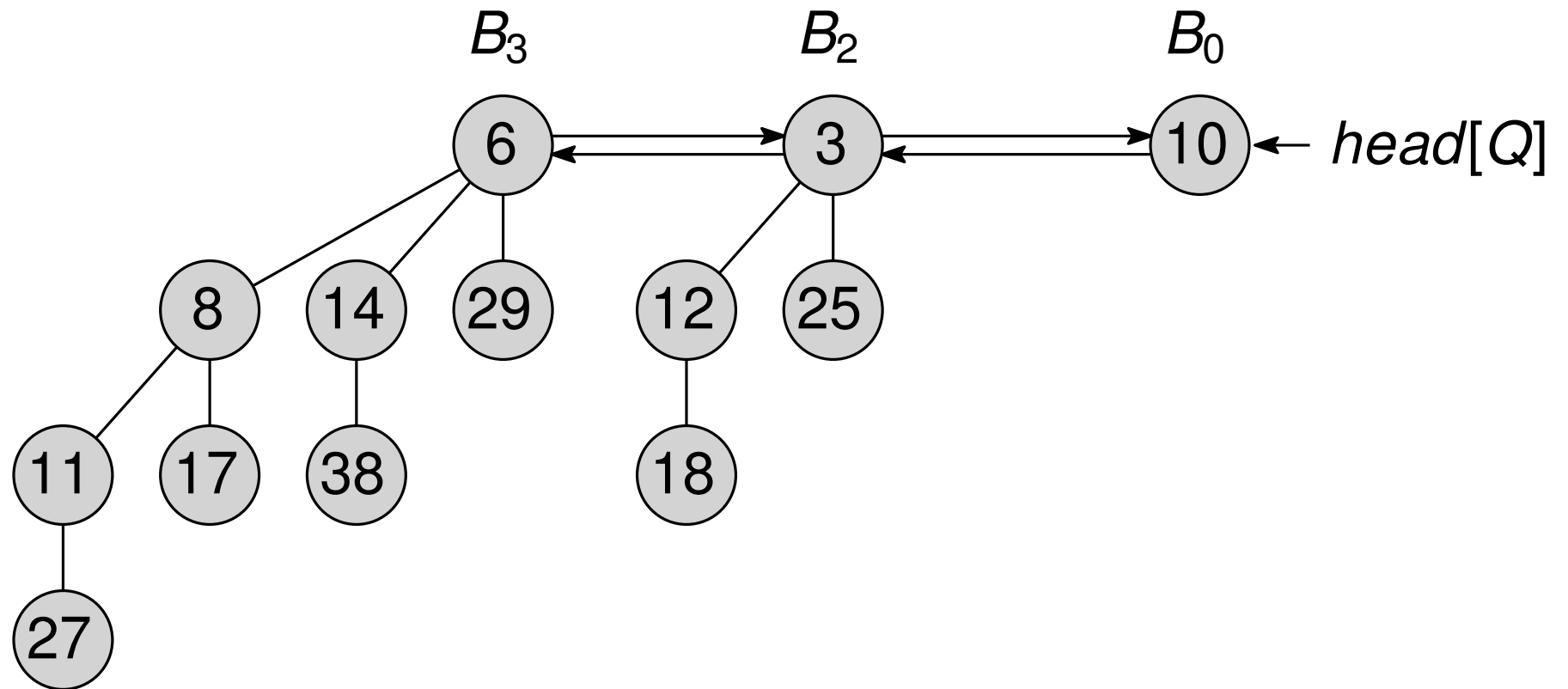
# Binomial heap

Collection of heap-ordered binomial trees:

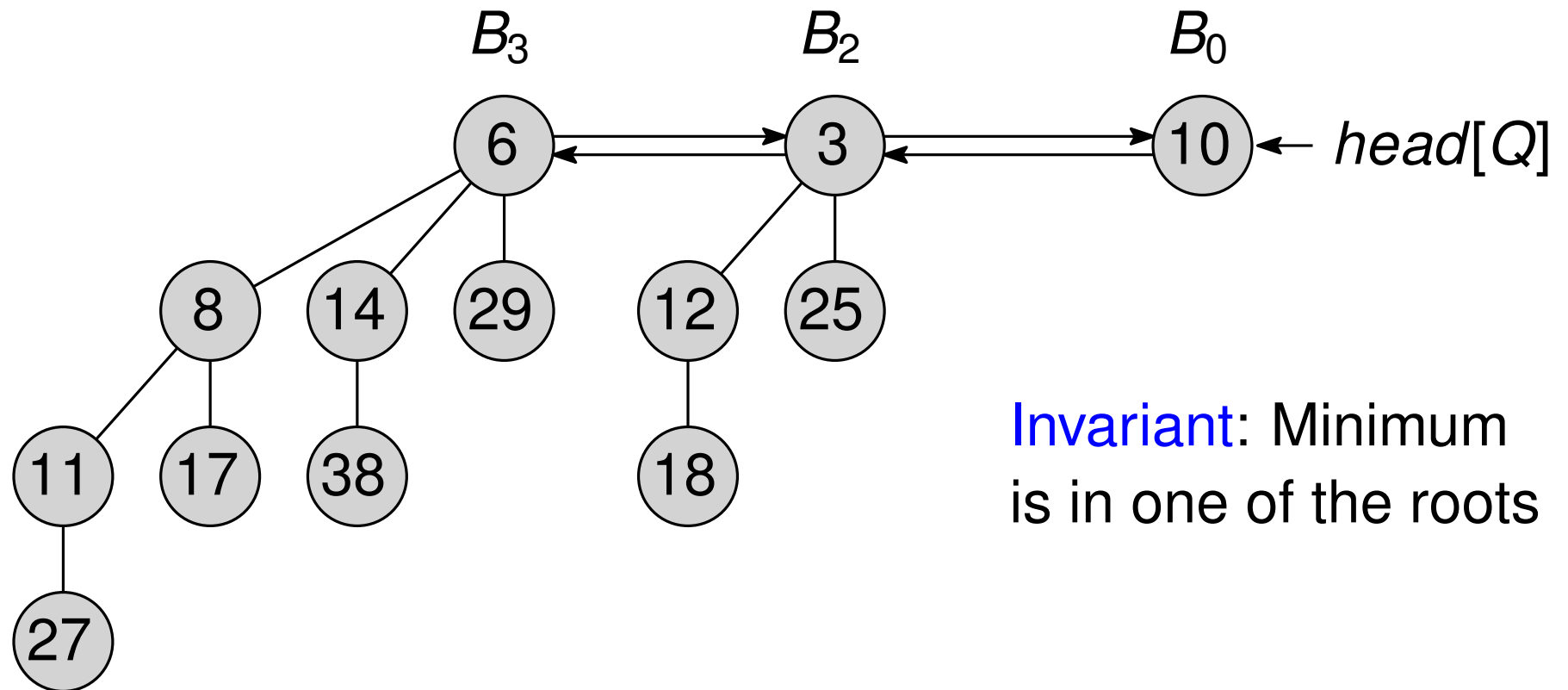
- Each tree is heap-ordered
- At most **one** tree  $B_k$ , for  $k = 0, 1, 2, \dots, \lfloor \log n \rfloor$



# MINIMUM( $Q$ )

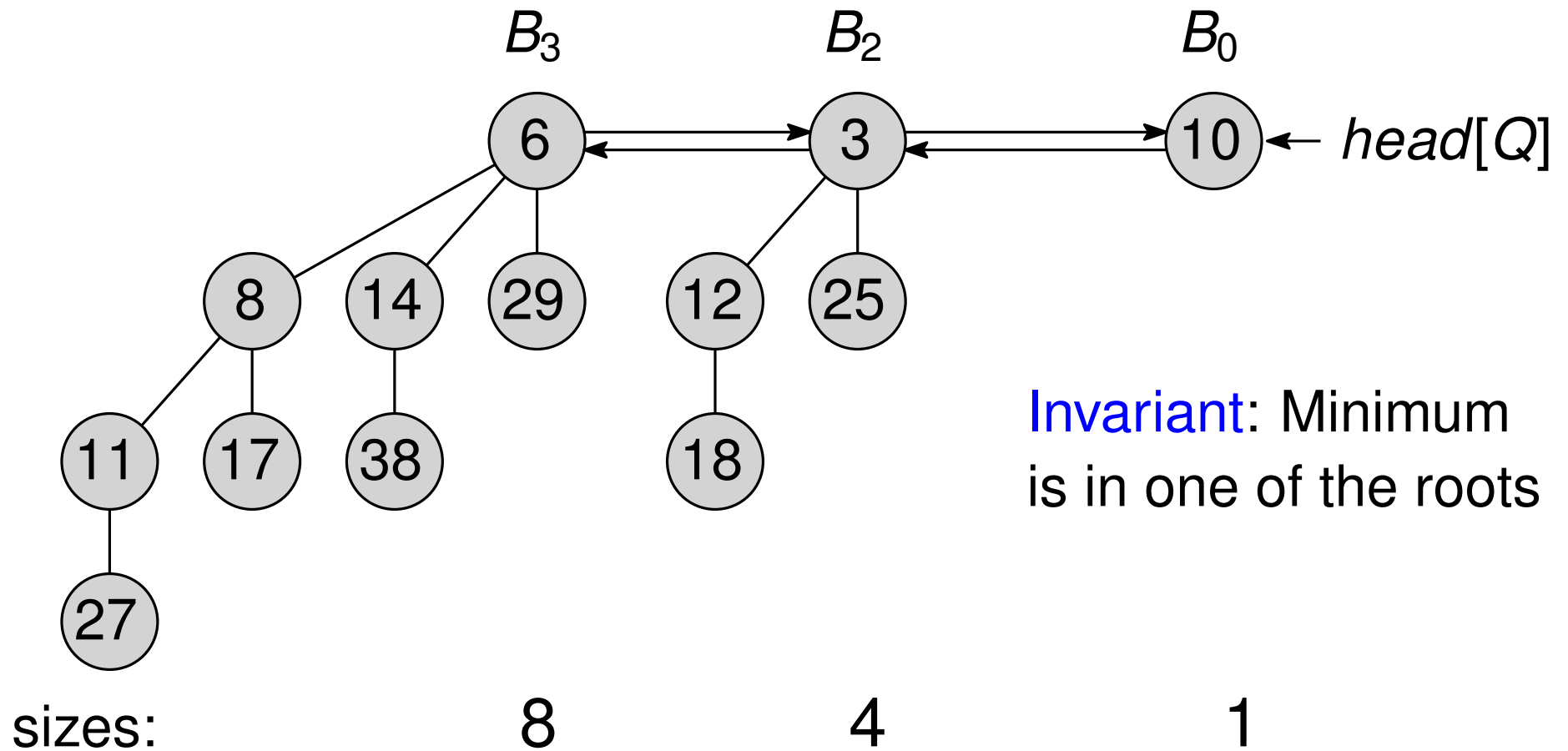


# MINIMUM( $Q$ )

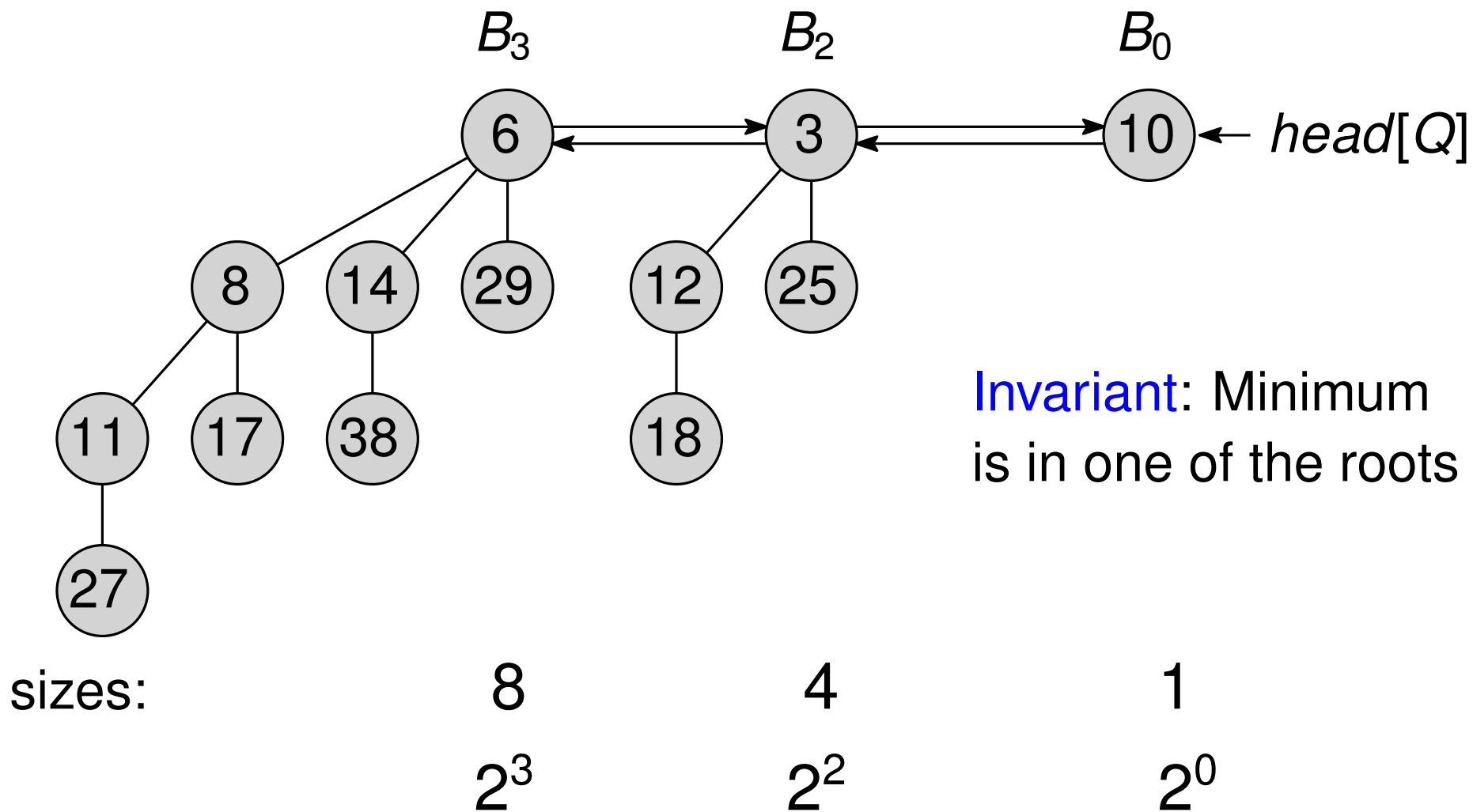


**Invariant:** Minimum is in one of the roots

# MINIMUM(Q)

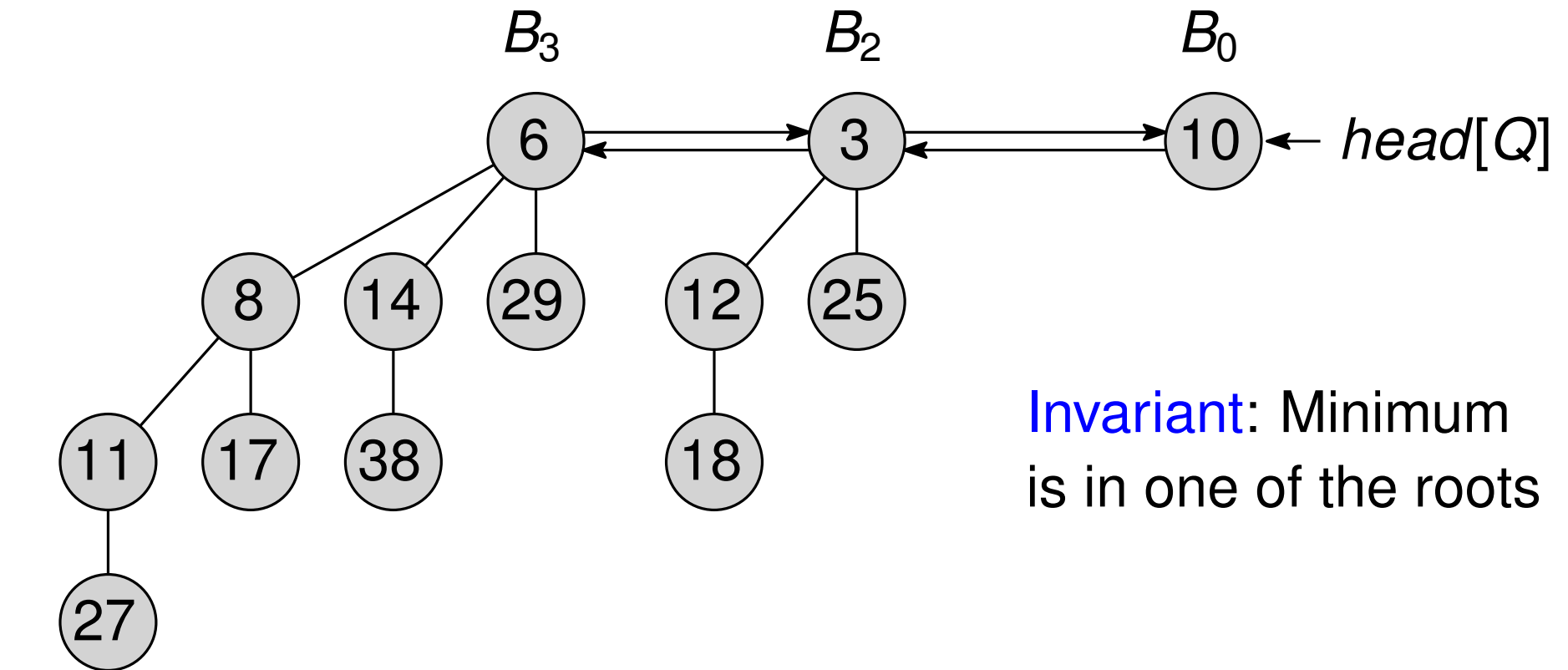


# MINIMUM(Q)





# MINIMUM(Q)

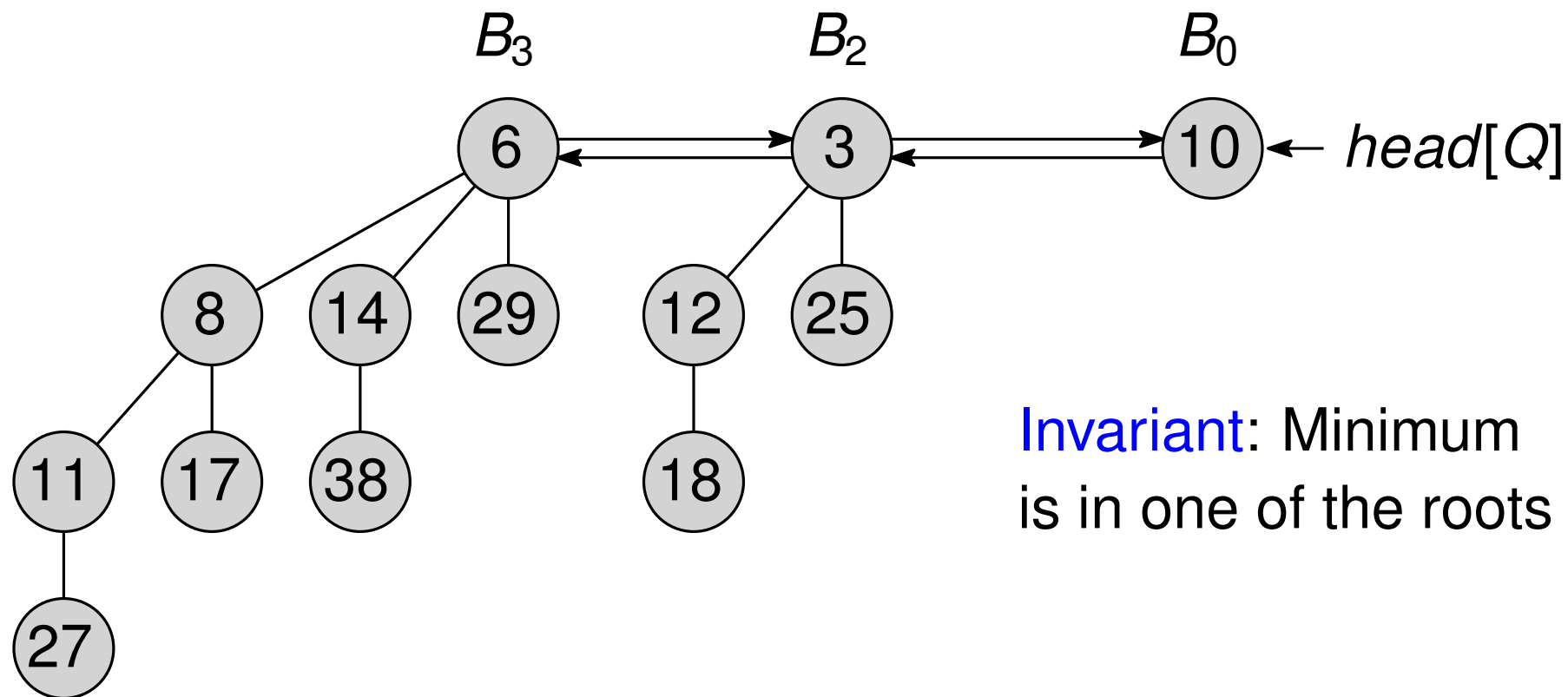


**Invariant:** Minimum is in one of the roots

sizes:                    8                    4                    1

$$N = 13 = 2^3 + 2^2 + 2^0$$

# MINIMUM(Q)



**Invariant:** Minimum is in one of the roots

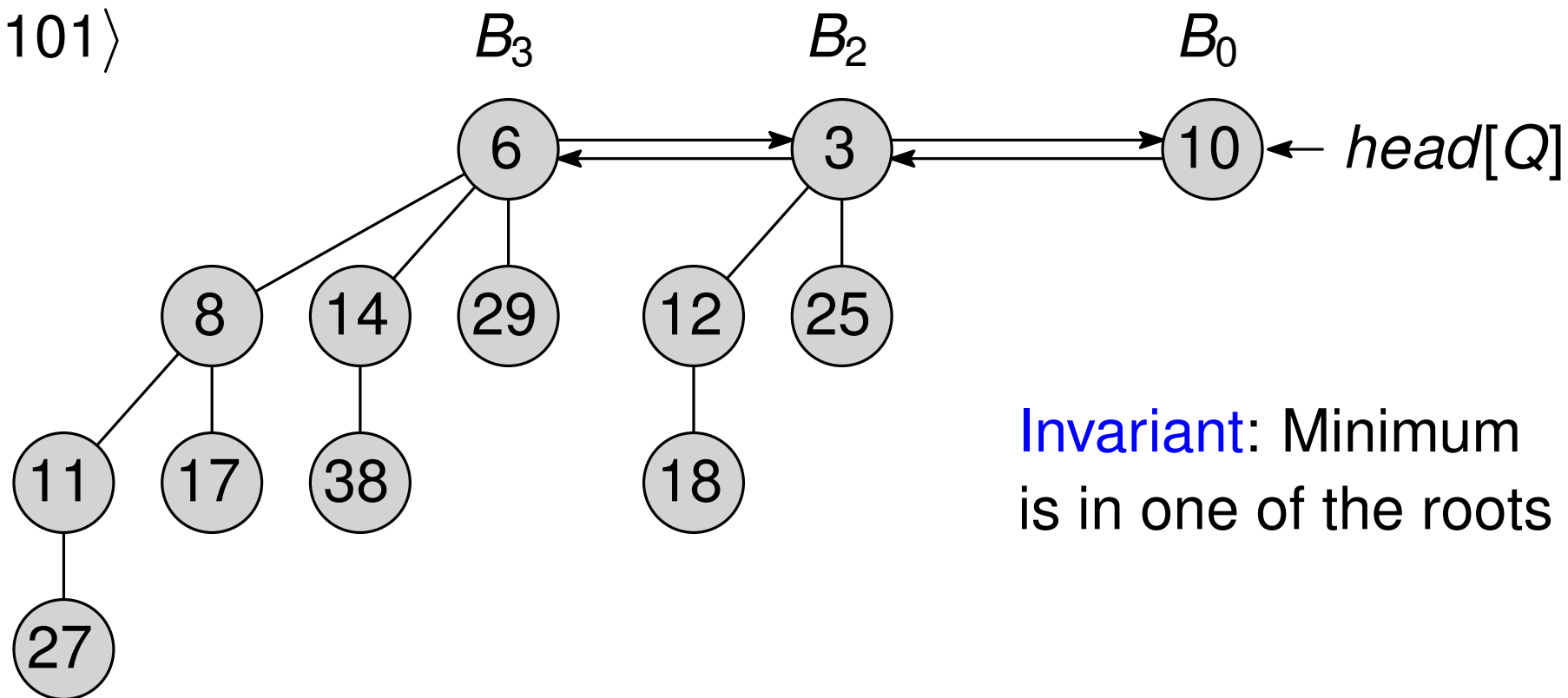
sizes:

$$N = 13 = 8 + 4 + 1$$
$$N = 13 = 2^3 + 2^2 + 2^0$$

$$N = 13_{10} = 1101_2$$

# MINIMUM(Q)

$\langle 1101 \rangle$



**Invariant:** Minimum is in one of the roots

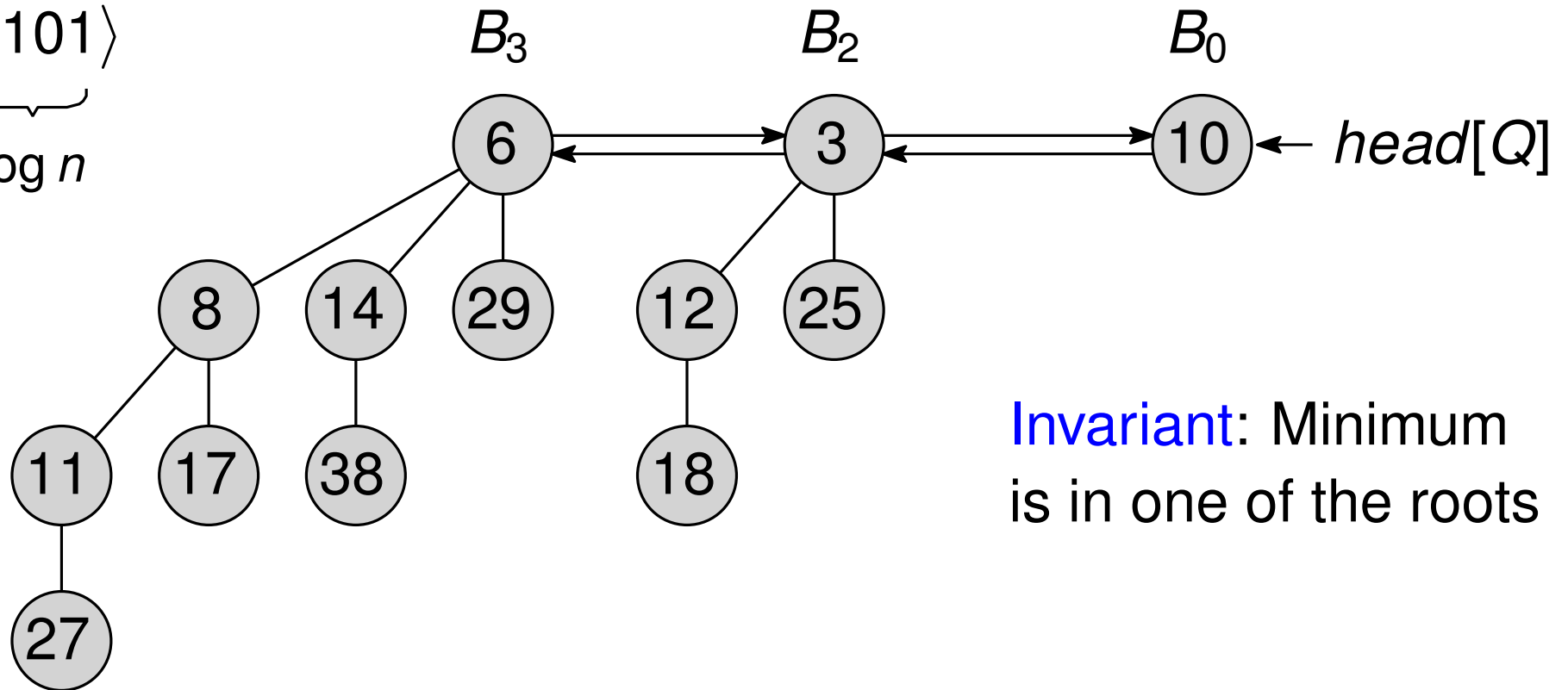
sizes:

$$N = 13 = 8 + 4 + 1$$

$$N = 13_{10} = 1101_2$$

# MINIMUM(Q)

$\langle 1101 \rangle$   
└──  
 $\log n$



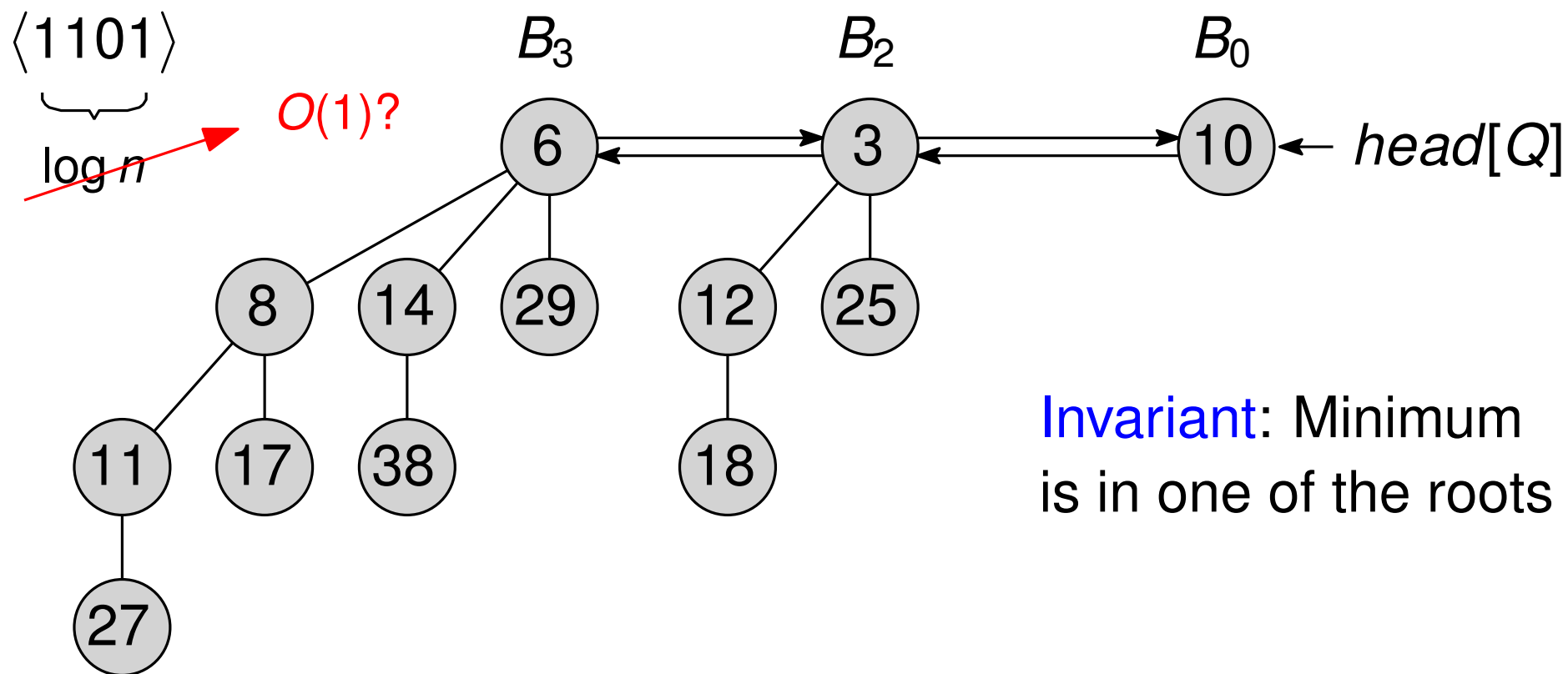
**Invariant:** Minimum is in one of the roots

sizes:                    8                    4                    1

$$N = 13 = 2^3 + 2^2 + 2^0$$

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# MINIMUM(Q)



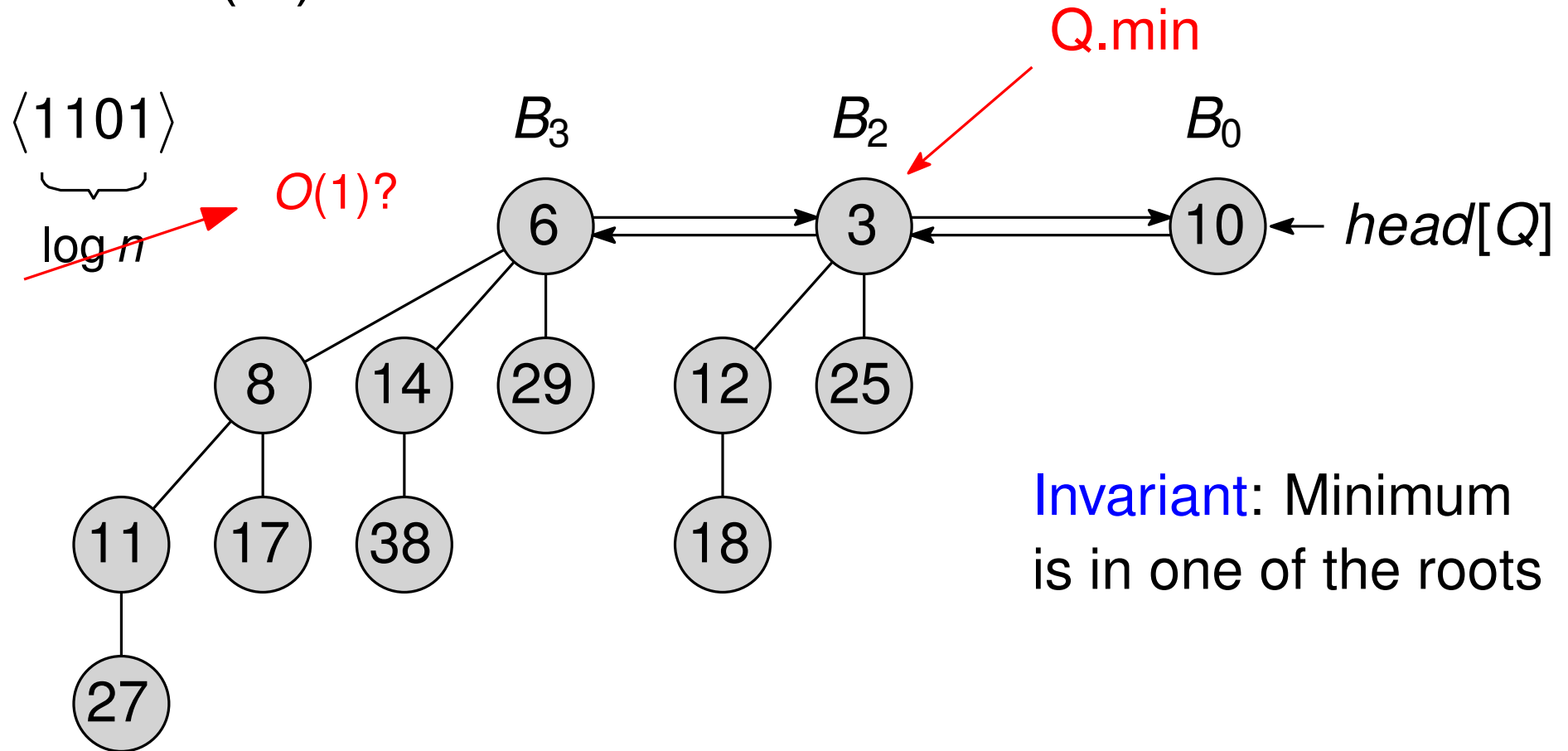
**Invariant:** Minimum is in one of the roots

sizes:                      8                      4                      1

$N = 13 = 2^3 + 2^2 + 2^0$

$N = 13_{10} = 1101_2$

# MINIMUM(Q)



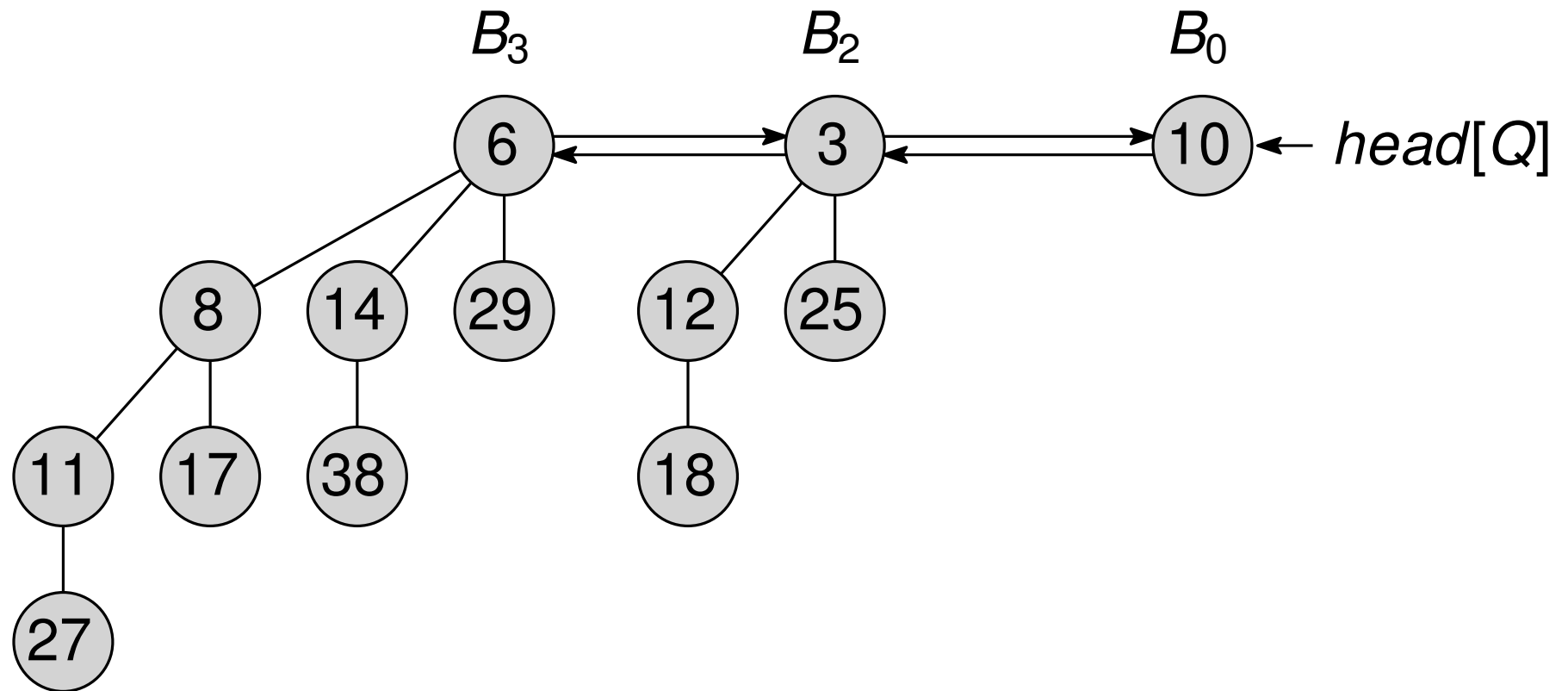
**Invariant:** Minimum is in one of the roots

sizes:                      8                      4                      1

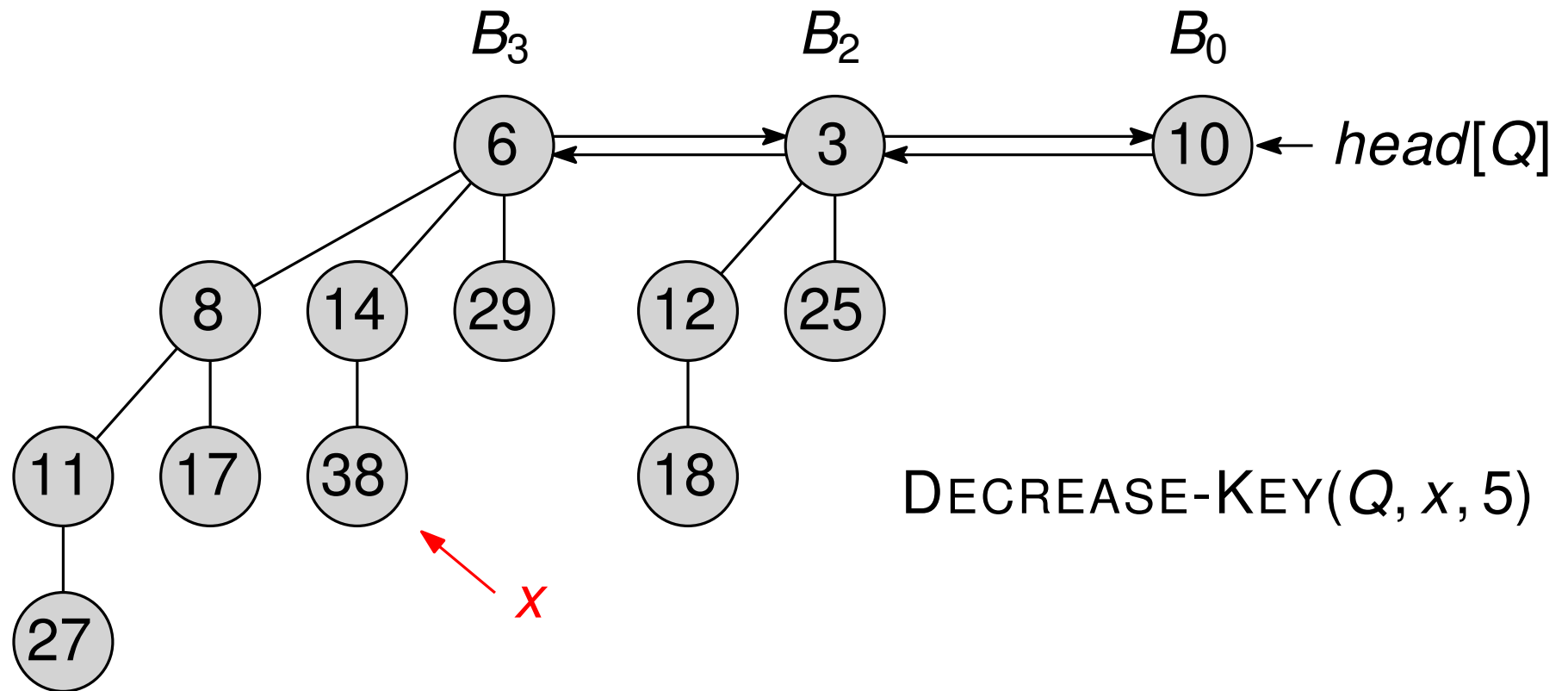
$$N = 13 = 2^3 + 2^2 + 2^0$$

$$N = 13_{10} = 1101_2$$

# DECREASE-KEY( $Q, x, k$ )

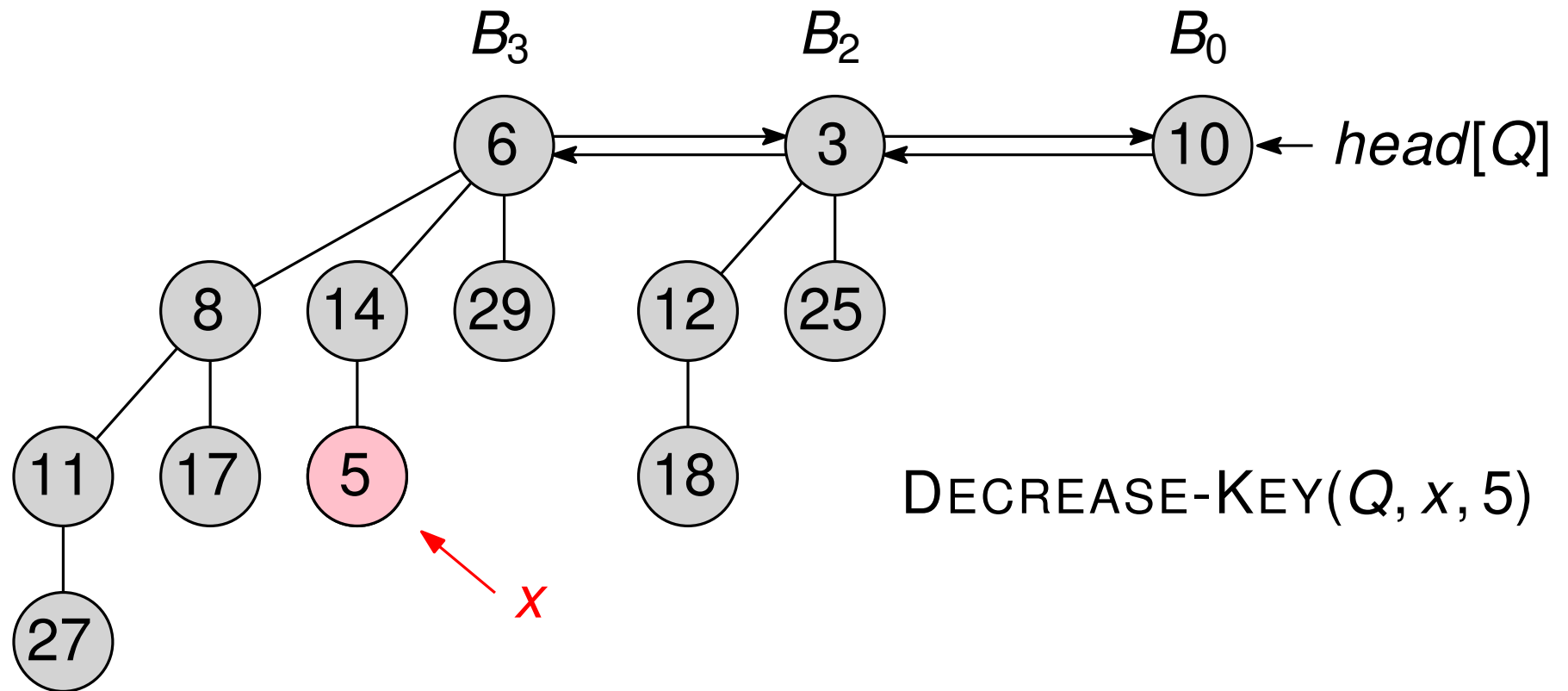


# DECREASE-KEY( $Q, x, k$ )

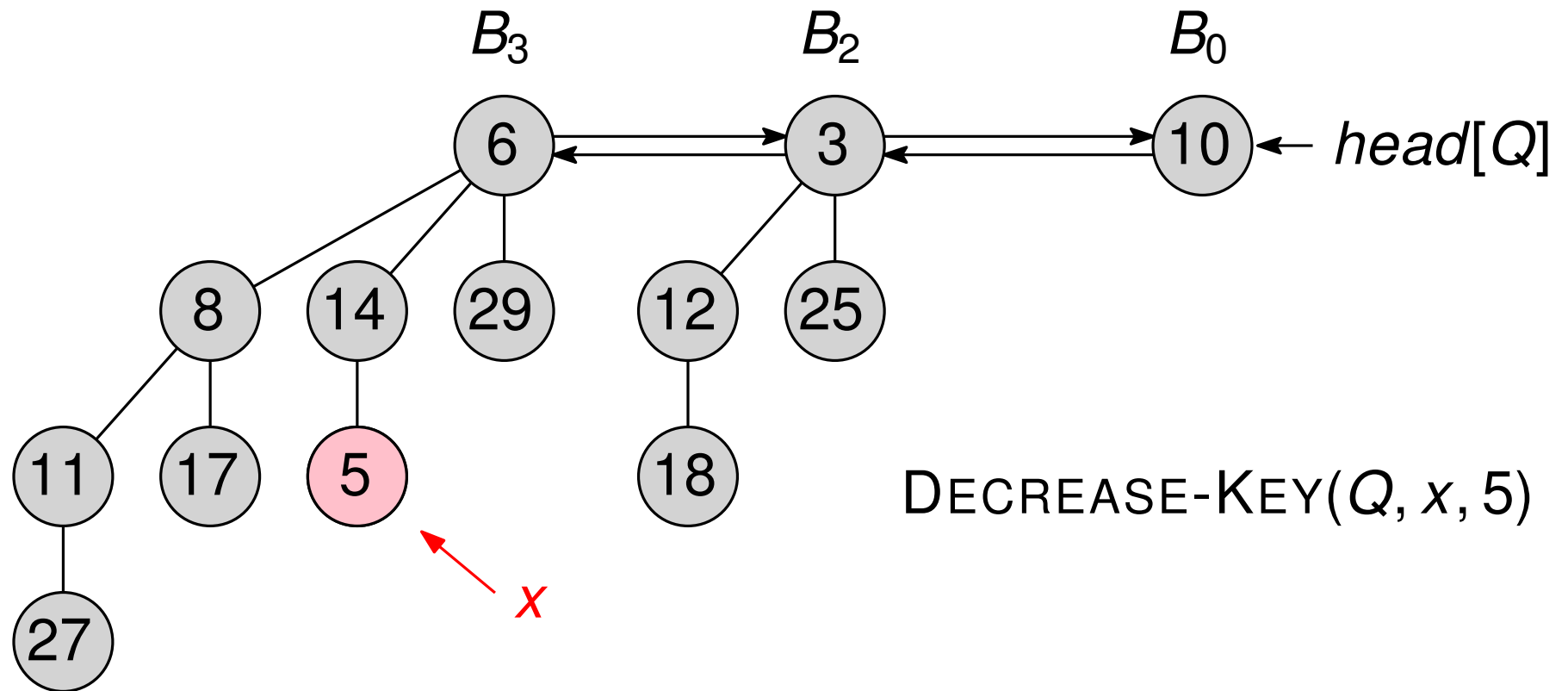




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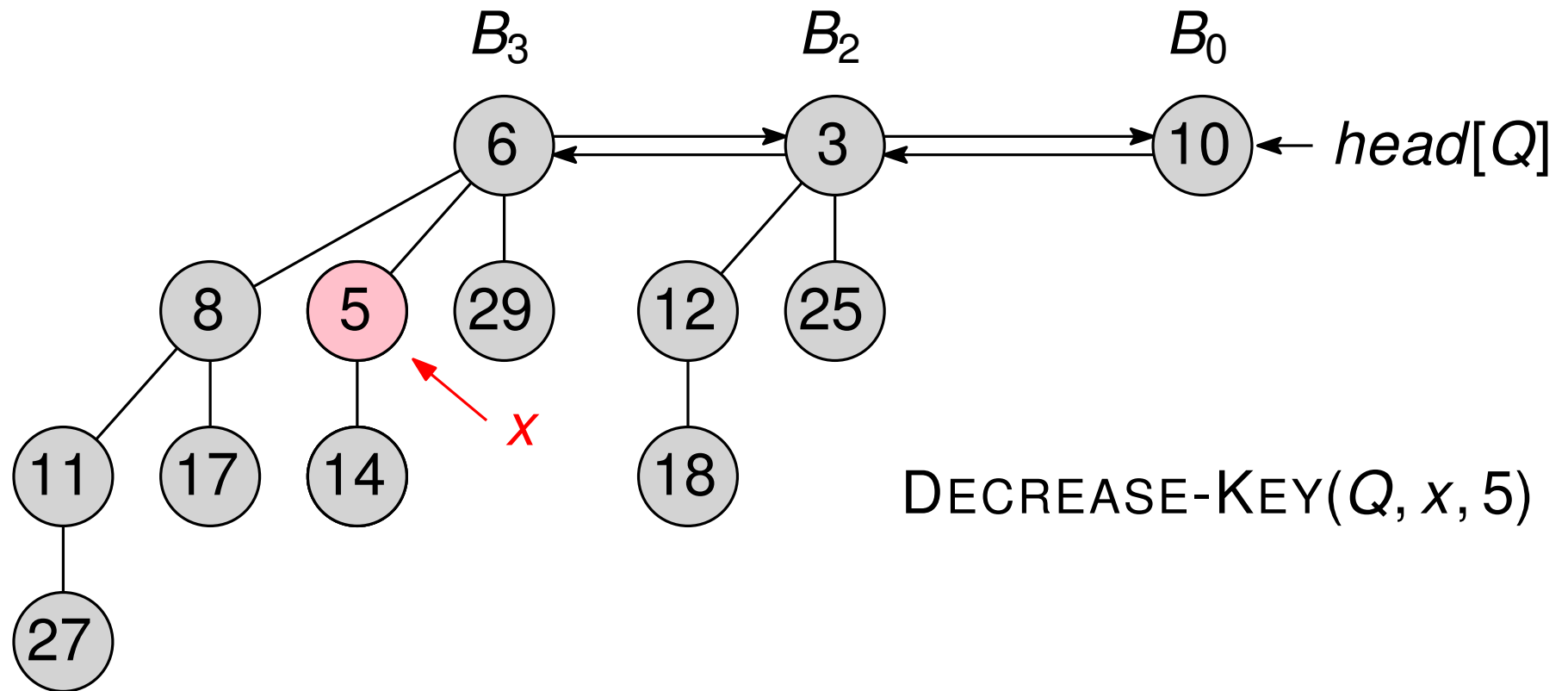


# DECREASE-KEY( $Q, x, k$ )



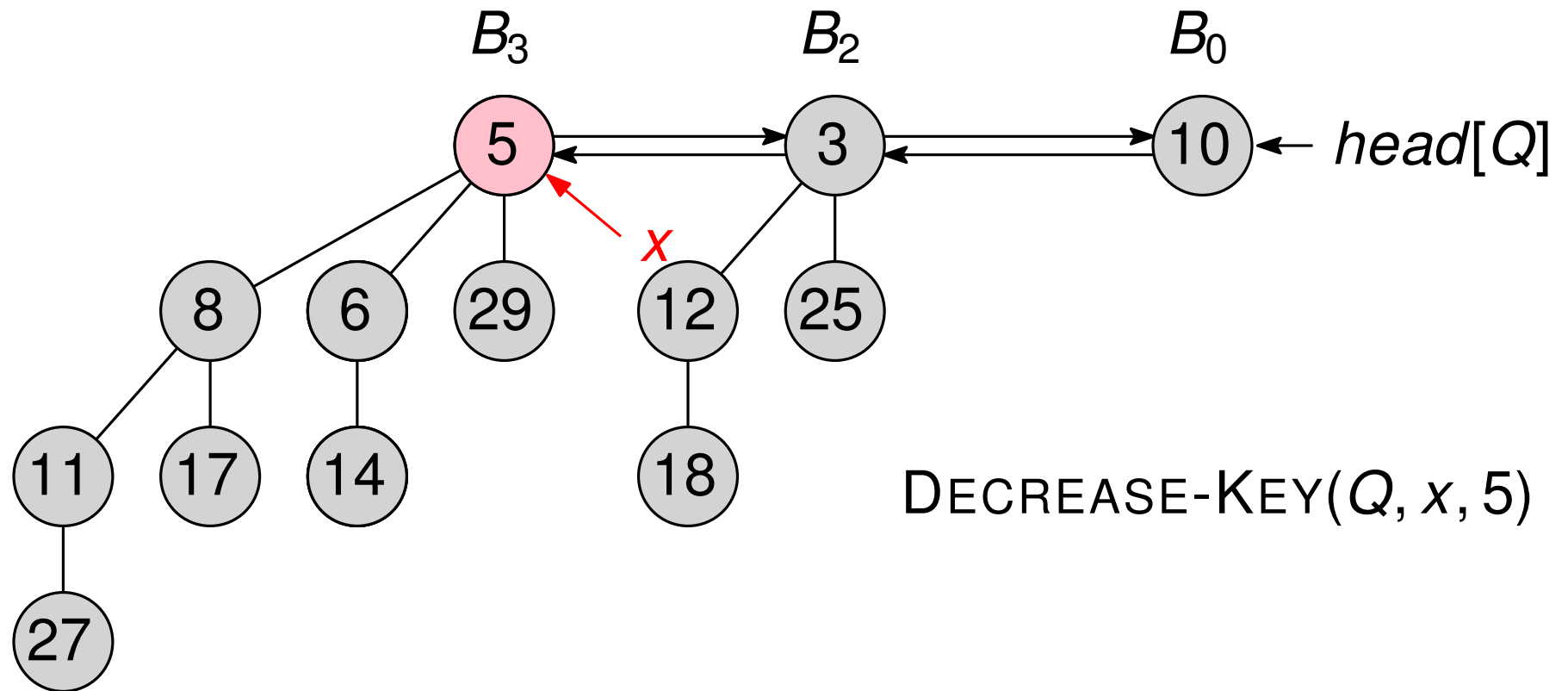
- Fix heap order

# DECREASE-KEY( $Q, x, k$ )



- Fix heap order

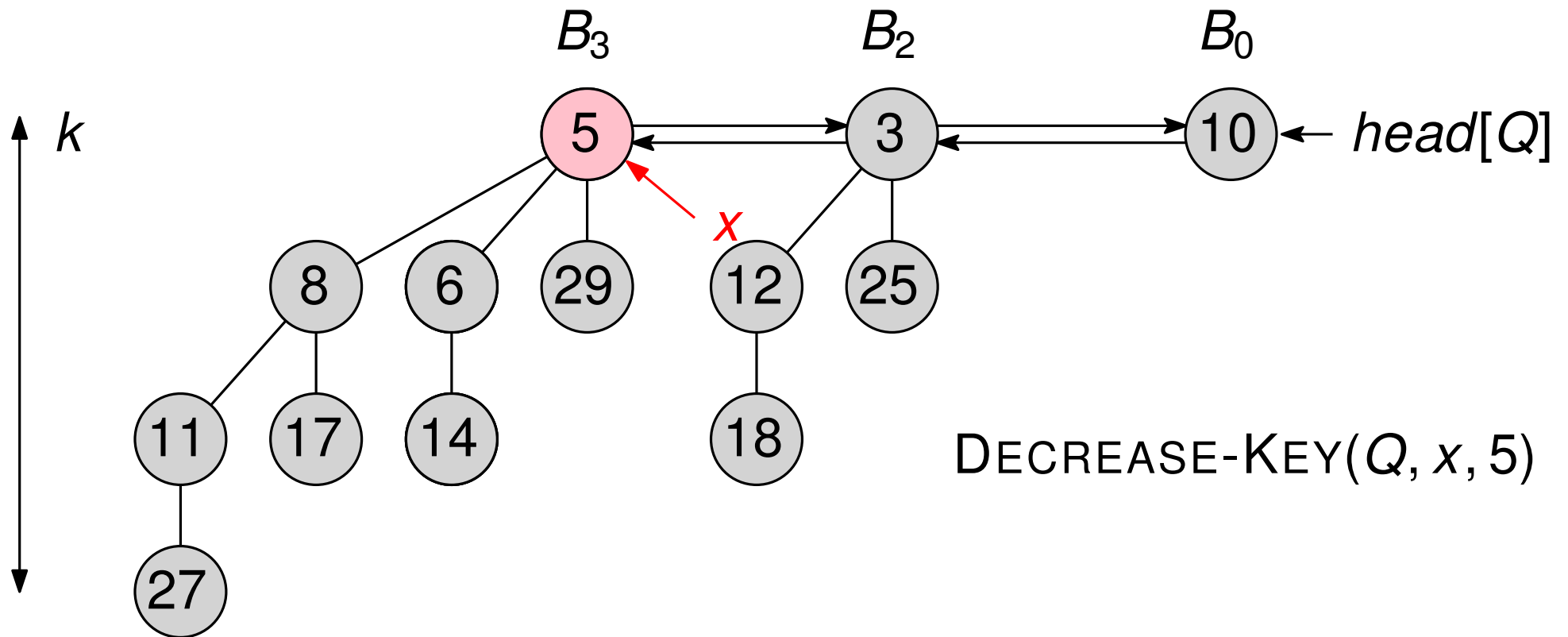
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- Fix heap order

# DECREASE-KEY( $Q, x, k$ )

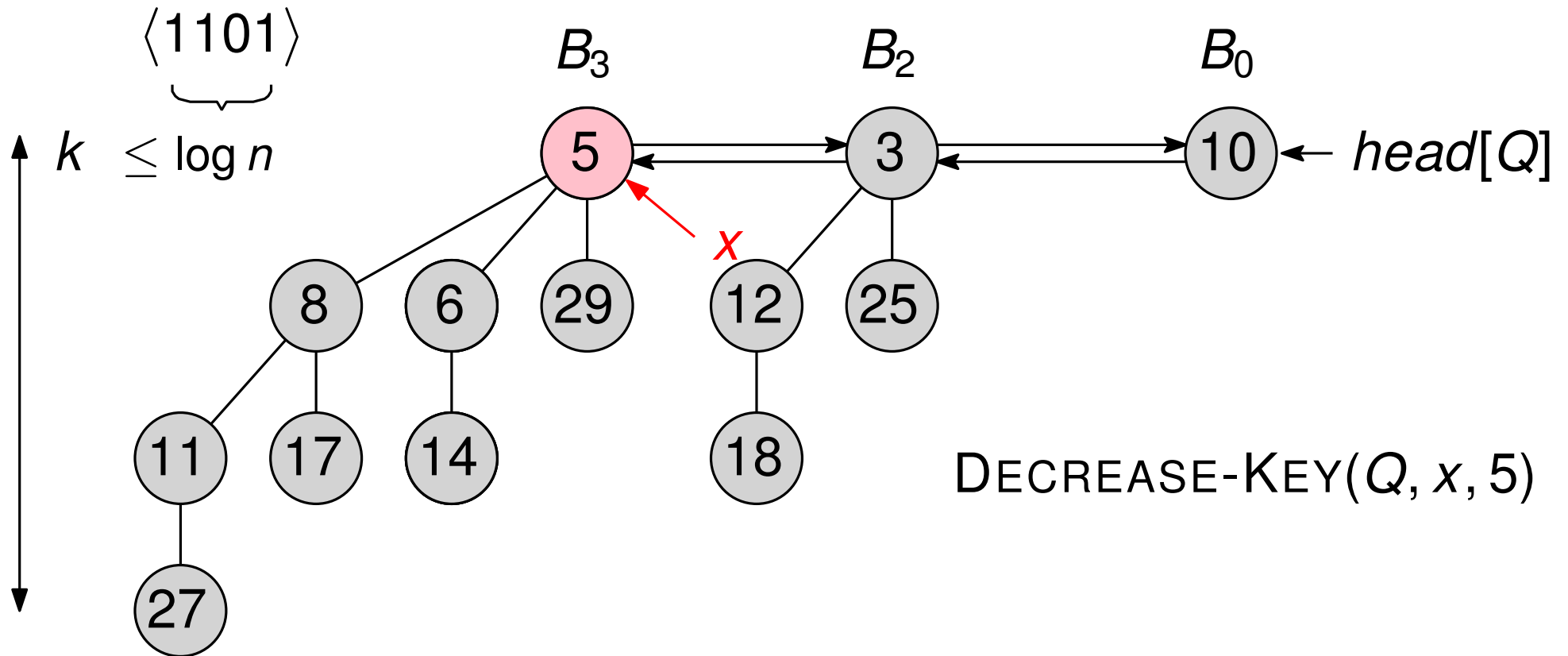
Depth of  $B_k$  is  $k$



- Fix heap order

# DECREASE-KEY( $Q, x, k$ )

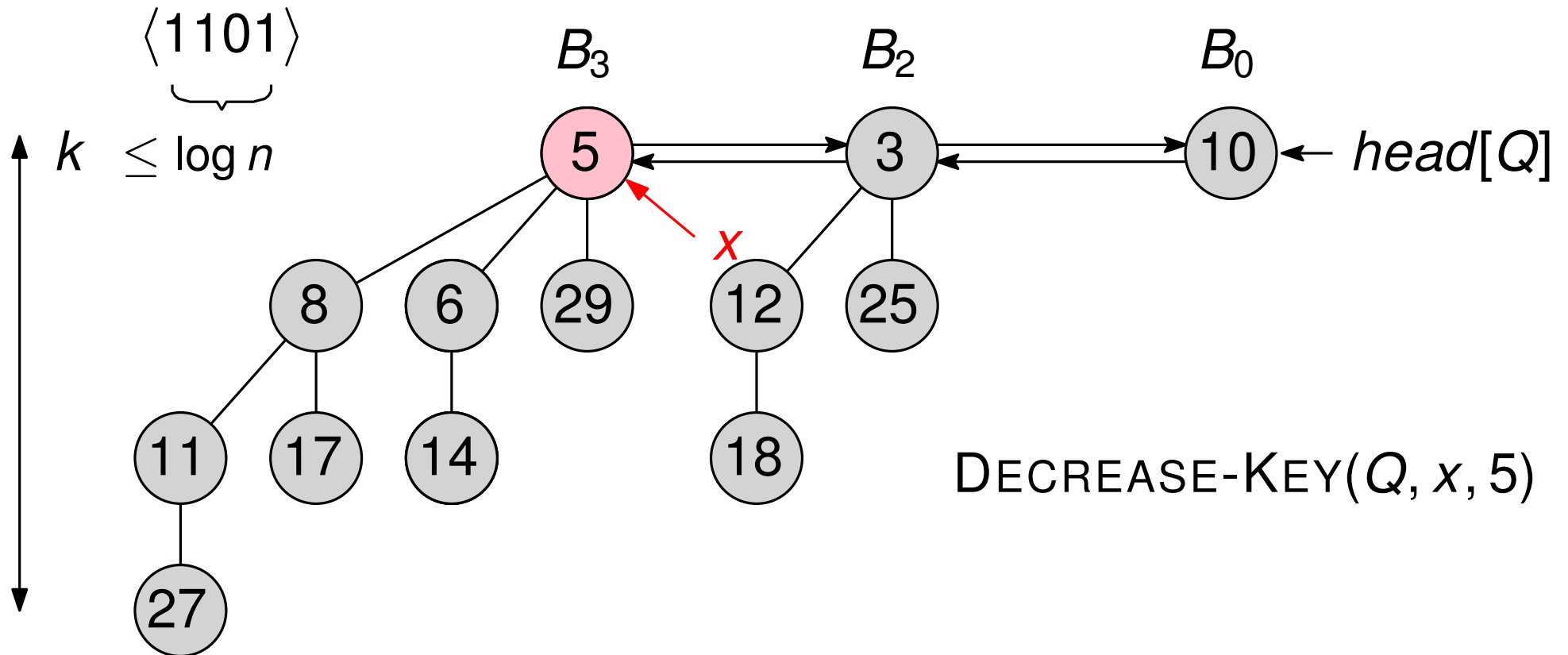
Depth of  $B_k$  is  $k$



- Fix heap order

# DECREASE-KEY( $Q, x, k$ )

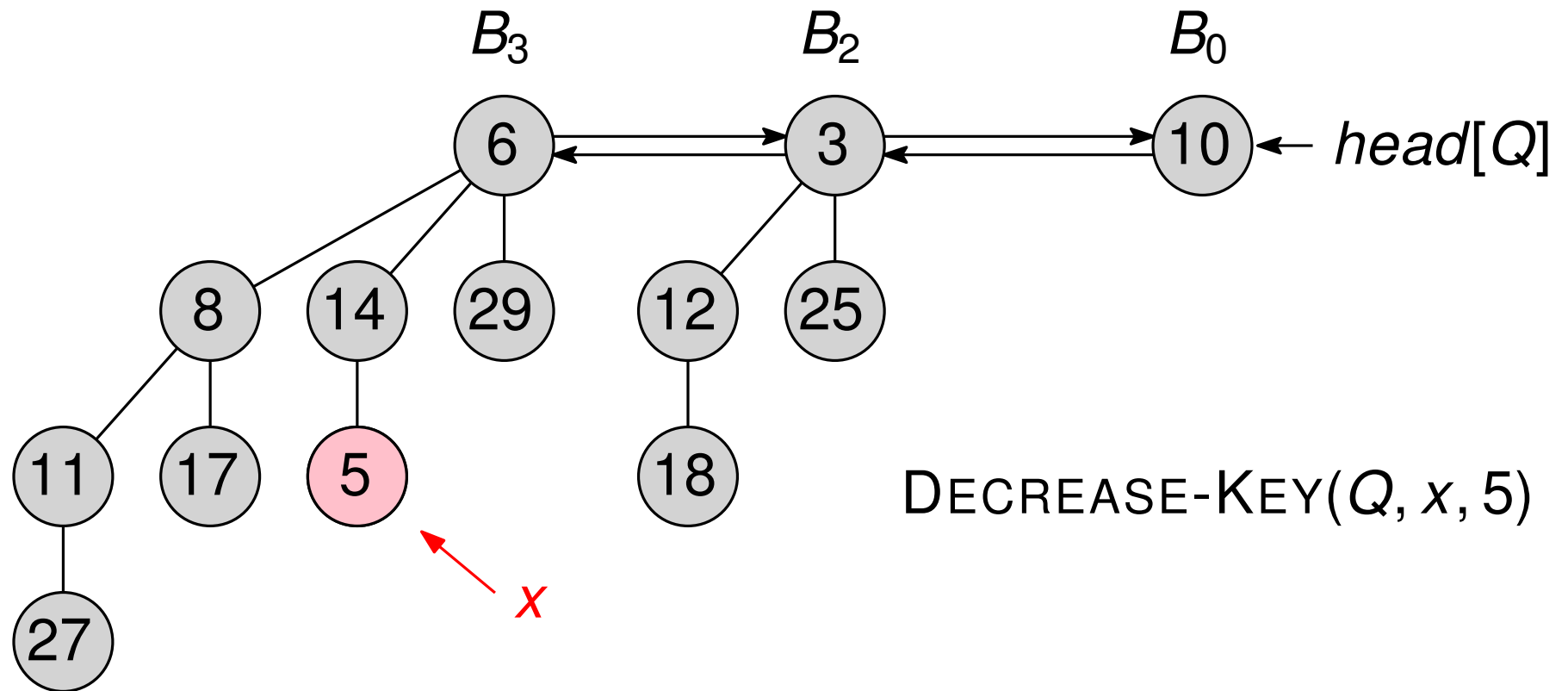
Depth of  $B_k$  is  $k$



- Fix heap order

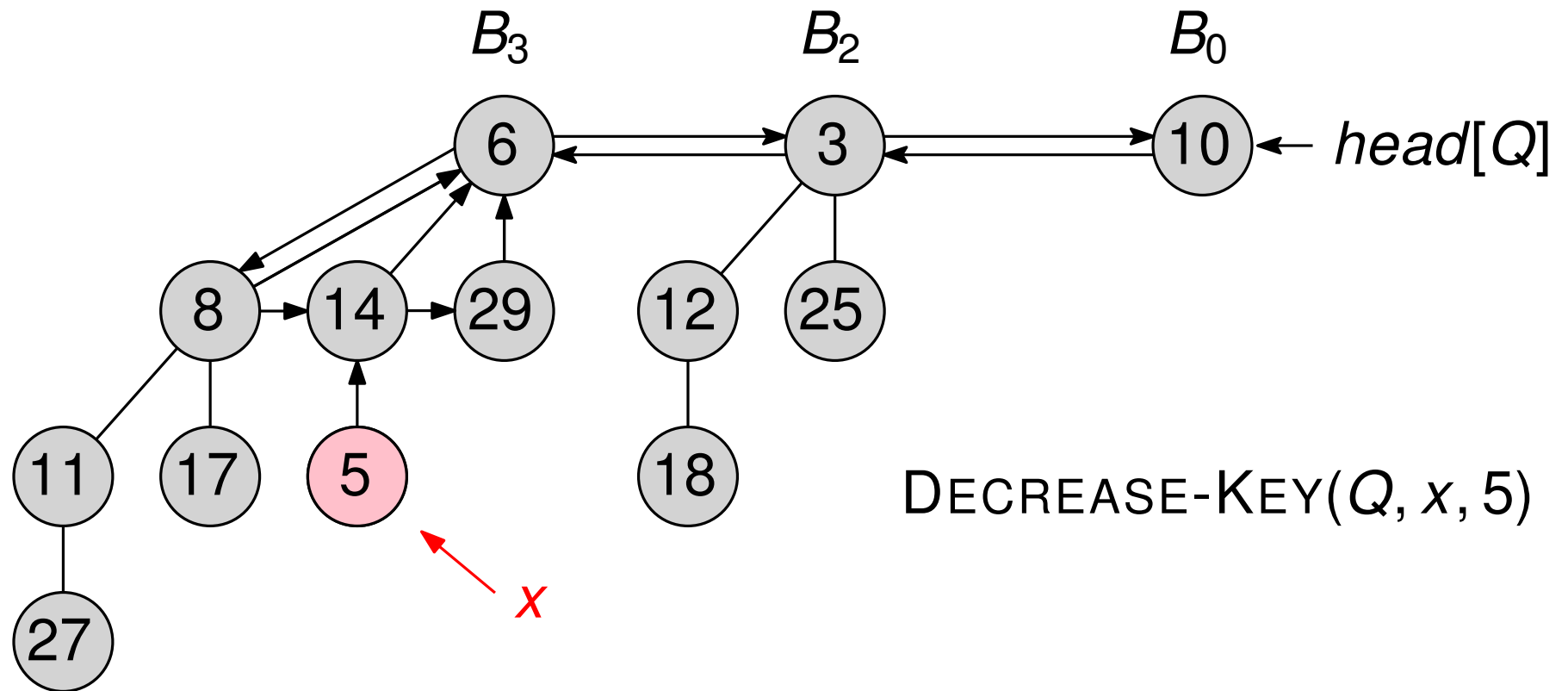
Can you implement DECREASE-KEY( $Q, x, k$ ) ?

# DECREASEKEY( $Q, x, k$ )

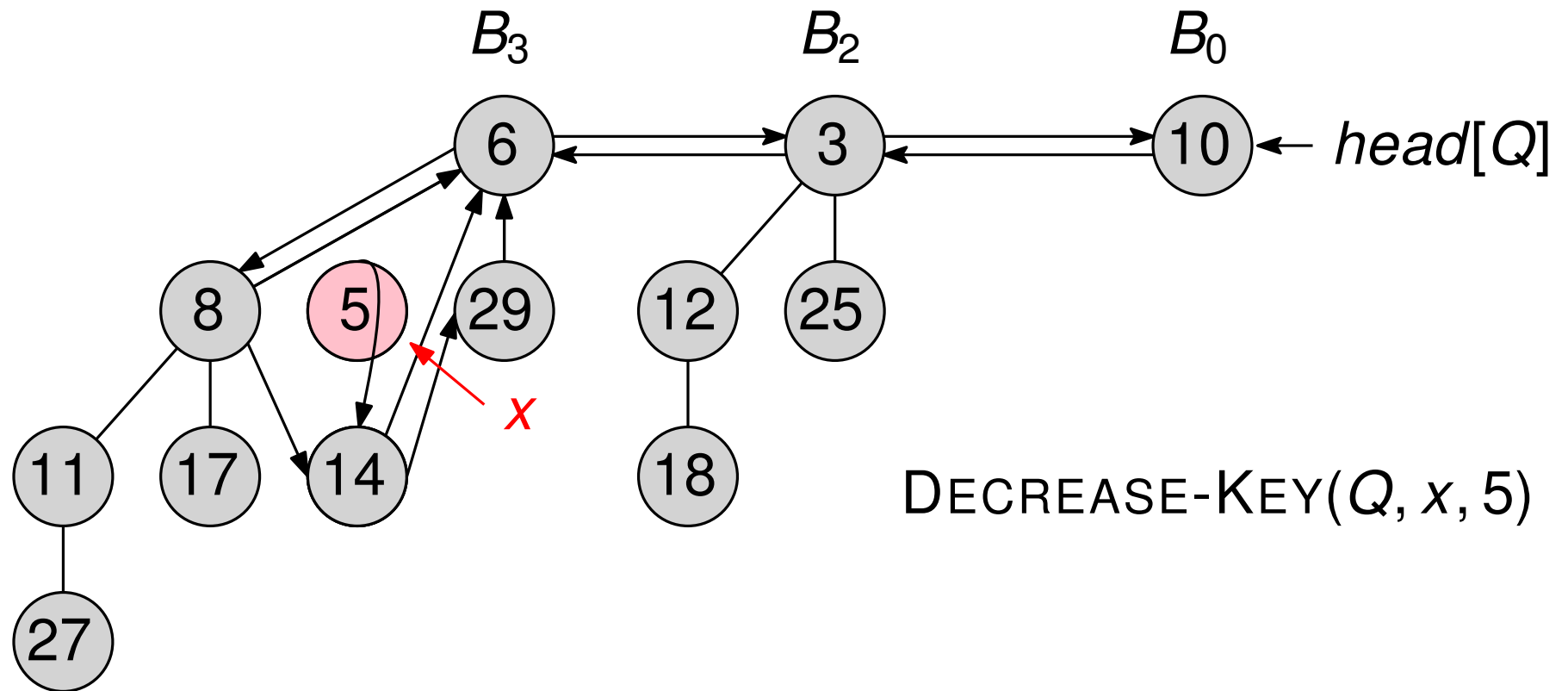




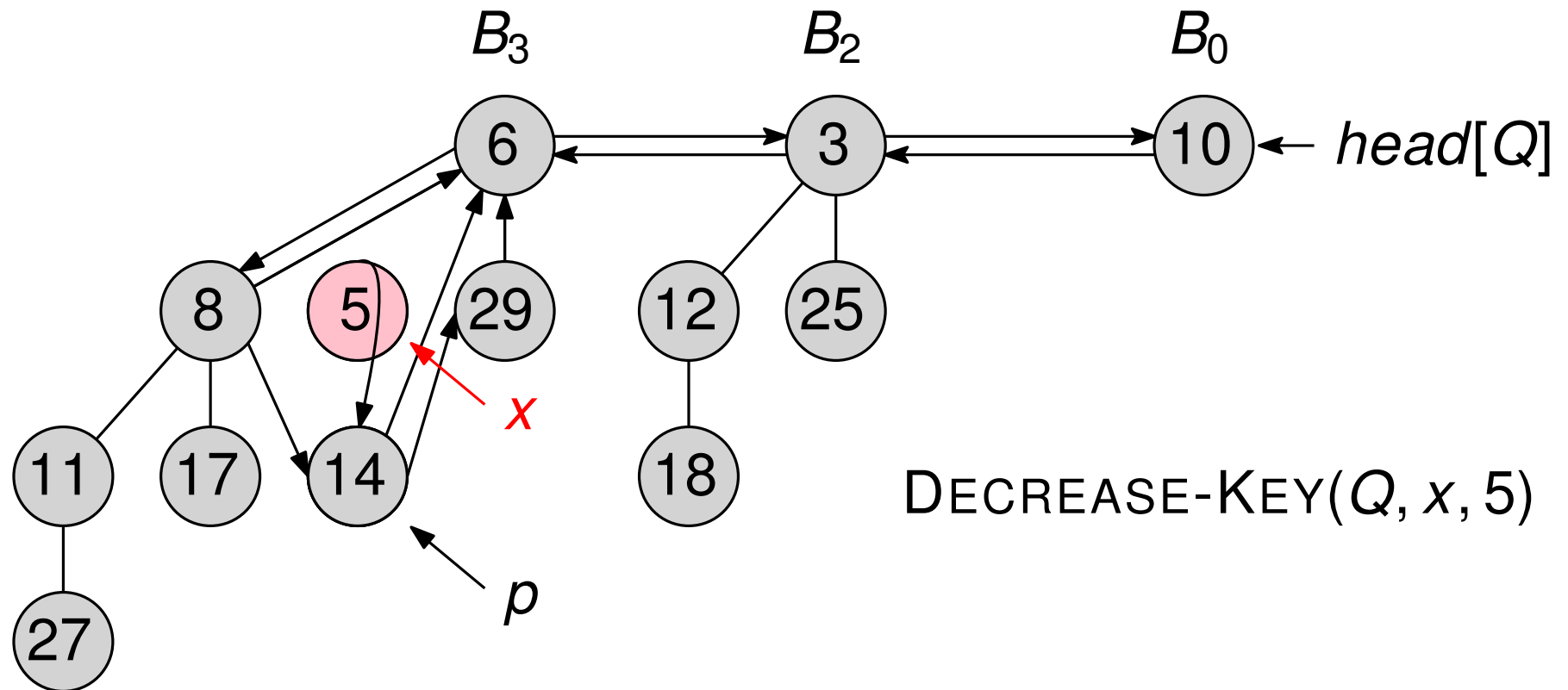
# DECREASEKEY( $Q, x, k$ )



# DECREASEKEY( $Q, x, k$ )

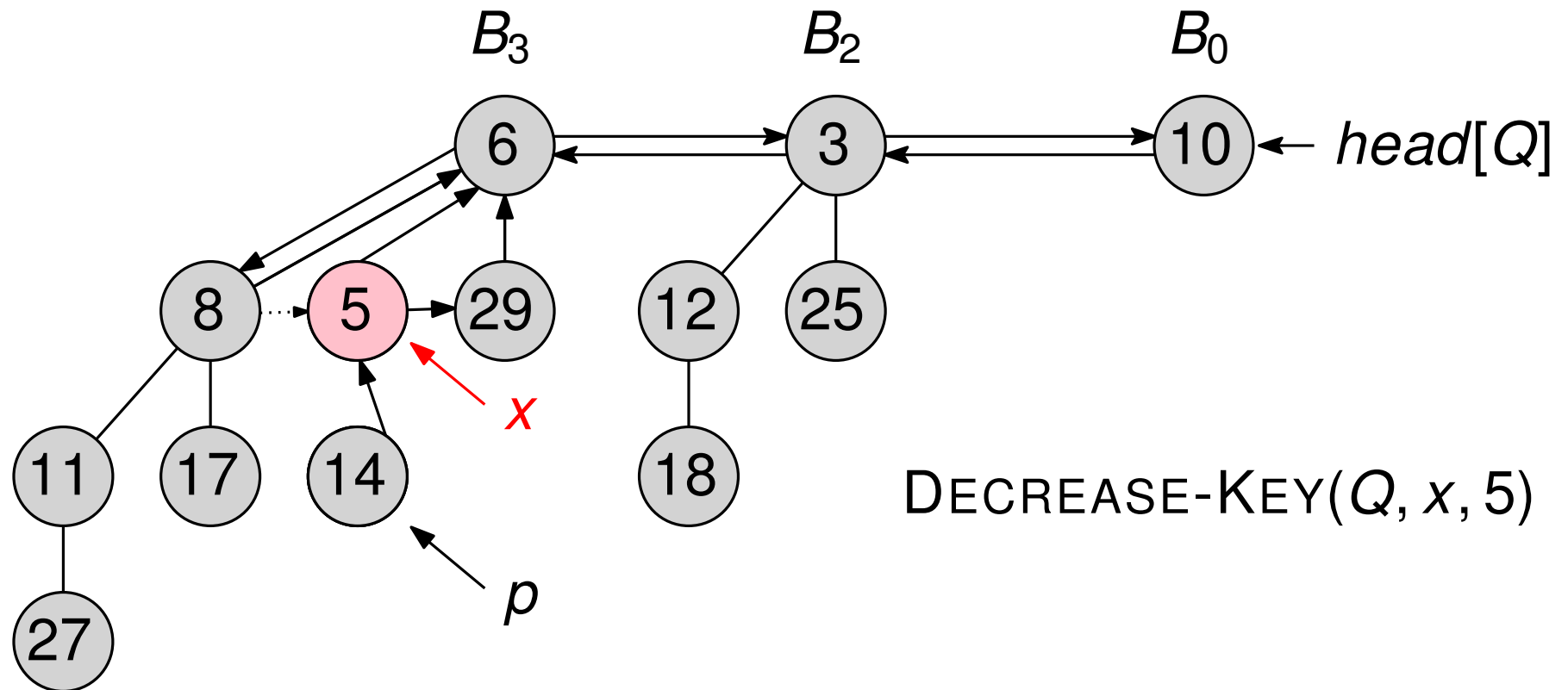


# DECREASEKEY( $Q, x, k$ )



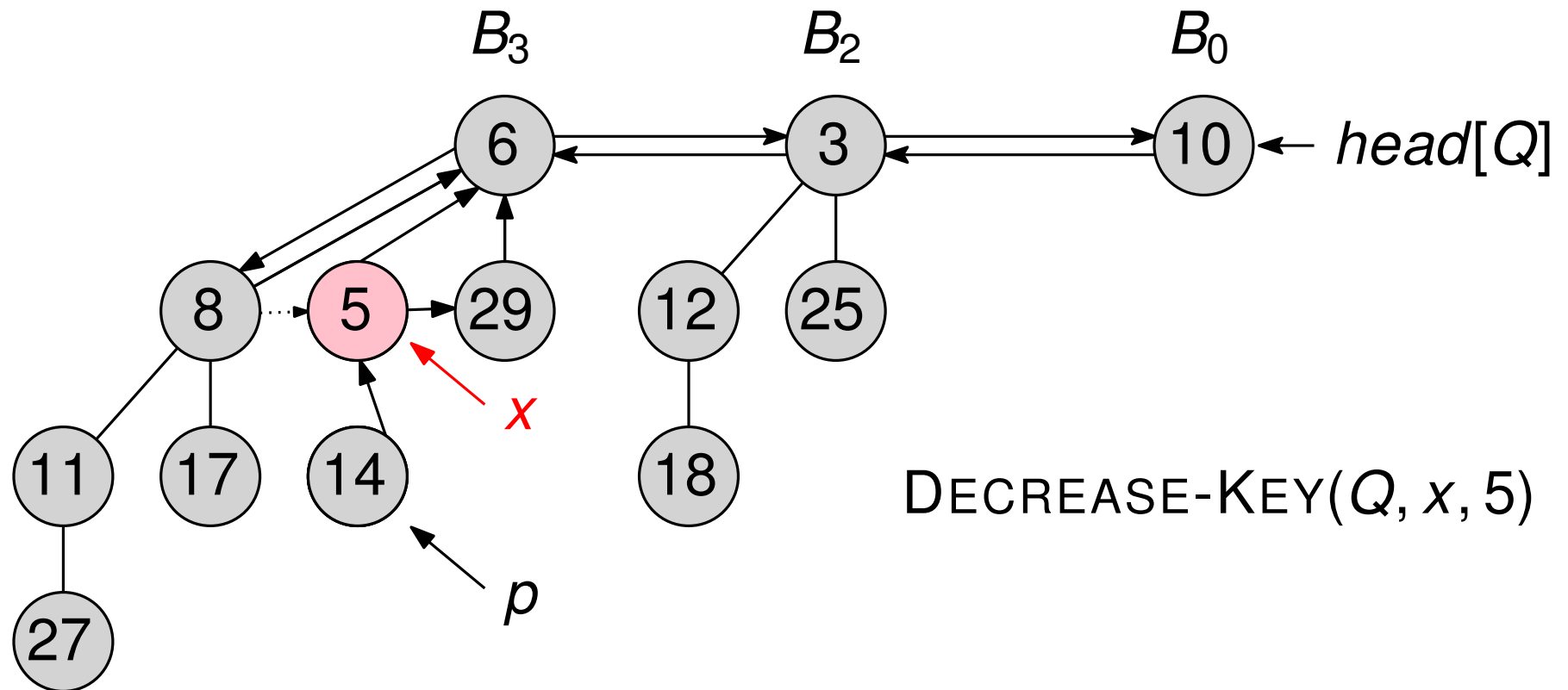
- $p = x.parent$
- $x.parent = p.parent$
- $p.parent = x$
- $x.sibling = p.sibling$
- $???.sibling = x$

# DECREASEKEY( $Q, x, k$ )



- $p = x.parent$
- $x.parent = p.parent$
- $p.parent = x$
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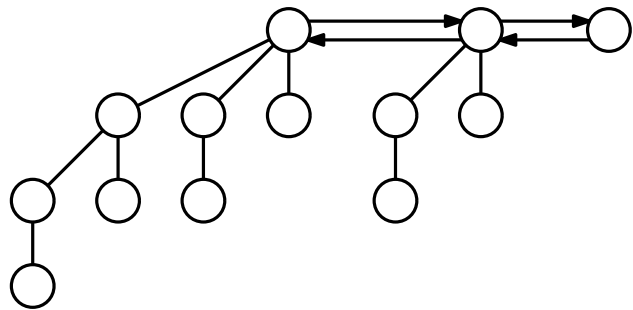
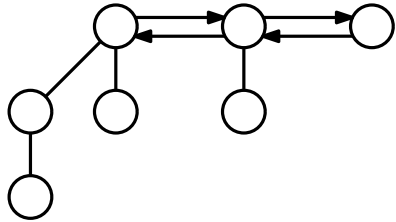
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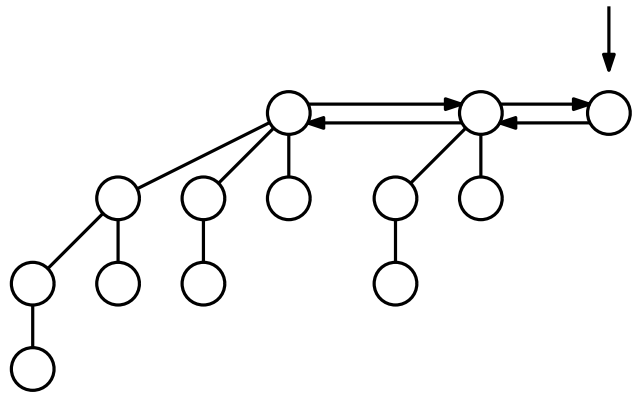
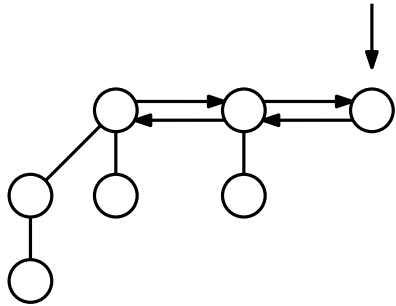
- $p = x.parent$
- $x.parent = p.parent$
- $p.parent = x$
- $x.sibling = p.sibling$
- $???.sibling = x$

**NEED:**  
doubly-linked sibling list

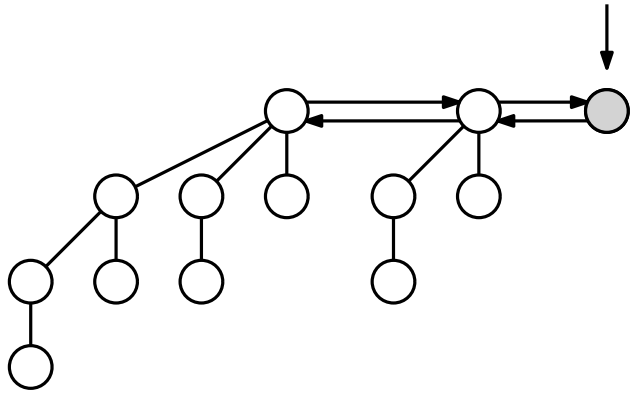
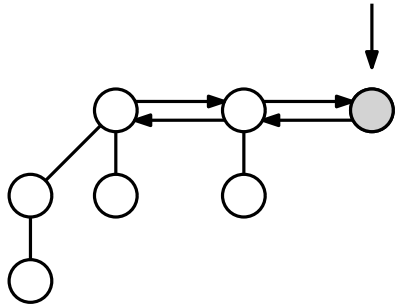
# UNION( $Q_1, Q_2$ )



# UNION( $Q_1, Q_2$ )

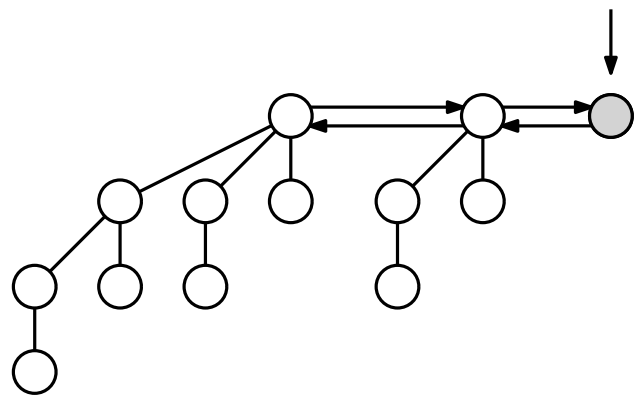
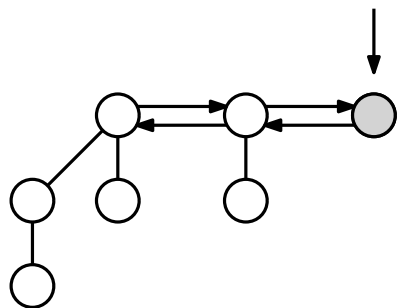


# UNION( $Q_1, Q_2$ )

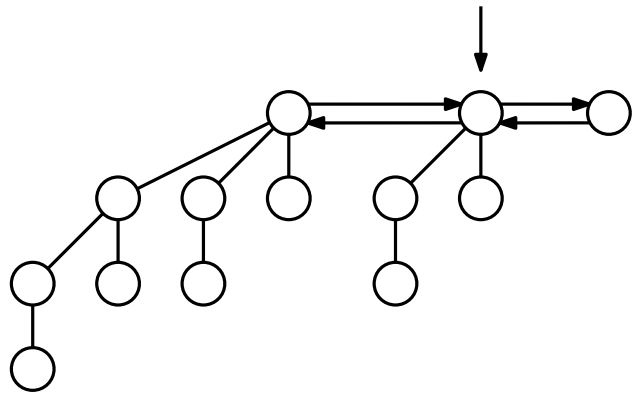
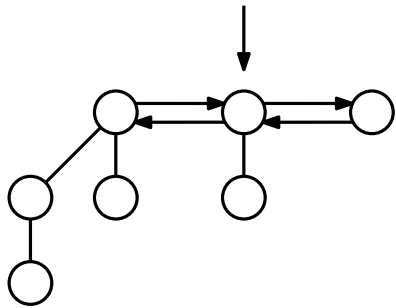




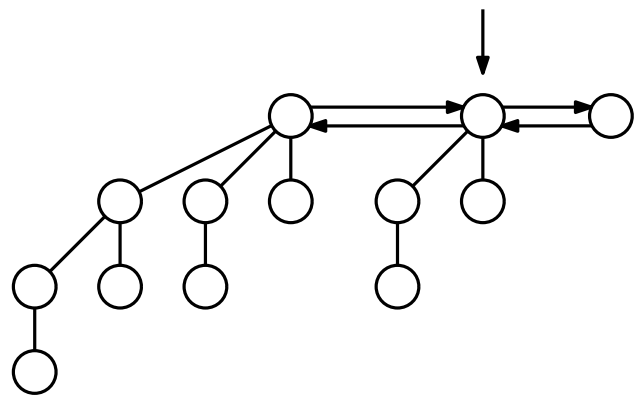
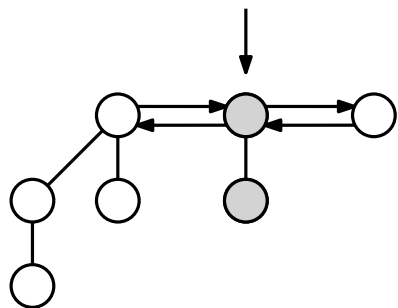
# UNION( $Q_1, Q_2$ )



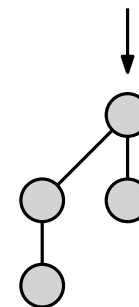
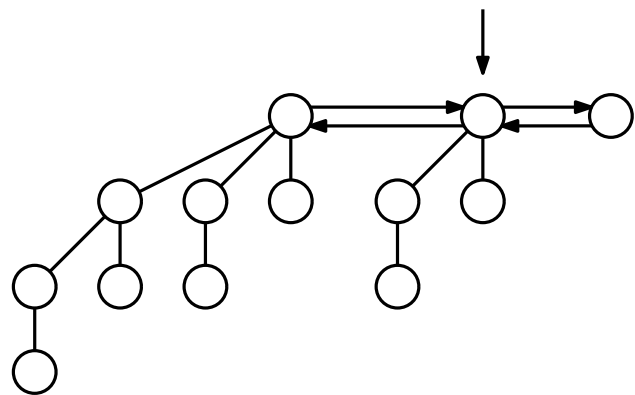
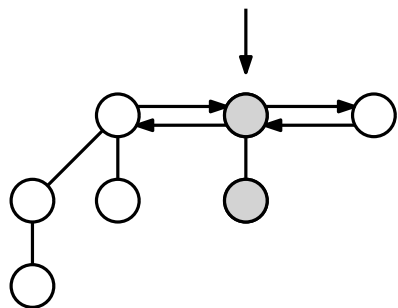
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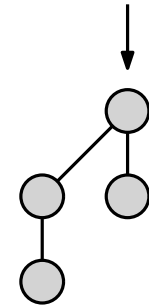
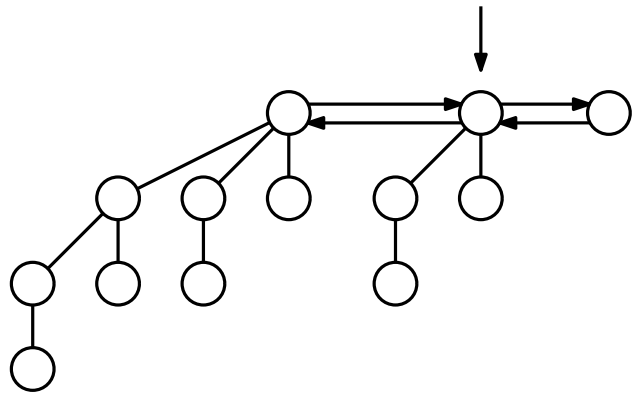
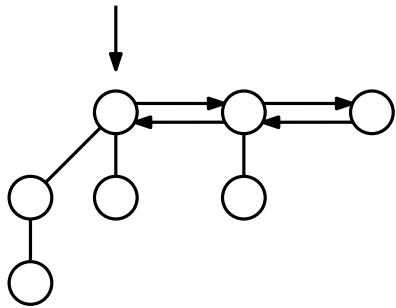
# UNION( $Q_1, Q_2$ )



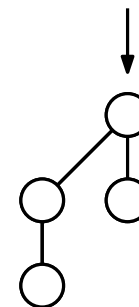
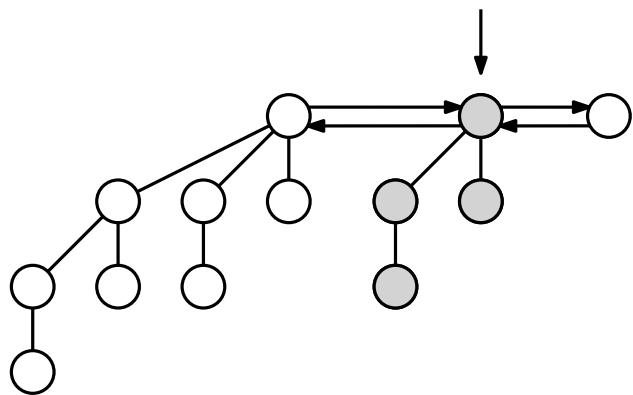
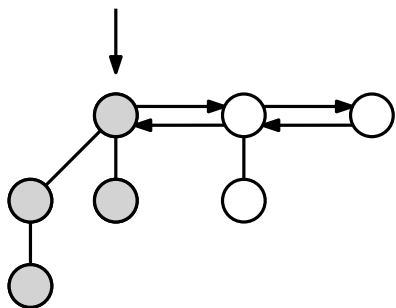
# UNION( $Q_1, Q_2$ )



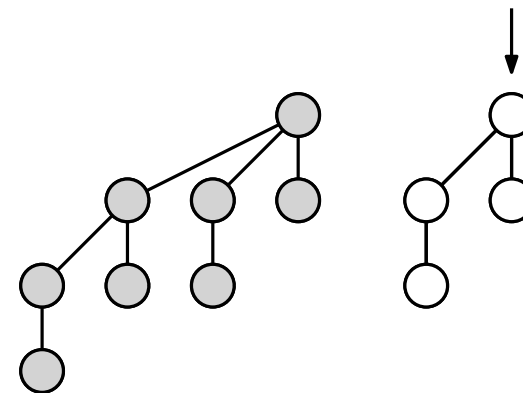
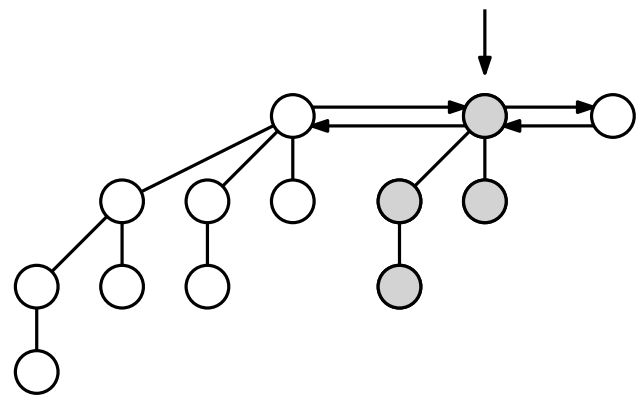
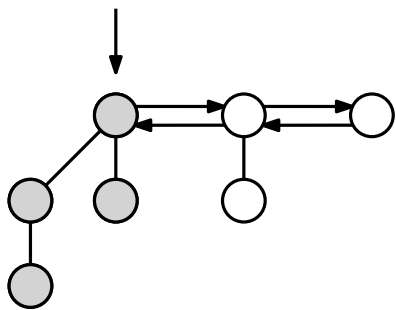
# UNION( $Q_1, Q_2$ )



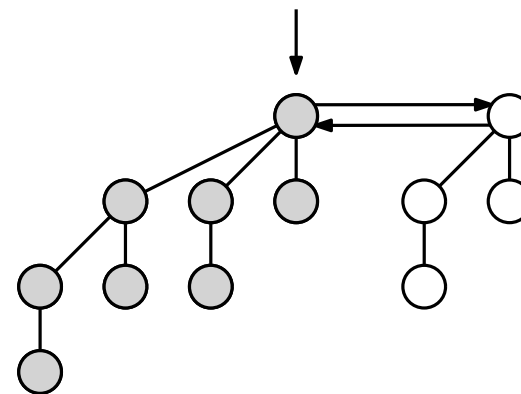
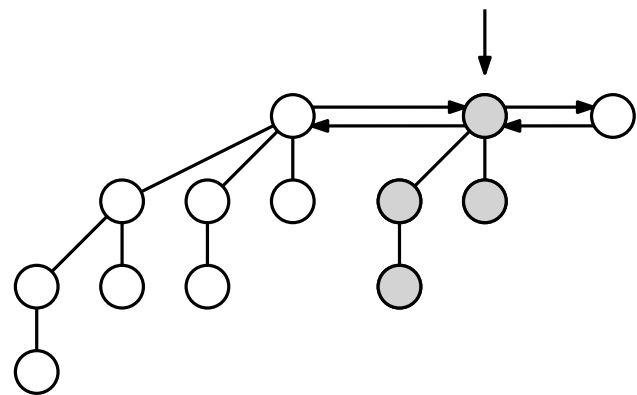
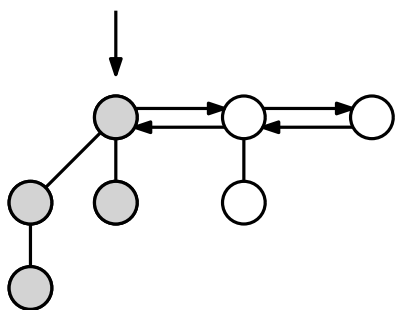
# UNION( $Q_1, Q_2$ )



# UNION( $Q_1, Q_2$ )

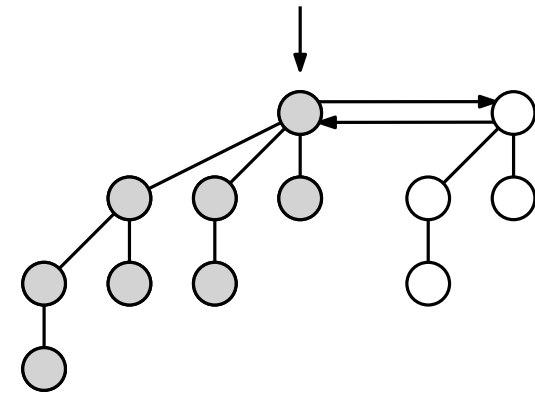
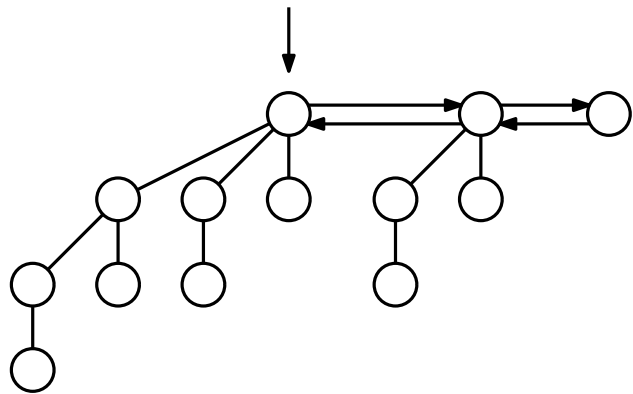
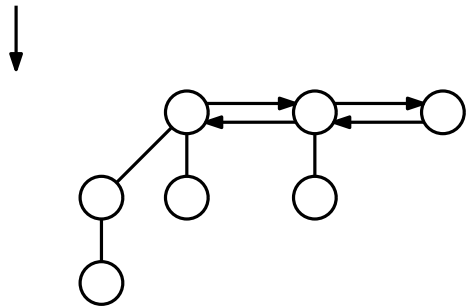


# UNION( $Q_1, Q_2$ )

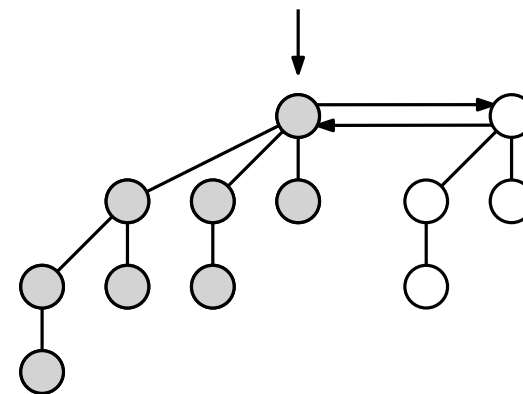
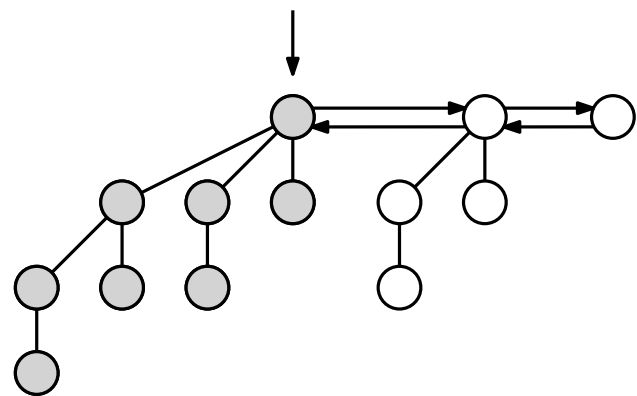
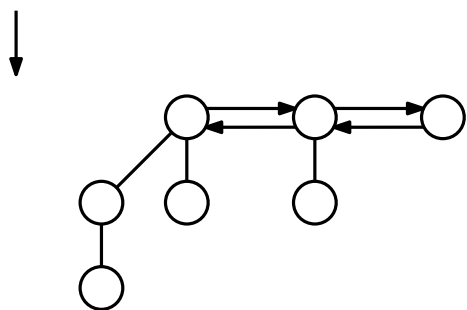




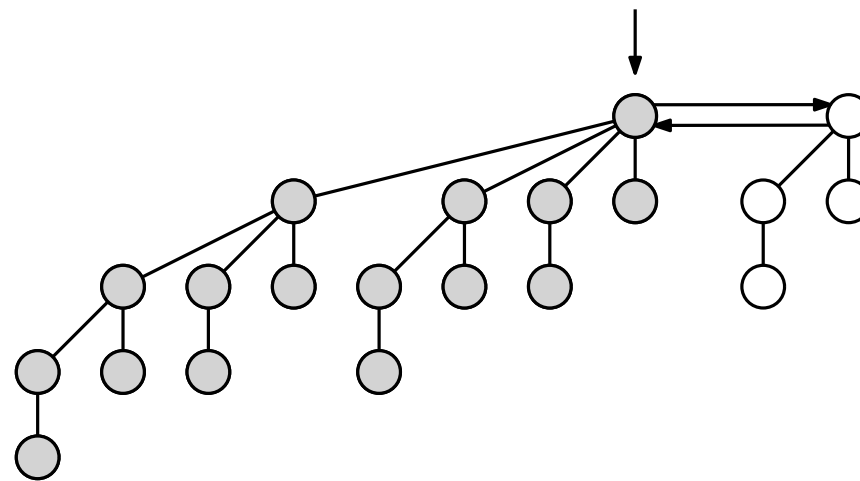
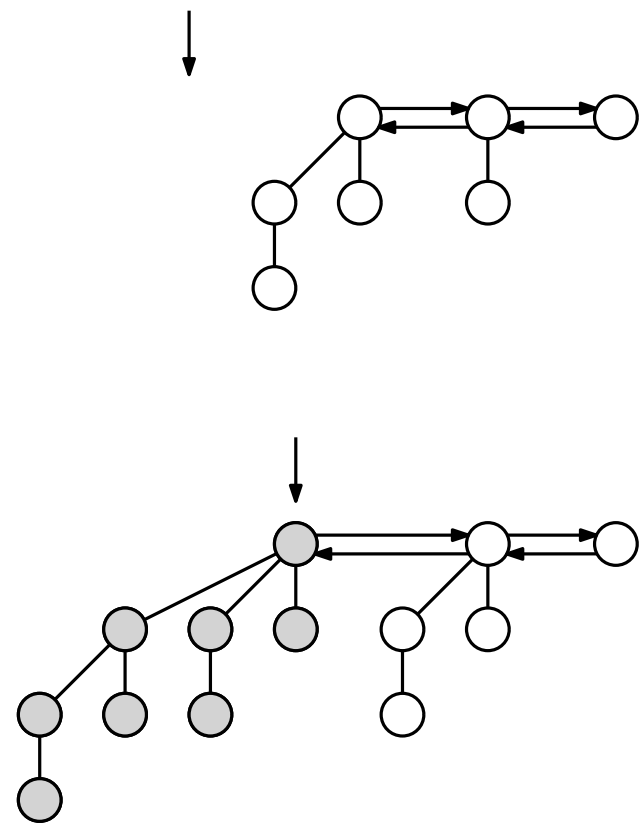
# UNION( $Q_1, Q_2$ )



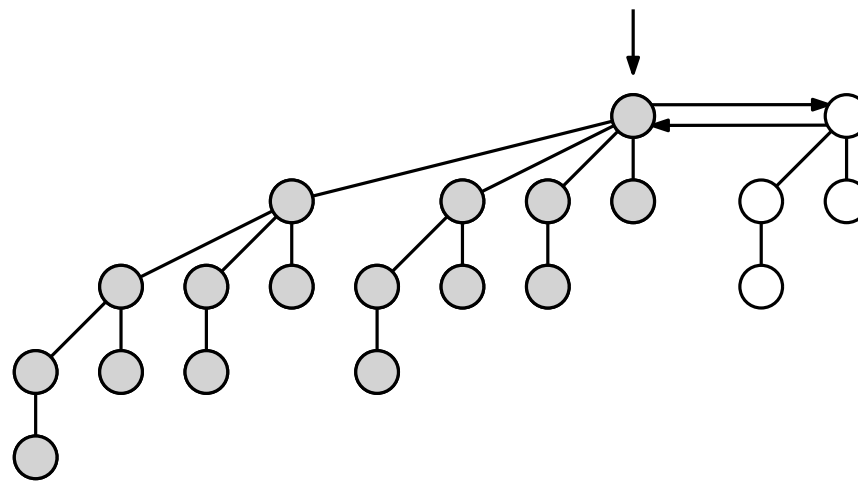
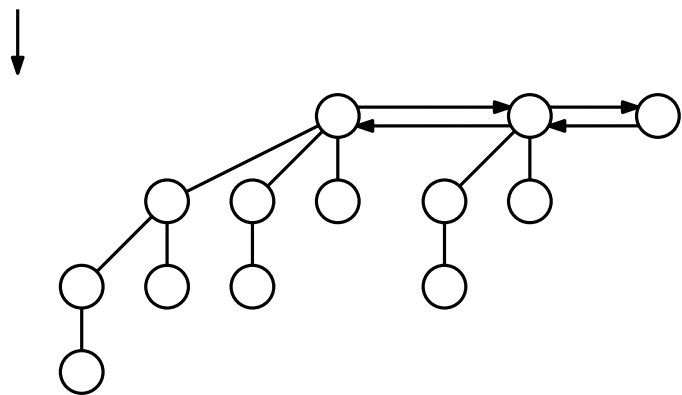
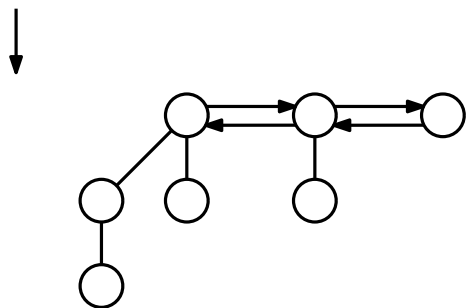
# UNION( $Q_1, Q_2$ )



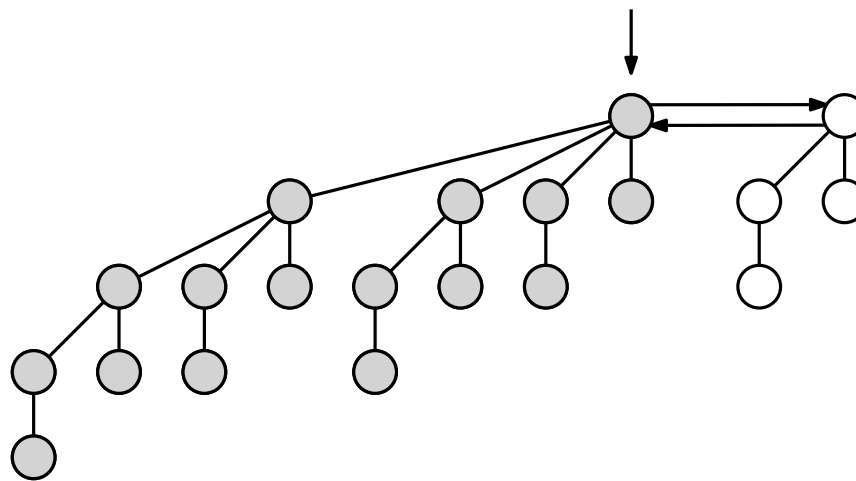
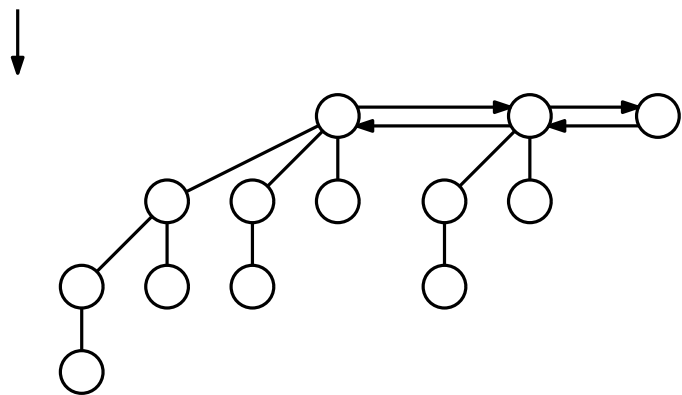
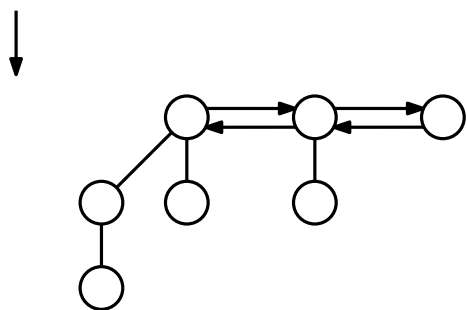
# UNION( $Q_1, Q_2$ )



# UNION( $Q_1, Q_2$ )

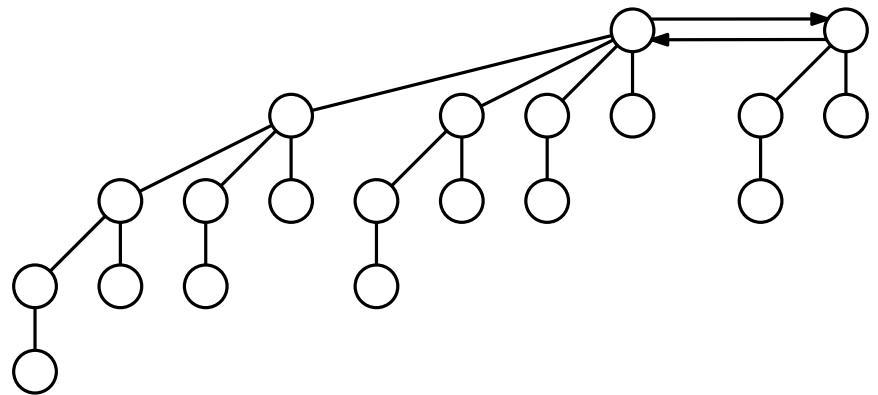
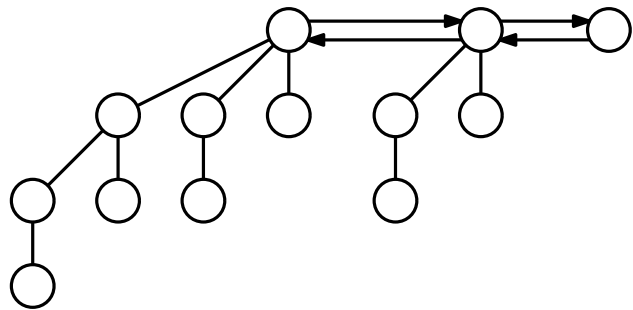
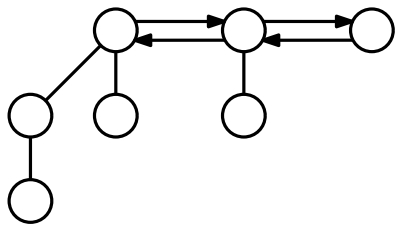


# UNION( $Q_1, Q_2$ )



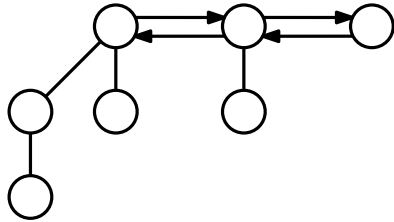
Runtime:  $O(\max k) = O(\log n)$

# UNION( $Q_1, Q_2$ )



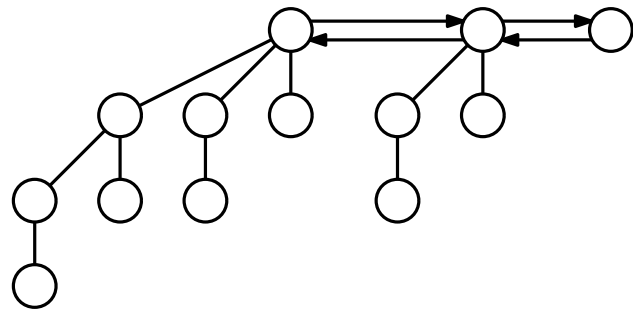
# UNION( $Q_1, Q_2$ )

$\langle 0111 \rangle$

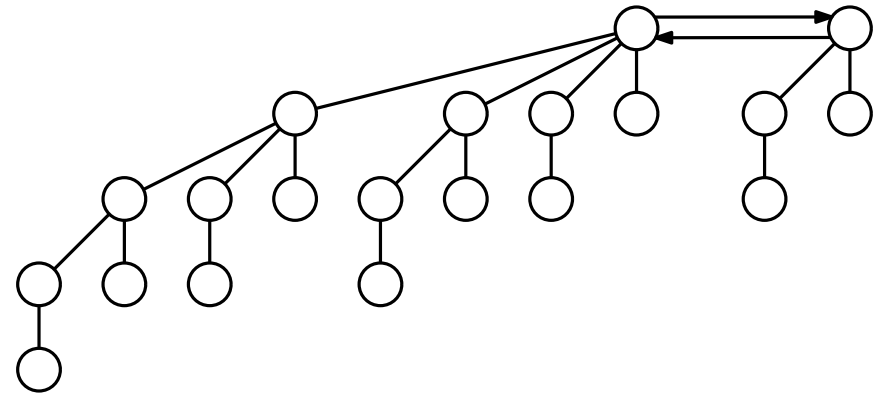


+

=



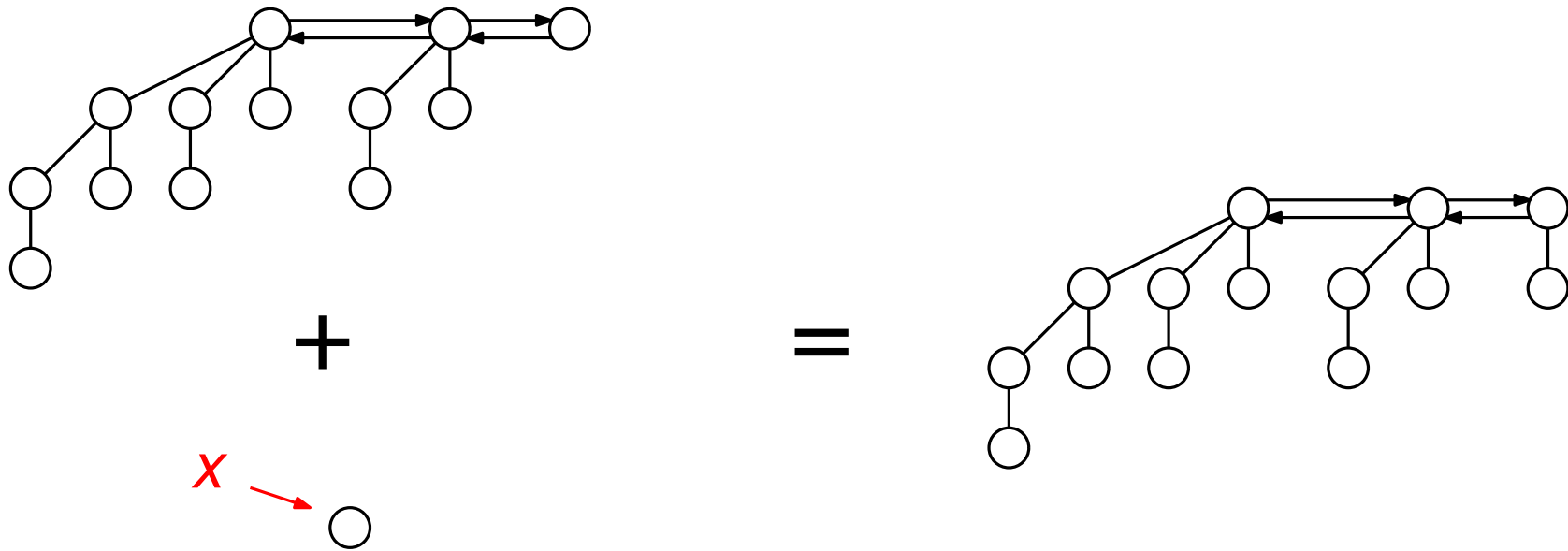
$\langle 1101 \rangle$



$\langle 10100 \rangle$

# INSERT( $Q, x$ )

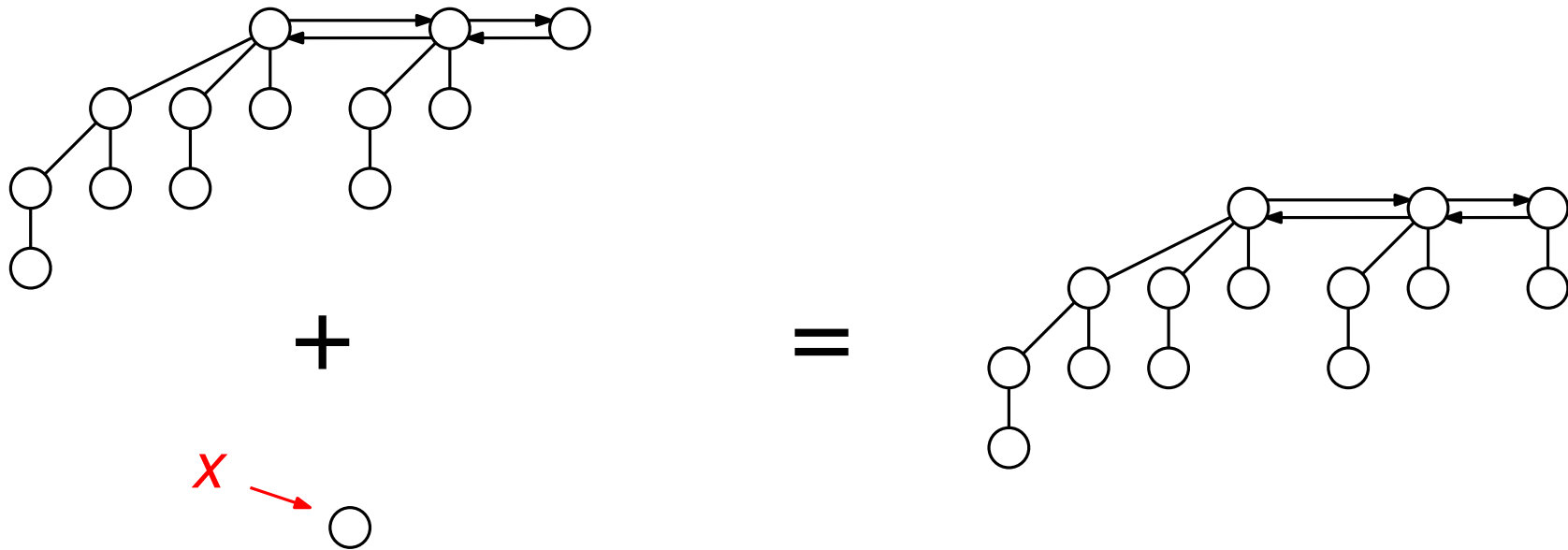
Reduces to Union





# INSERT( $Q, x$ )

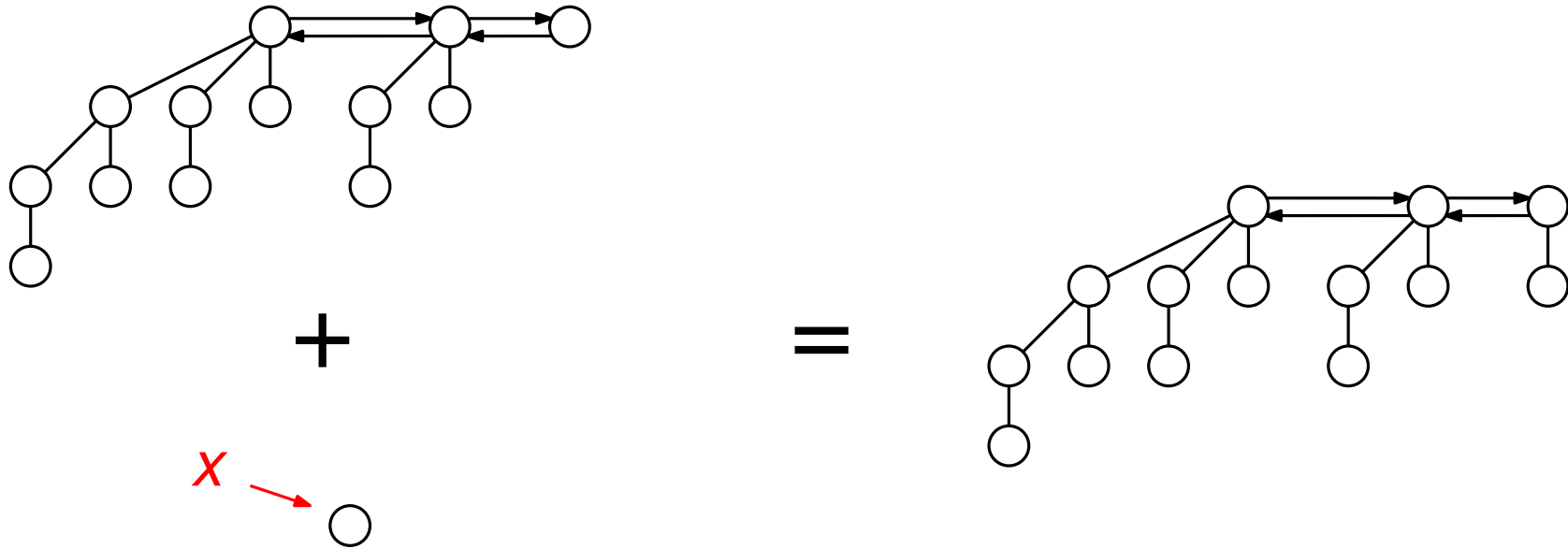
Reduces to Union



Runtime:  $O(\log n)$  worst-case

# INSERT( $Q, x$ )

Reduces to Union

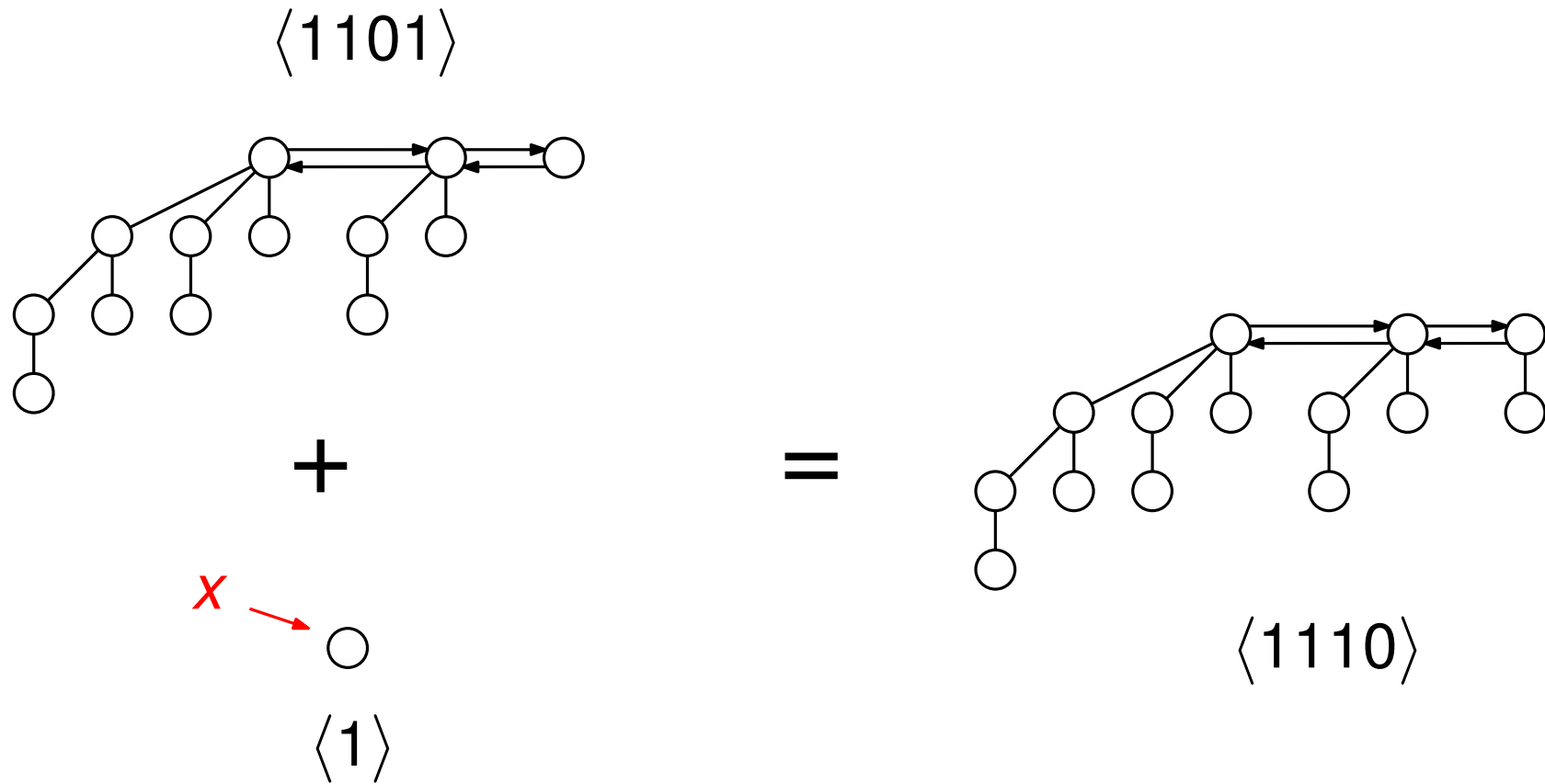


Runtime:  $O(\log n)$  worst-case

Tighter analysis?

# INSERT( $Q, x$ )

Equivalent to incrementing counter



Runtime:  $O(\log n)$  worst-case

Tighter analysis?

$O(1)$  amortized

# EXTRACT-MIN( $Q$ )

```
function EXTRACT-MIN( $Q$ )  
   $x$  = MINIMUM( $Q$ )  
   $Q'$  = MAKE()  
   $Q'.head$  =  $x.leftchild$   
  LINKEDLIST-EXTRACT( $x$ )  
  for each child  $y$  of  $x$  do  
     $y.parent$  = NIL  
   $Q$  = UNION( $Q$ ,  $Q'$ )  
  return  $x$ 
```

# EXTRACT-MIN( $Q$ )

**function** EXTRACT-MIN( $Q$ )

$x = \text{MINIMUM}(Q)$

$Q' = \text{MAKE}()$

$Q'.\text{head} = x.\text{leftchild}$

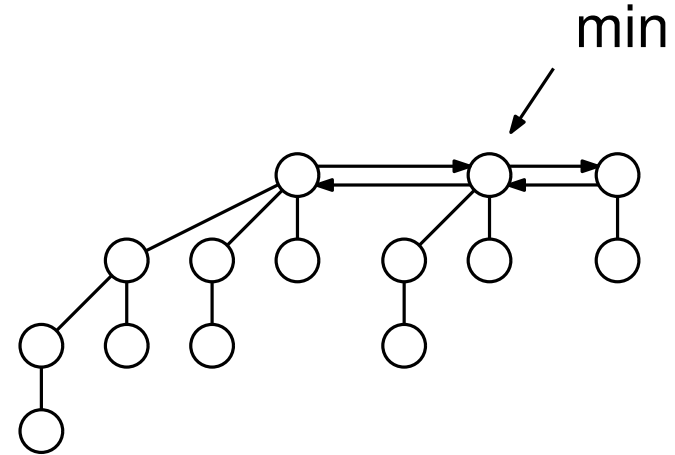
LINKEDLIST-EXTRACT( $x$ )

**for each** child  $y$  of  $x$  **do**

$y.\text{parent} = \text{NIL}$

$Q = \text{UNION}(Q, Q')$

**return**  $x$



# EXTRACT-MIN(Q)

**function** EXTRACT-MIN(Q)

$x = \text{MINIMUM}(Q)$

$Q' = \text{MAKE}()$

$Q'.head = x.leftchild$

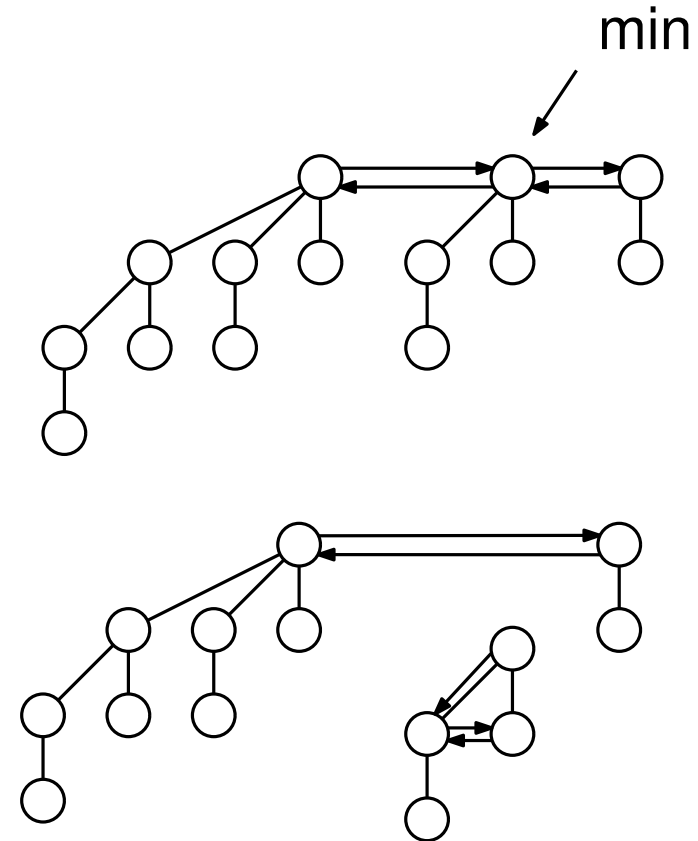
LINKEDLIST-EXTRACT(x)

**for each** child  $y$  of  $x$  **do**

$y.parent = \text{NIL}$

$Q = \text{UNION}(Q, Q')$

**return**  $x$



# EXTRACT-MIN(Q)

**function** EXTRACT-MIN(Q)

$x = \text{MINIMUM}(Q)$

$Q' = \text{MAKE}()$

$Q'.head = x.leftchild$

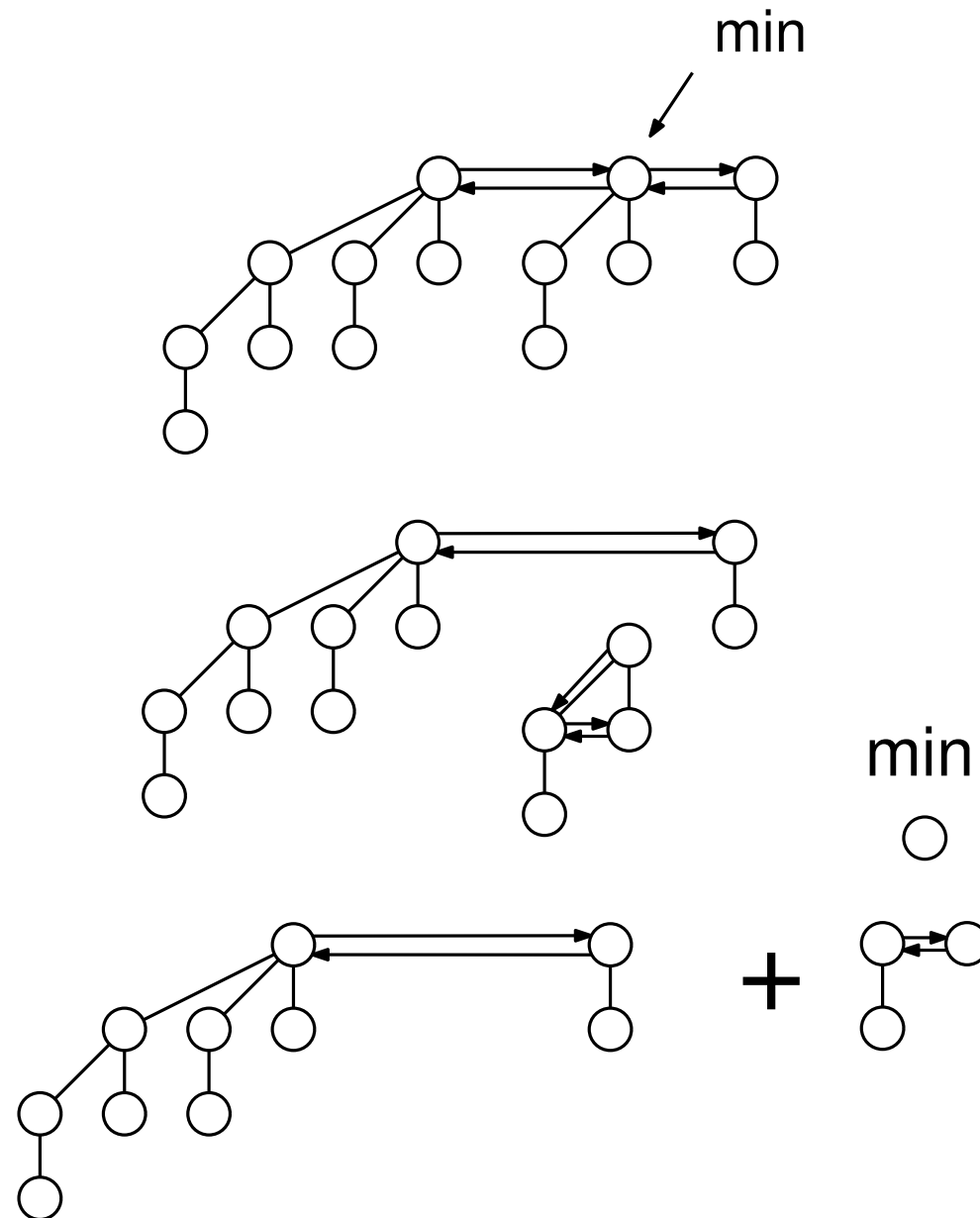
LINKEDLIST-EXTRACT(x)

**for each** child  $y$  of  $x$  **do**

$y.parent = \text{NIL}$

$Q = \text{UNION}(Q, Q')$

**return**  $x$



# EXTRACT-MIN(Q)

**function** EXTRACT-MIN(Q)

$x = \text{MINIMUM}(Q)$

$Q' = \text{MAKE}()$

$Q'.\text{head} = x.\text{leftchild}$

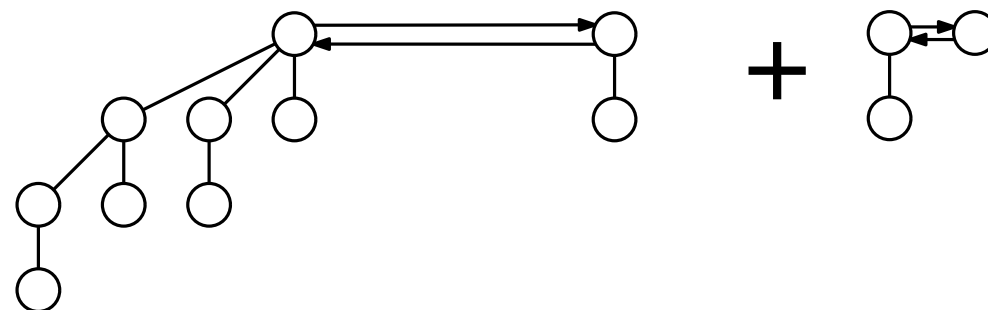
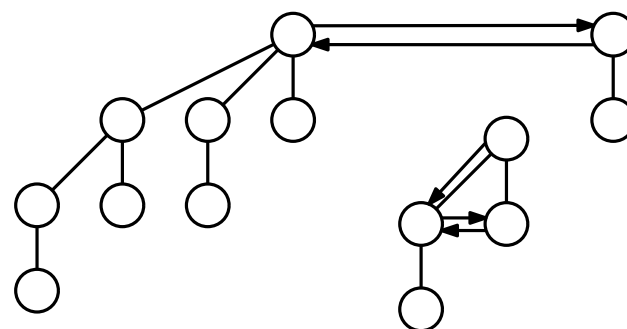
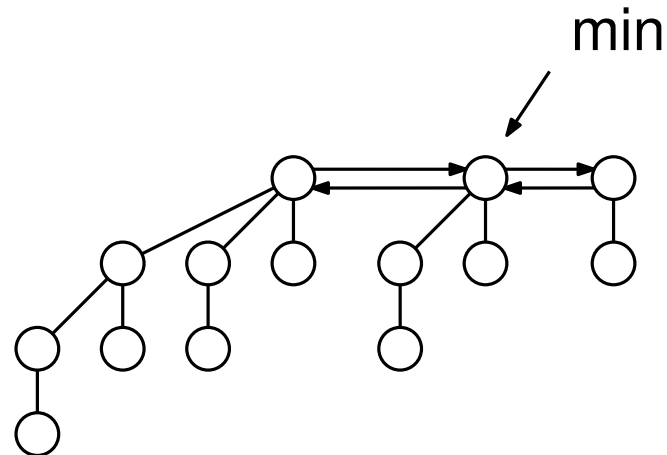
LINKEDLIST-EXTRACT(x)

**for each** child  $y$  of  $x$  **do**

$y.\text{parent} = \text{NIL}$

$Q = \text{UNION}(Q, Q')$

**return**  $x$



Analysis:  $O(\log n)$



# DELETE( $x$ )

**function** DELETE( $x$ )

    DECREASE-KEY( $Q, x, -\infty$ )

    EXTRACT-MIN( $Q$ )

Analysis:  $O(\log n)$

# Binomial Heap Summary

	Binary	Binomial
■ MAKE()	$O(1)$	$O(1)$
■ INSERT( $Q, x$ )	$O(\log n)$	$O(1)^*$
■ MINIMUM( $Q$ )	$O(1)$	$O(1)$
■ EXTRACT-MIN( $Q$ )	$O(\log n)$	$O(\log n)$
■ DECREASE-KEY( $Q, x, k$ )	$O(\log n)$	$O(\log n)$
■ DELETE( $Q, x$ )	$O(\log n)$	$O(\log n)$
■ UNION( $Q_1, Q_2$ )	$O(n)$	$O(\log n)$

\* Amortized cost

# Binomial Heap Summary

	Binary	Binomial	Lazy Binomial
■ MAKE()	$O(1)$	$O(1)$	$O(1)$
■ INSERT( $Q, x$ )	$O(\log n)$	$O(1)^*$	$O(1)$
■ MINIMUM( $Q$ )	$O(1)$	$O(1)$	$O(1)$
■ EXTRACT-MIN( $Q$ )	$O(\log n)$	$O(\log n)$	$O(\log n)^*$
■ DECREASE-KEY( $Q, x, k$ )	$O(\log n)$	$O(\log n)$	$O(\log n)$
■ DELETE( $Q, x$ )	$O(\log n)$	$O(\log n)$	$O(\log n)^*$
■ UNION( $Q_1, Q_2$ )	$O(n)$	$O(\log n)$	$O(1)$

\* Amortized cost

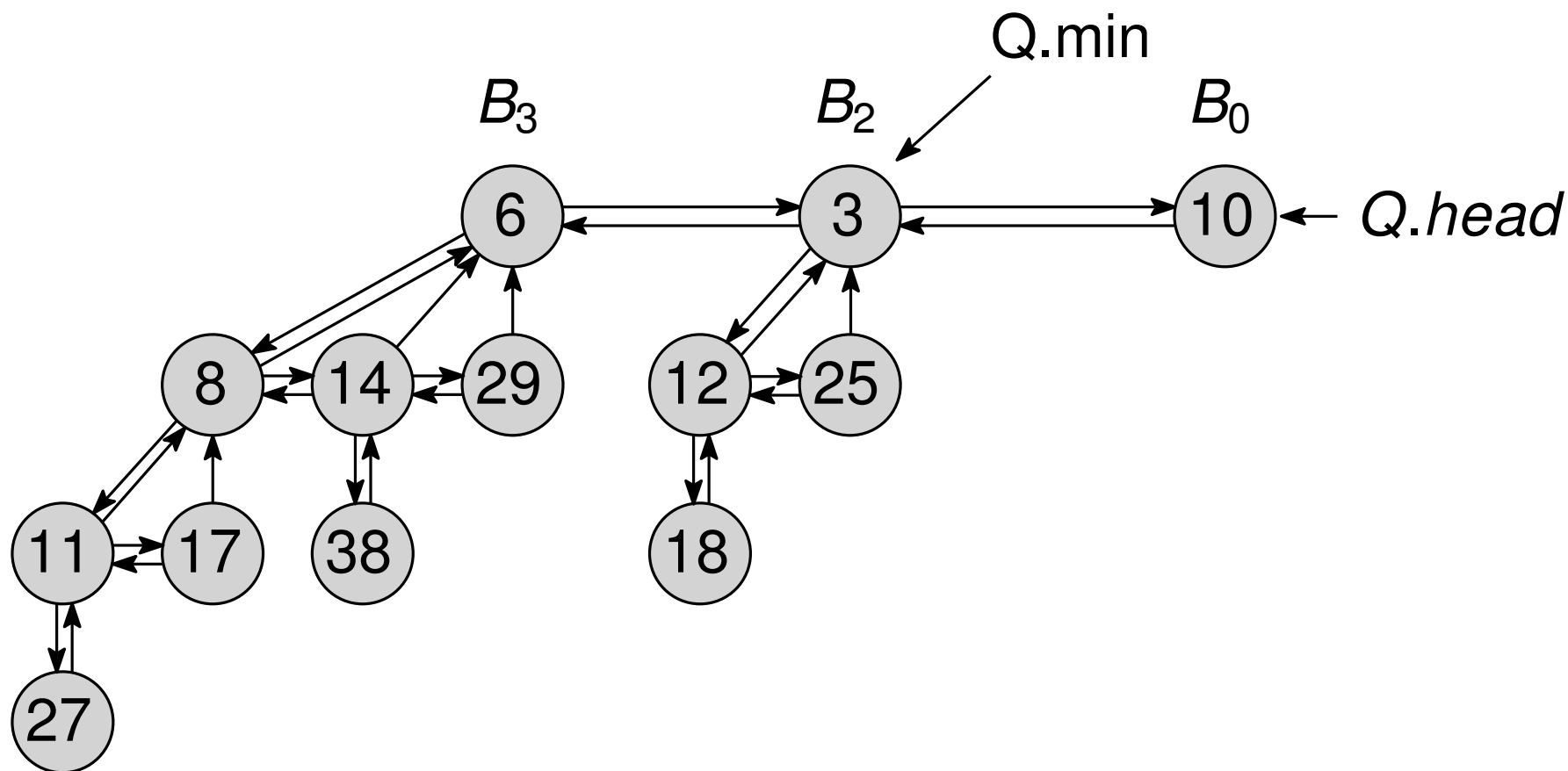
# Lazy Binomial Heaps (Homework)

- Don't consolidate trees during UNION
- Consolidate during EXTRACT-MIN( $Q$ )

# Binomial Heaps

Collection of heap-ordered binomial trees:

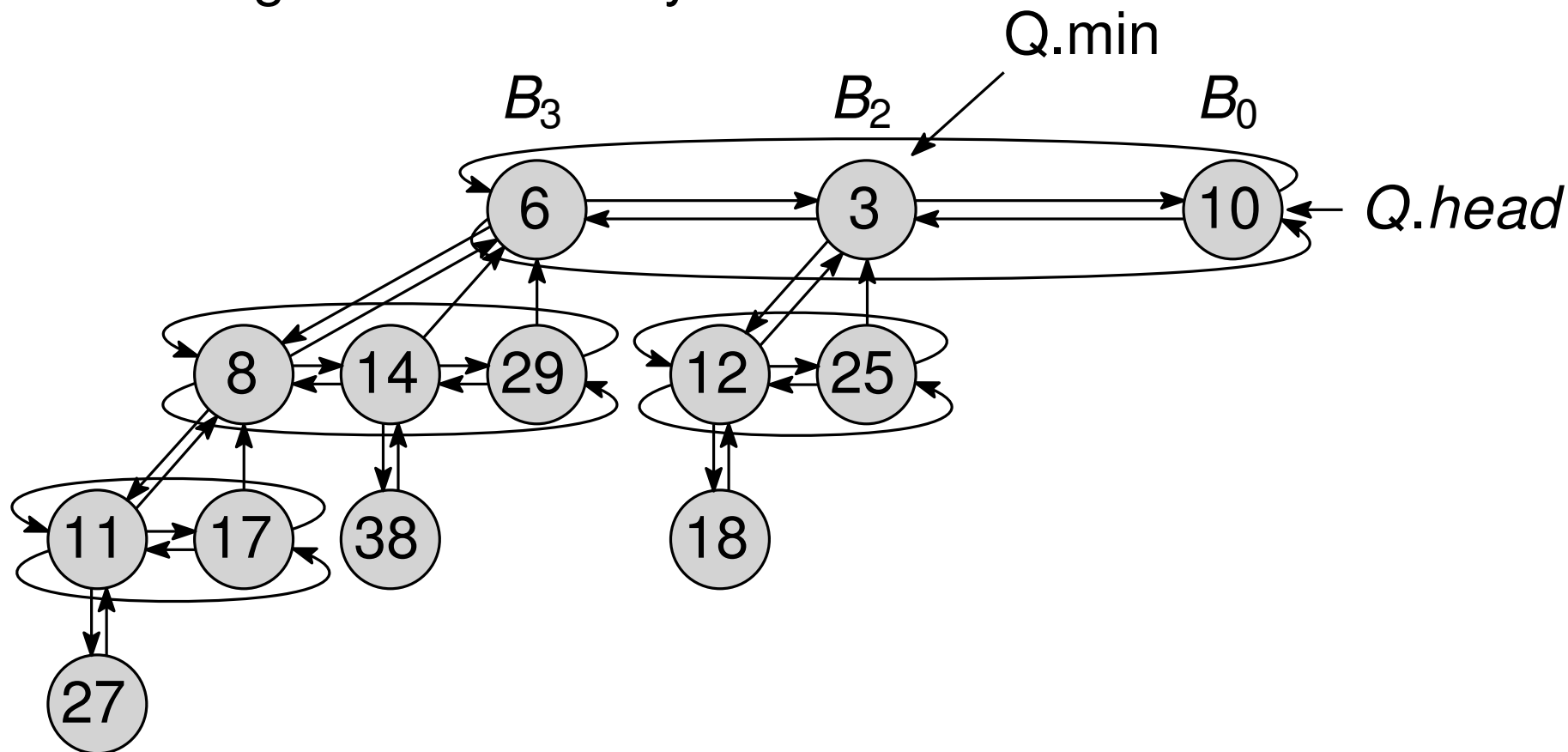
- Each tree is heap-ordered
- At most **one** tree  $B_k$ , for  $k = 0, 1, 2, \dots, \lfloor \log n \rfloor$



# Lazy Binomial Heaps

Collection of heap-ordered binomial trees:

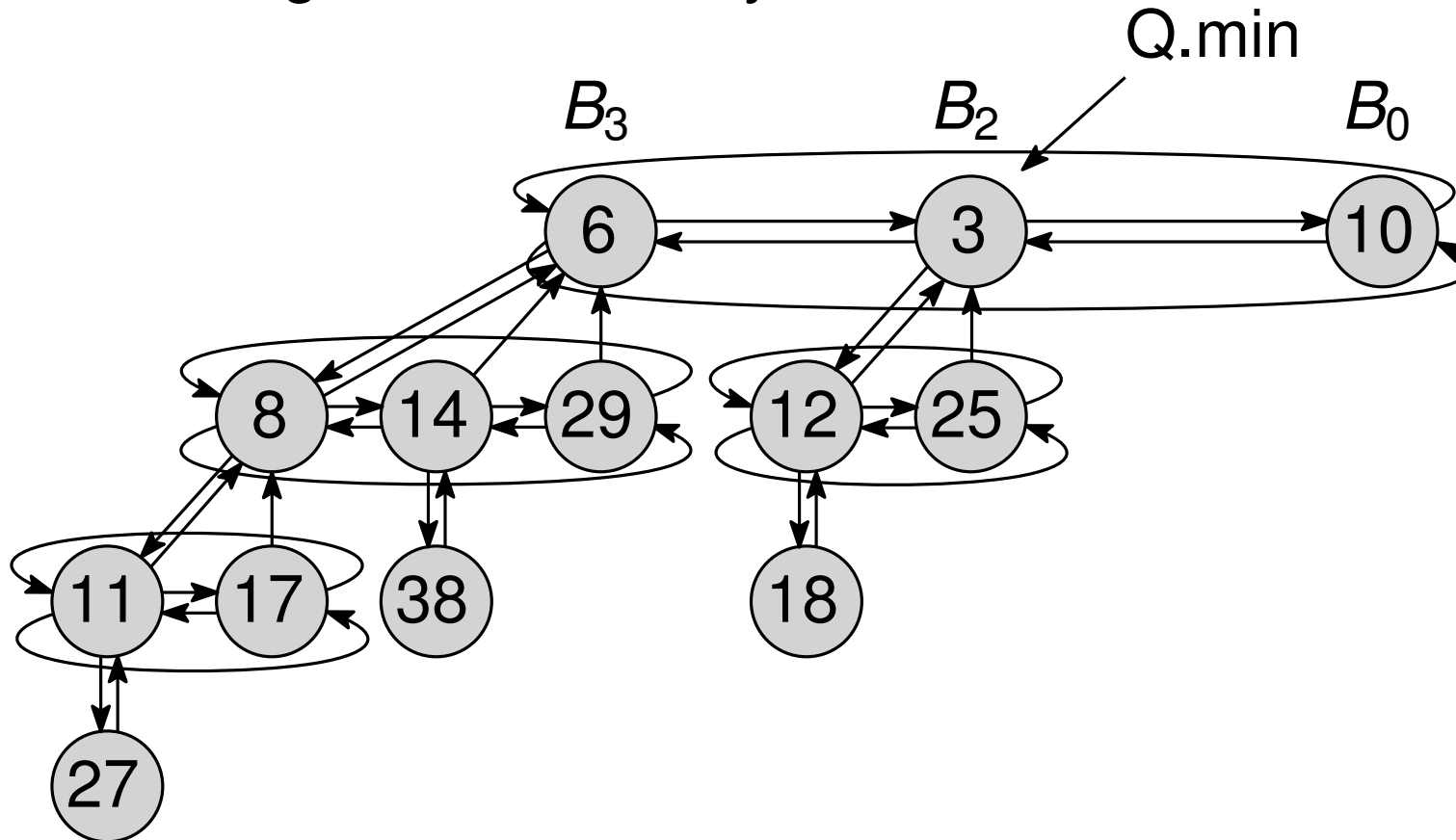
- Each tree is heap-ordered
- *Arbitrary* number of trees in the root list
- Sibling lists are doubly-linked *circular* lists



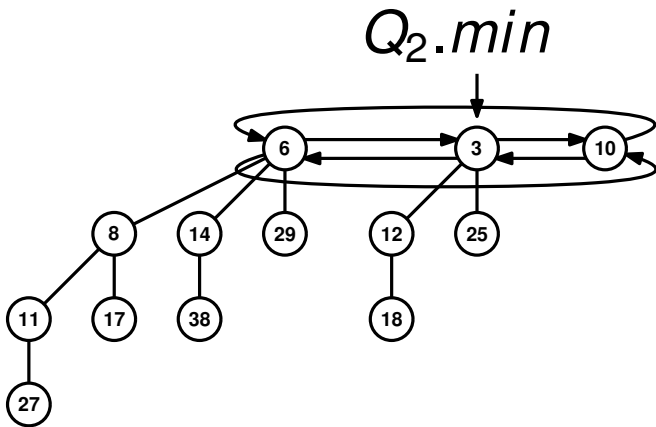
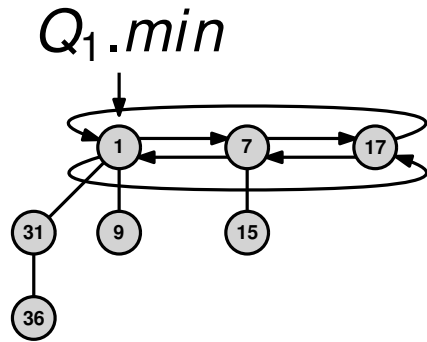
# Lazy Binomial Heaps

Collection of heap-ordered binomial trees:

- Each tree is heap-ordered
- *Arbitrary* number of trees in the root list
- Sibling lists are doubly-linked *circular* lists

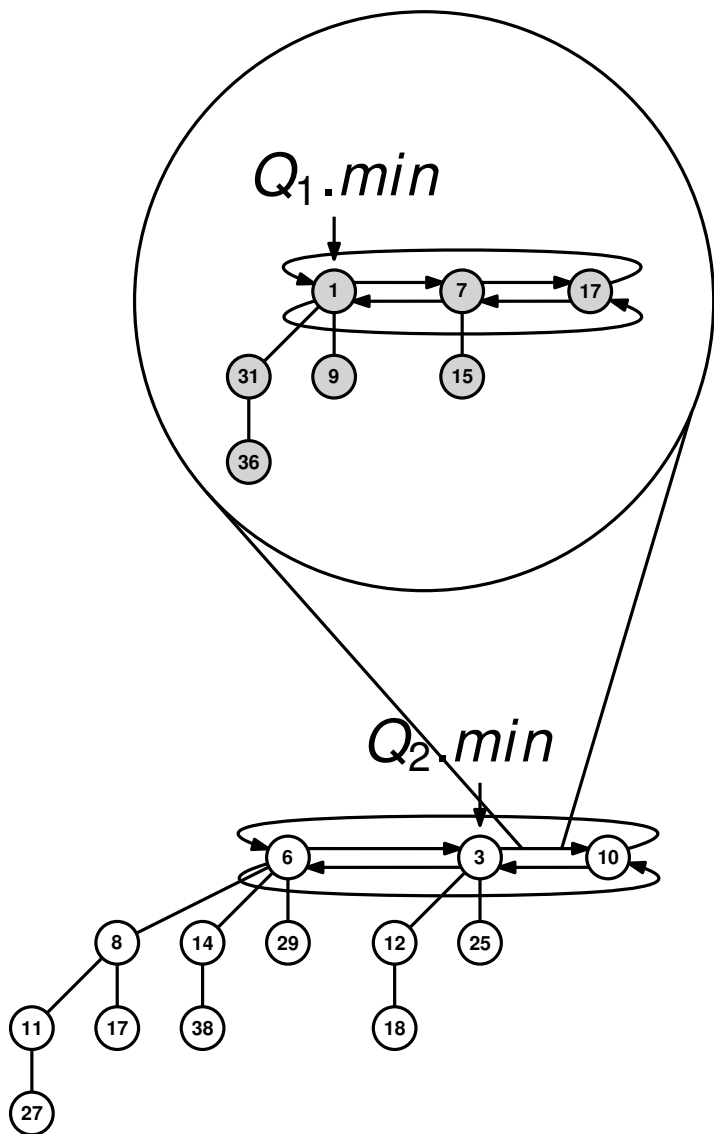


# Lazy UNION( $Q_1, Q_2$ )

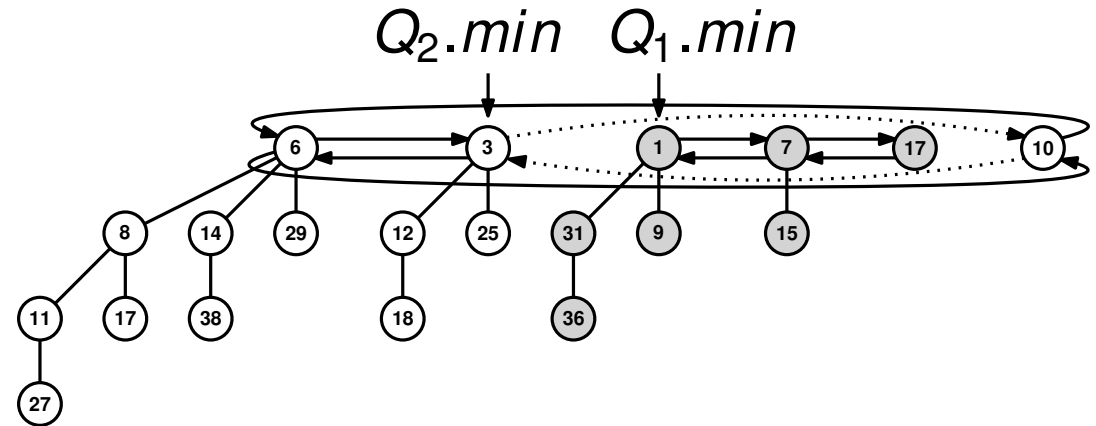
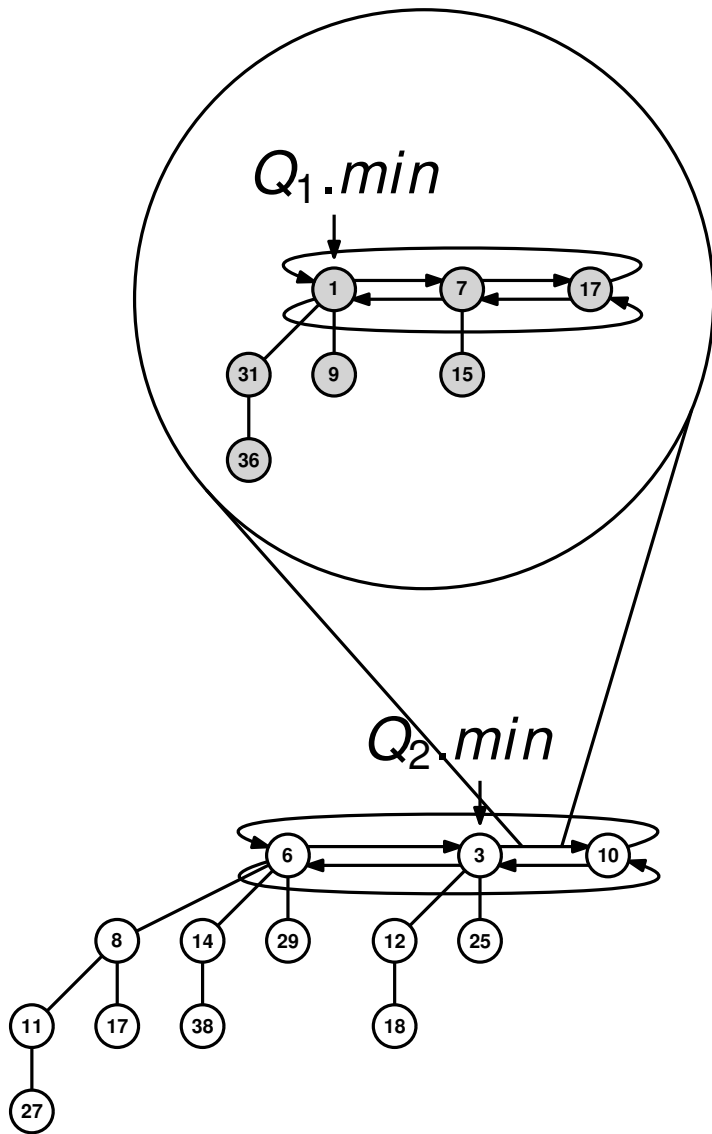




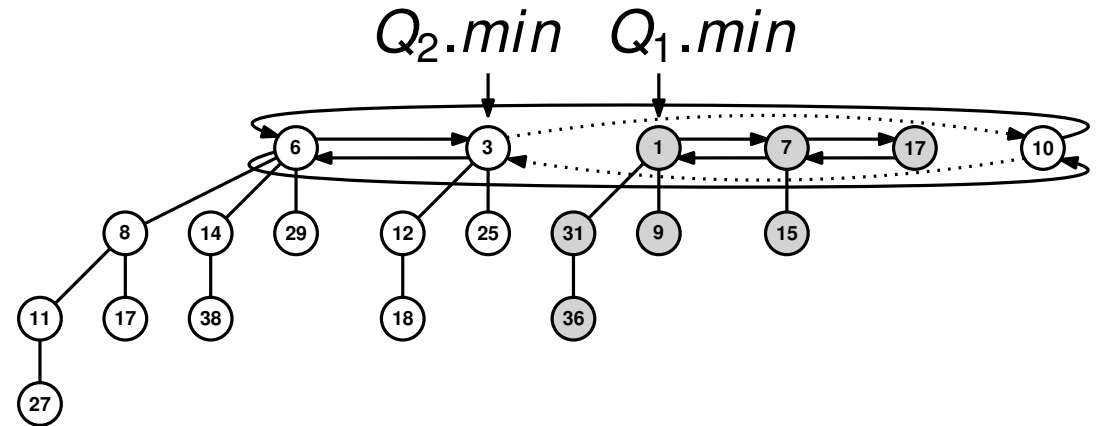
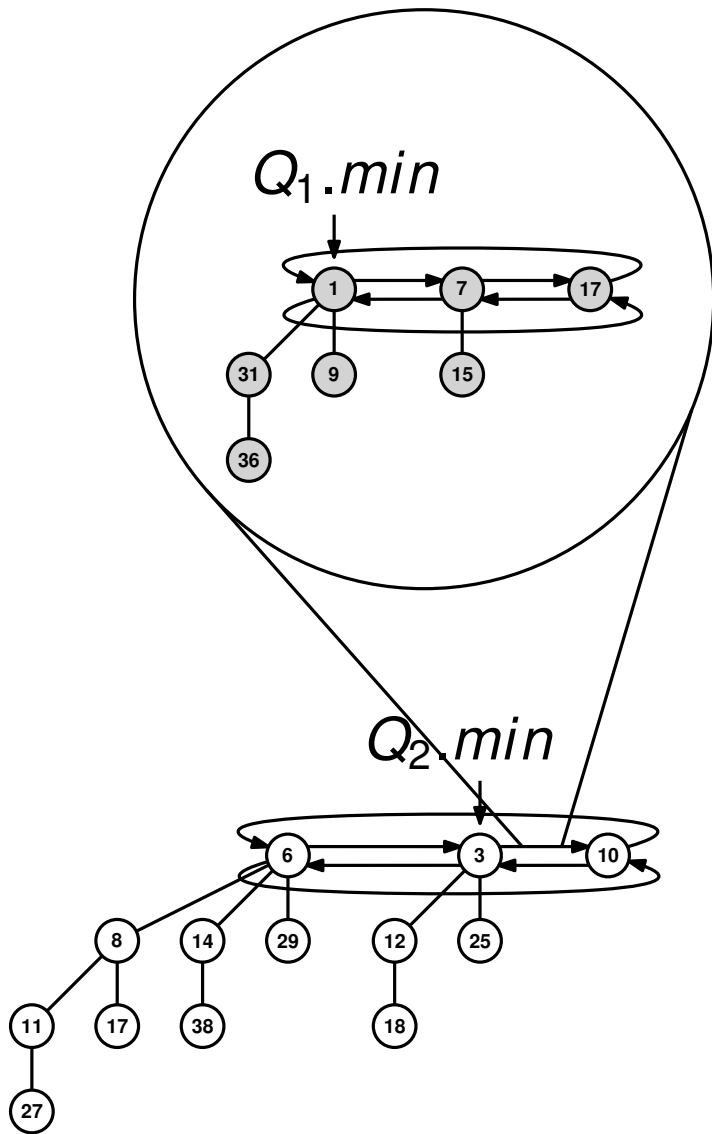
# Lazy UNION( $Q_1, Q_2$ )



# Lazy UNION( $Q_1, Q_2$ )



# Lazy UNION( $Q_1, Q_2$ )



**function** UNION( $Q_1, Q_2$ )

$L_1 \leftarrow Q_1.min.left$

$R_2 \leftarrow Q_2.min.right$

$L_1.right \leftarrow R_2$

$R_2.left \leftarrow L_1$

$Q_2.min.right \leftarrow Q_1.min$

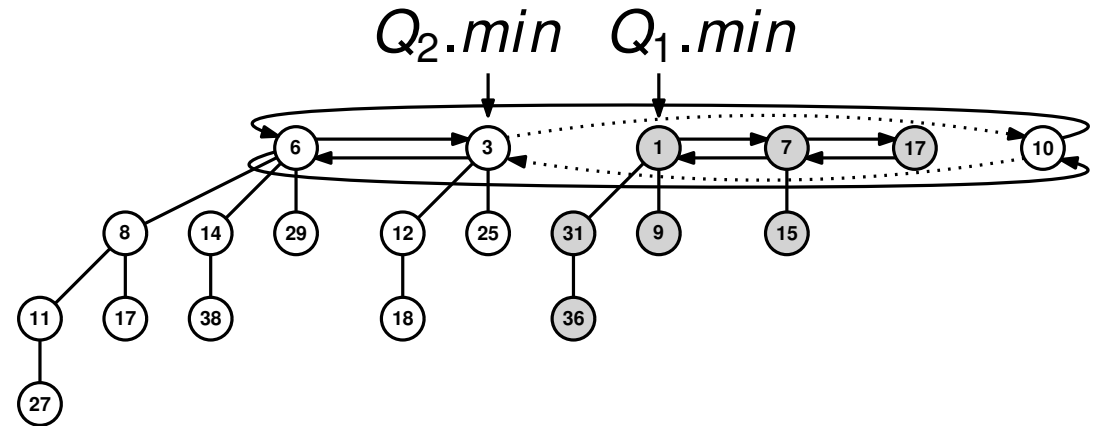
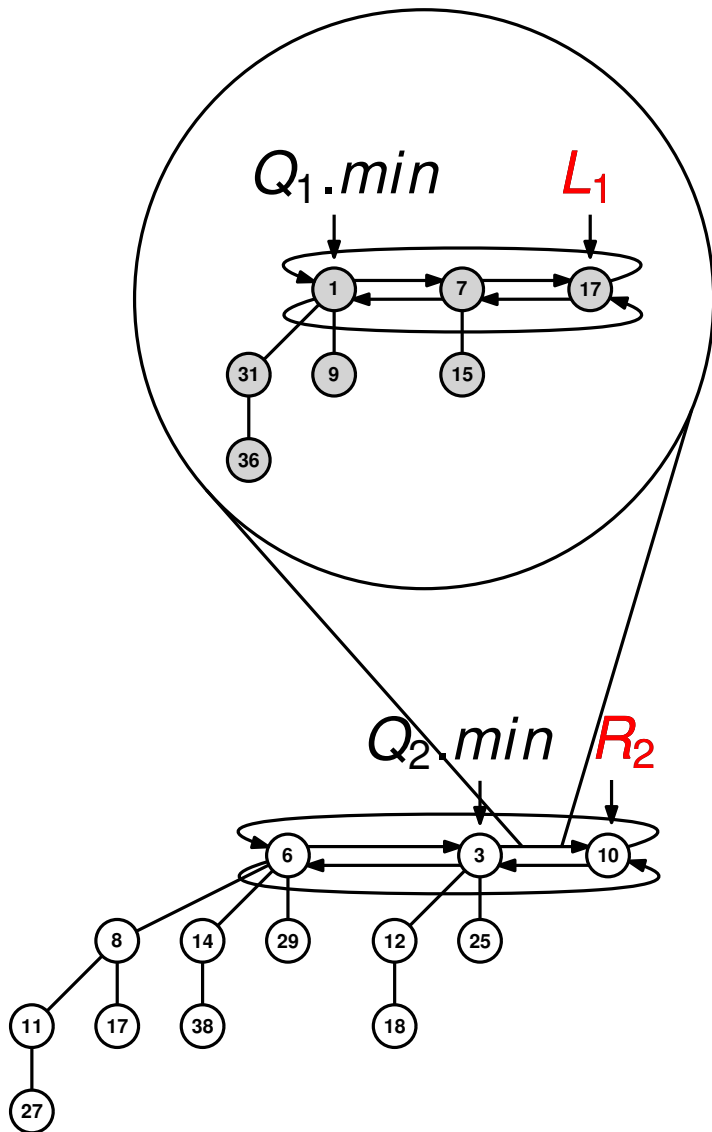
$Q_1.min.left \leftarrow Q_2.min$

**if**  $Q_1.min.key < Q_2.min.key$  **then**

$Q_2.min \leftarrow Q_1.min$

**return**  $Q_2$

# Lazy UNION( $Q_1, Q_2$ )



**function** UNION( $Q_1, Q_2$ )

→  $L_1 \leftarrow Q_1.min.left$

→  $R_2 \leftarrow Q_2.min.right$

$L_1.right \leftarrow R_2$

$R_2.left \leftarrow L_1$

$Q_2.min.right \leftarrow Q_1.min$

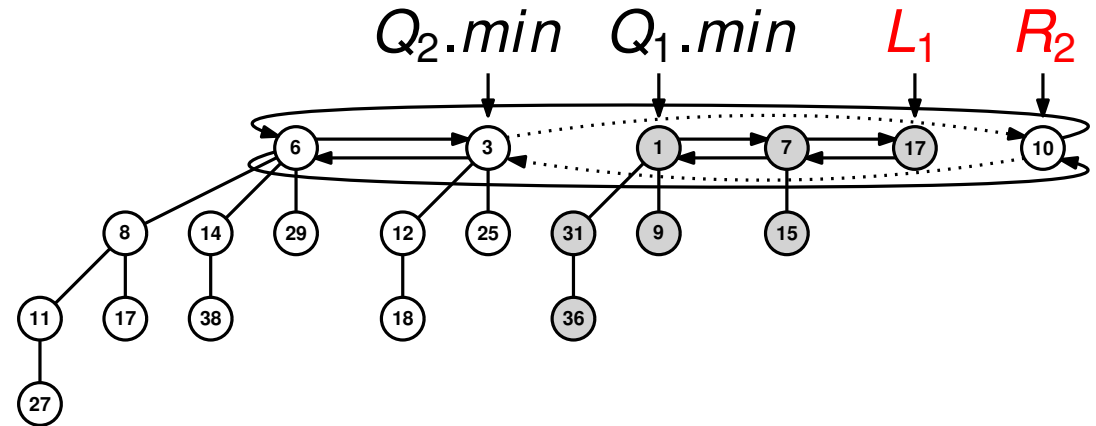
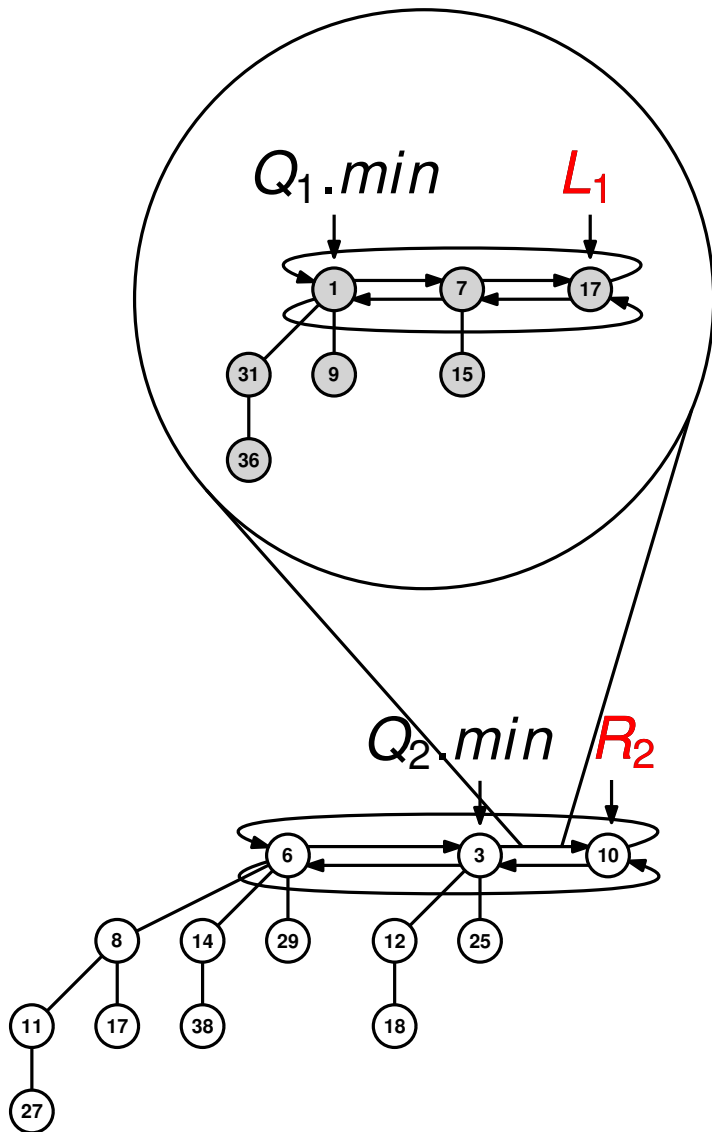
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$L_1.right \leftarrow R_2$

$R_2.left \leftarrow L_1$

$Q_2.min.right \leftarrow Q_1.min$

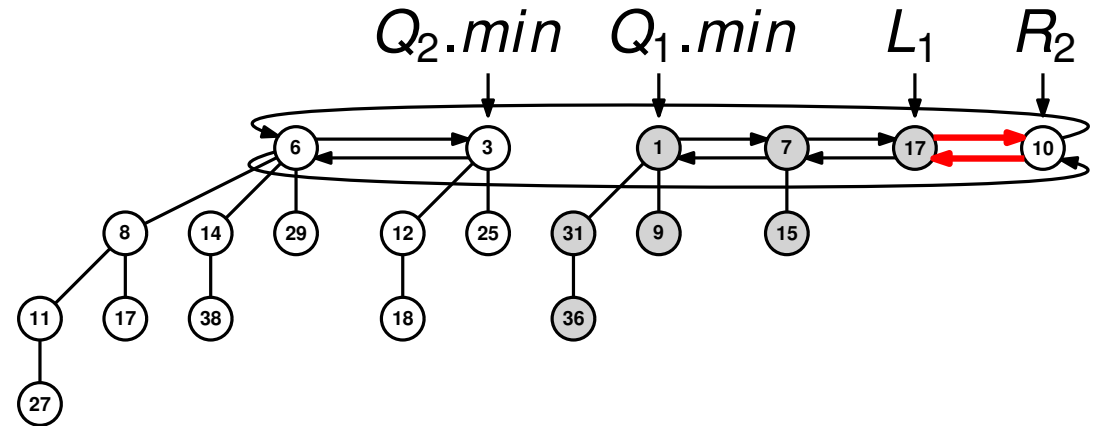
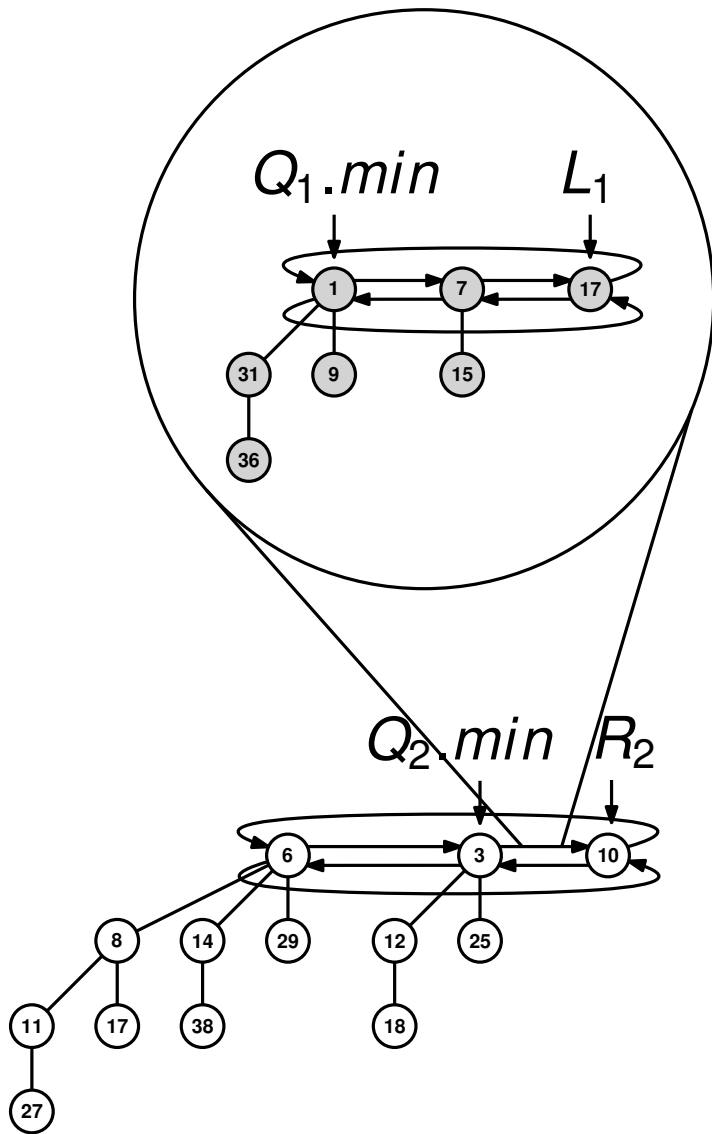
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**if**  $Q_1.min.key < Q_2.min.key$  **then**

$Q_2.min \leftarrow Q_1.min$

**return**  $Q_2$

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**function** UNION( $Q_1, Q_2$ )

$L_1 \leftarrow Q_1.min.left$

$R_2 \leftarrow Q_2.min.right$

$\rightarrow L_1.right \leftarrow R_2$

$\rightarrow R_2.left \leftarrow L_1$

$Q_2.min.right \leftarrow Q_1.min$

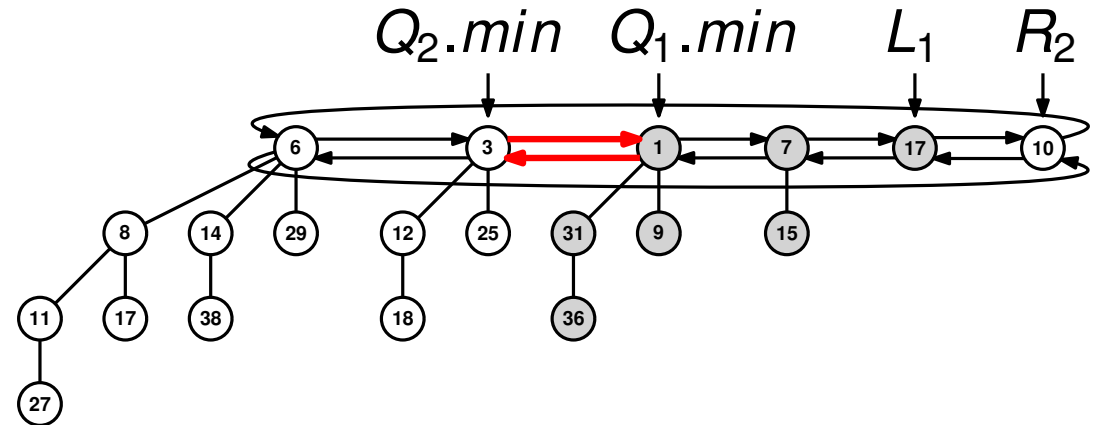
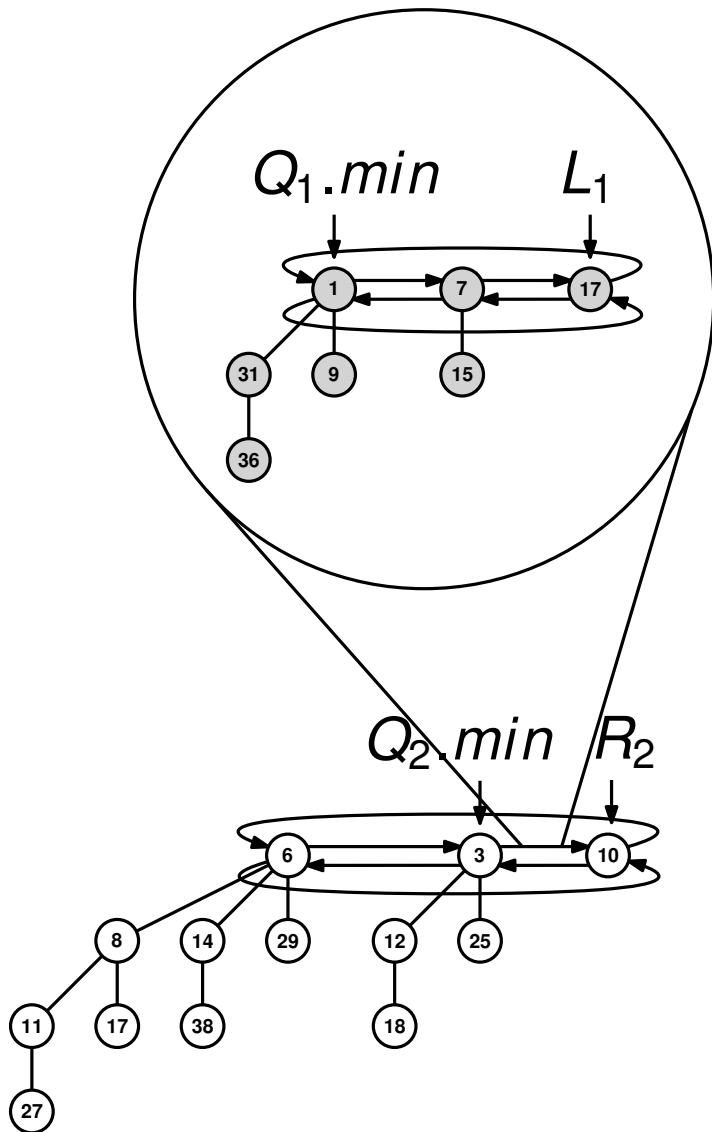
$Q_1.min.left \leftarrow Q_2.min$

**if**  $Q_1.min.key < Q_2.min.key$  **then**

$Q_2.min \leftarrow Q_1.min$

**return**  $Q_2$

# Lazy UNION( $Q_1, Q_2$ )



**function** UNION( $Q_1, Q_2$ )

$L_1 \leftarrow Q_1.min.left$

$R_2 \leftarrow Q_2.min.right$

$L_1.right \leftarrow R_2$

$R_2.left \leftarrow L_1$

$\rightarrow Q_2.min.right \leftarrow Q_1.min$

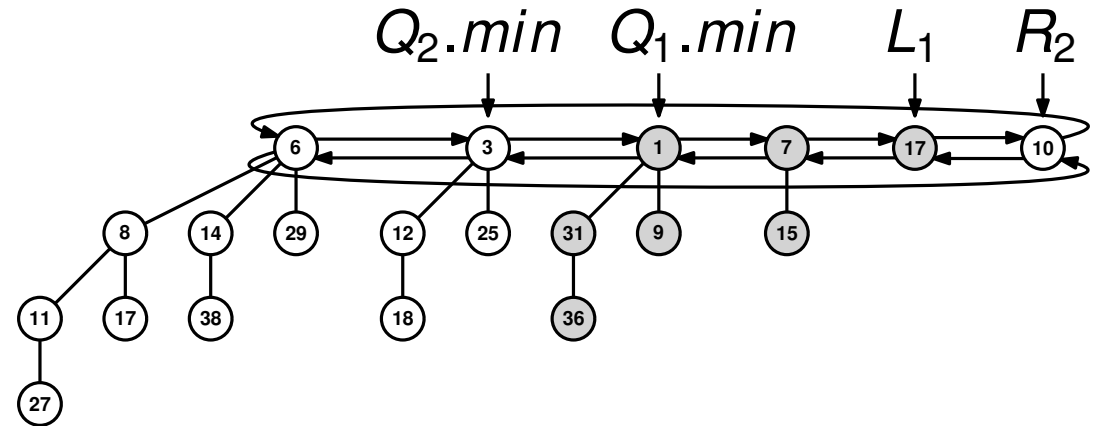
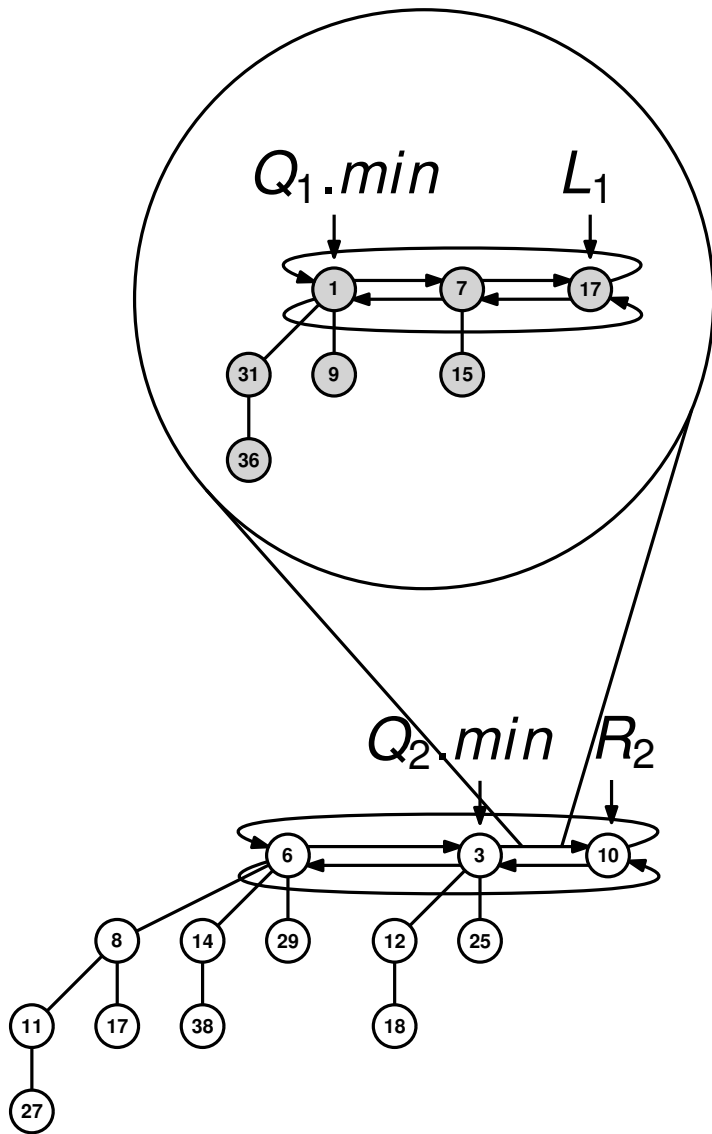
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$L_1 \leftarrow Q_1.min.left$

$R_2 \leftarrow Q_2.min.right$

$L_1.right \leftarrow R_2$

$R_2.left \leftarrow L_1$

$Q_2.min.right \leftarrow Q_1.min$

$Q_1.min.left \leftarrow Q_2.min$

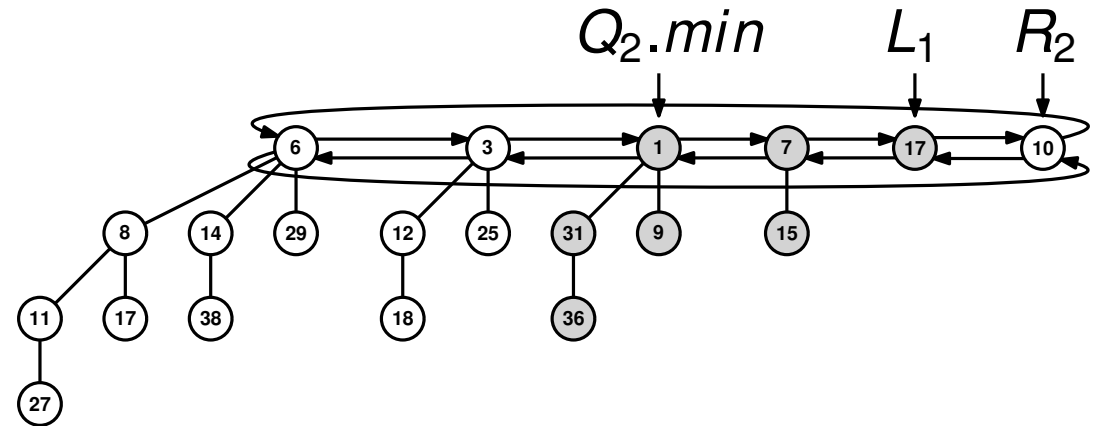
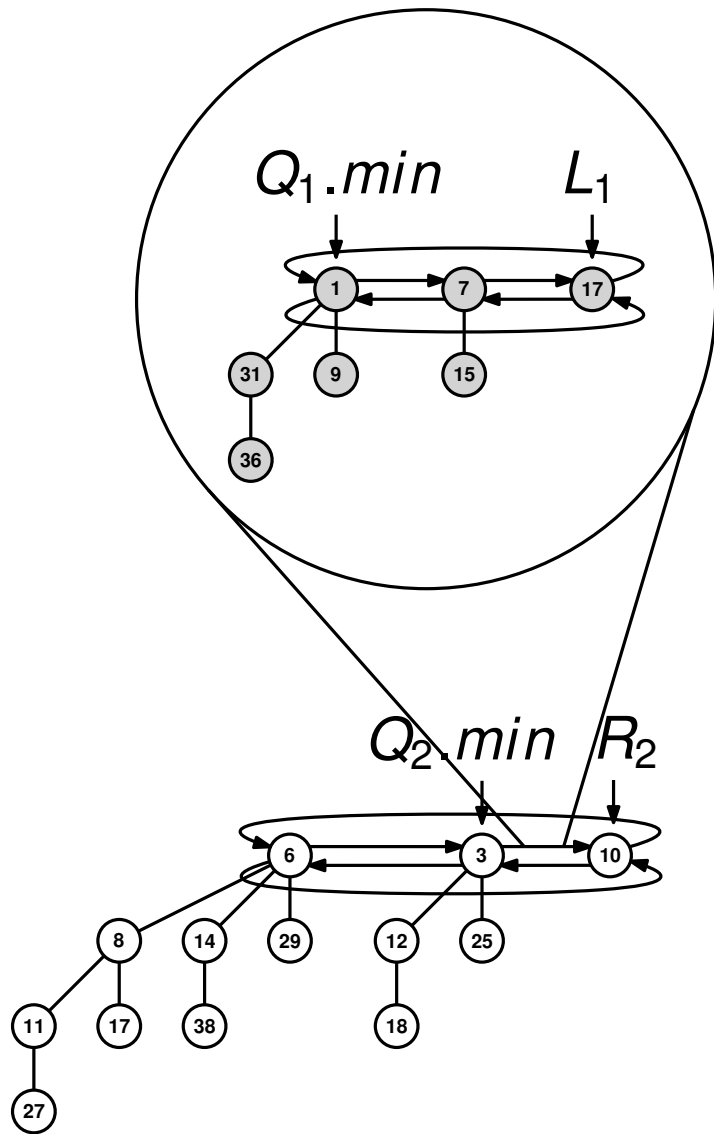
**→ if**  $Q_1.min.key < Q_2.min.key$  **then**

**→**  $Q_2.min \leftarrow Q_1.min$

**return**  $Q_2$



# Lazy UNION( $Q_1, Q_2$ )



**function** UNION( $Q_1, Q_2$ )

$L_1 \leftarrow Q_1.min.left$

$R_2 \leftarrow Q_2.min.right$

$L_1.right \leftarrow R_2$

$R_2.left \leftarrow L_1$

$Q_2.min.right \leftarrow Q_1.min$

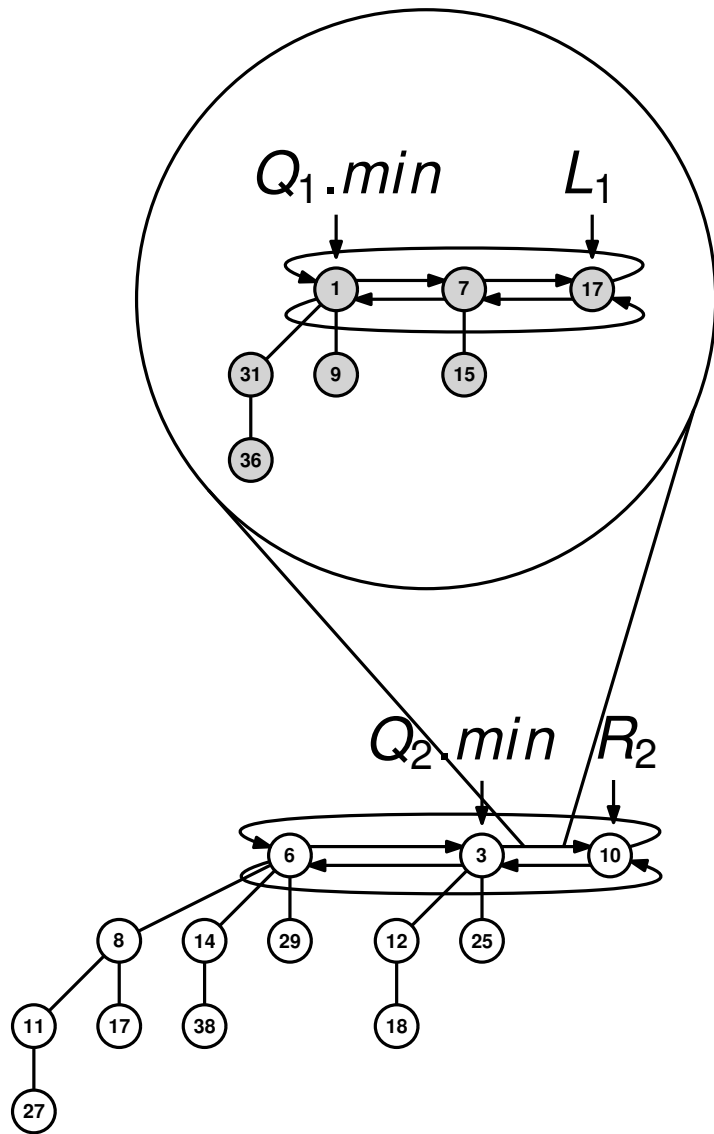
$Q_1.min.left \leftarrow Q_2.min$

**→ if**  $Q_1.min.key < Q_2.min.key$  **then**

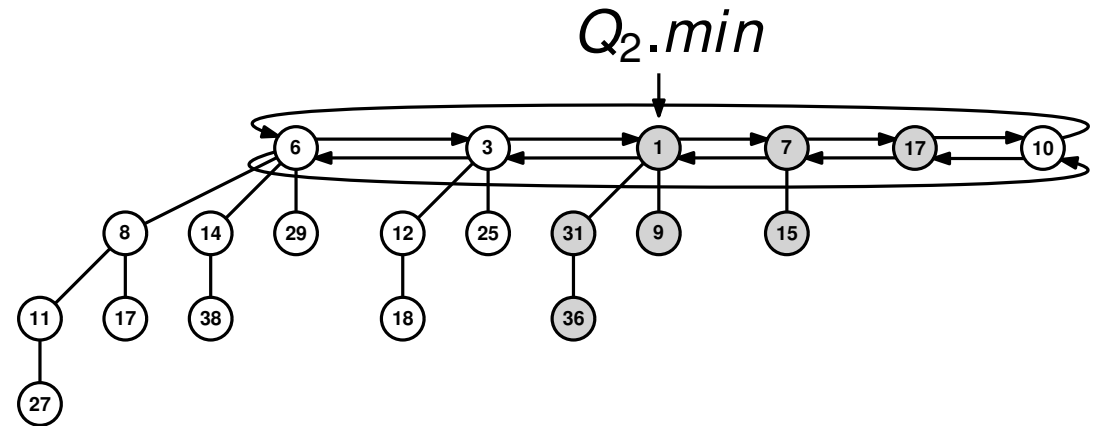
**→**  $Q_2.min \leftarrow Q_1.min$

**return**  $Q_2$

# Lazy UNION( $Q_1, Q_2$ )



$O(1)$  time worst-case



**function** UNION( $Q_1, Q_2$ )

$L_1 \leftarrow Q_1.min.left$

$R_2 \leftarrow Q_2.min.right$

$L_1.right \leftarrow R_2$

$R_2.left \leftarrow L_1$

$Q_2.min.right \leftarrow Q_1.min$

$Q_1.min.left \leftarrow Q_2.min$

**if**  $Q_1.min.key < Q_2.min.key$  **then**

$Q_2.min \leftarrow Q_1.min$

**return**  $Q_2$

# Extract-Min

# Extract-Min

## In the homework